

Loft II

typis 15th  
floor

D  
D  
Zap & rewrite

E  
anal. how  
metas are  
in Projects

## The Use of an Interactive Video Computer in the Classroom

### Part 1. McIDAS Case Study Videotapes

Carlyle H. Wash  
Department of Meteorology  
Space Science and Engineering Center

Delain A. Edman  
Space Science and Engineering Center

John Zapotocny  
Department of Meteorology

University of Wisconsin  
Madison, WI 53706

Case study - 7 times - 3 analyzed

SFC - Zap did }  
Upper air - Ferwerda } App N  
Tropical -  
Radar -

Videocassette needs improvement

WORKING

COPY

Table Content

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1) INTRO
- 2) McITRS VIDEOTAPES
- 3) OTHER McITRS SUPPORT

### APPENDIX A

SFC maps

Isobaric charts

Isentropic charts

### APPENDIX B

#### VIDEOTAPE EVALUATION

### APPENDIX C

#### DERIVED FIELDS

### APPENDIX D

Discussion & Assessment of McITRS DERIVED  
FIELDS

### APPENDIX E

INDIVIDUAL STUDENT PROJECTS USING McITRS

## 1. Introduction

Within a Synoptic Laboratory course it is often difficult to gather, display and interrelate satellite and radar data with conventional meteorological analyses used in case study exercises. This paper describes a set of case study videotapes and maps which combine high quality satellite imagery with conventional surface and upper air information in describing an interesting case of cyclogenesis and severe weather. Using <sup>the</sup> Man-computer Interactive Computer System (McIDAS) at Space Science and Engineering Center, videotapes of meteorological analyses with GOES satellite data have been prepared to complement student investigation of this case. In addition, McIDAS computer products such as GRIDDED fields of derived parameters, isentropic cross sections and surfaces were incorporated into the case study. The cyclone studied is a case of dramatic cyclogenesis and strong squall line development over the Midwest during 12-13 May 1978. The purpose of this paper is to describe and document the videotape presentations <sup>of</sup> on this case, detail the role of McIDAS in additional support of the study and assess the impact of the videotape and computer products in the classroom.

## 2. McIDAS Videotapes

Three videotapes were prepared to support the case study investigation.

Introductory Tape. The first tape was an introduction consisting of hourly GOES visual and infrared imagery sequences of a crucial 16 hours of the cyclogenesis period. The tape was shown on the distribution day of the case study map set with the purpose of illustrating to the students weather events which their analyzed maps would describe. The cloud and weather patterns

evolve in dramatic fashion on 12-13 May as shown on Figure 1. At 1200 GMT (Figure 1A) the weather activity with the incipient low consisted of a modest area of showers and thundershowers over the Northern Plains while an active frontal system was moving through the eastern states. During the day the convective activity expanded rapidly under the influence of an amplifying upper level trough and associated strong upper level jet streak. By 2200 GMT GOES visual data (Figure 1B) shows a developing comma cloud area associated with the developing cyclone in Iowa. An intense rain shield with embedded convection is present north of the low while strong thunderstorms are developing along the cold front to the south. The satellite data at the end of the image loop (Figure 1C), 0400 GMT 13 May, shows the cyclone nearing maturity with a classic comma pattern.

Case Study Analyses. The following map set was prepared for student analyses of this case:

**Surface Maps:**

1200 GMT 12 May

1800 GMT 12 May

0000 GMT 13 May

0600 GMT 13 May

1200 GMT 13 May

**Upper Air Maps:**

850, 700, 500, 300 mb and 300 K, 310 K, 320 K surfaces and  
cross-sections for

1200 GMT 12 May

0000 GMT 13 May

1200 GMT 13 May

Radar Maps:

1435-2335 GMT 12 May

Appendix A includes analyzed and master copies of these charts.

Two longer videotapes were prepared for the class discussion of the case after map analyses were completed. The goal of the videotapes was to combine satellite and radar views of rapid cyclogenesis and squall line development with standard surface and upper air analyses.

Using McIDAS, a variety of conventional analyses were mapped into the satellite projection so that the student can directly interrelate weather features with the basic meteorological fields which he (she) is analyzing in the course. One tape focuses primarily on features associated with cyclogenesis while the second studies the squall line and severe weather development associated with the cyclone.

An outline of each videotape follows with key aspects of each scene noted.

Videotape 1

Title: Satellite and Conventional Analysis of Midwest Cyclogenesis of May 12-13, 1978.

Objective: To interrelate satellite images and loops with upper and lower tropospheric observations of cyclogenesis using McIDAS.

I. Satellite Sequence

A. GOES 16 hour IR loop of Midwest

II. Surface and Satellite Analyses

- B. Surface Temperature Analyses
- C. Surface Streamlines
- D. Surface Temperature Banding
- E. Surface Weather

III. Upper Tropospheric Feature with Satellite Imagery

- A. 500 mb Geopotential Height
- B. 500 mb Temperature and Height
- C. 500 mb Vorticity with Streamlines
- D. 500 mb Isotachs with Streamlines
- E. 300 mb Isotachs with Streamlines

IV. Combination of Surface and Upper Air Features with Satellite Images

- A. Surface and 500 mb Streamlines
- B. Surface Streamline and 300 mb Isotachs
- C. Surface Pressure and 500 mb Heights

Videotape 8<sup>2</sup>

Title: Squall Line Development

Objective: Interrelate upper and lower tropospheric observations with satellite images and radar data in the study of squall line development.

I. Satellite and Radar Sequences

- A. GOES infrared 6 hour loop
- B. Severe Weather Reports on May 12-13, 1978
- C. Manually Digitized Radar Data with Satellite Images

II. Upper Tropospheric Features at 12 CMT 12 May

- A. 850 mb Dewpoint
- B. 700 mb Dewpoint
- C. 500 mb Temperature
- D. 500 mb Absolute Vorticity
- E. Totals Index
- F. Selected Soundings

III. Evolution of Surface Features During the Day

- A. Surface Streamline
- B. Surface Divergence
- C. Surface Temperature
- D. Surface Dewpoints
- E. Surface Equivalent Potential Temperature ( $\theta_e$ )
- F. Divergence  $\theta_e$

IV. Upper <sup>60</sup>Tropospheric Features at 0000 GMT 13 May

- A. 850 mb Dewpoint
- B. 700 mb Dewpoint
- C. 500 mb Temperature
- D. 500 mb Vorticity
- E. Totals Index
- F. Selected Soundings

Videotapes were presented and evaluated during the week of the case study discussion. The evaluation form and a compilation of the results are presented in Appendix B.

3. Other McIDAS Case Study Support

a. Derived Dewind Fields

*dysonically*

McIDAS has computed a variety of derived fields of dysonically important quantities to complement and extend the investigation of this case. Fields prepared and used were:

850 mb divergence

300 mb divergence

500 mb vorticity advection

850 mb temperature advection

*passing*

700 mb temperature advection

The derived field grids in plotted form are presented in Appendix C.

Appendix D describes the derived fields and illustrates how various features which emerge from the charts complement the traditional synoptic charts in Appendix A.

b. Student Projects

In addition to the basic case study, students also completed an individual project. A number of students selected projects on this case study and used McIDAS capabilities to study:

- 1) additional derived surface or upper air fields
- ii) additional cross-sections
- iii) detailed sounding and stability analyses
- v) other McIDAS synoptic topics

Appendix E includes a listing of all student projects, the role of McIDAS support and an assessment of their value for the course.

**Figure List**

- 1. GOES satellite images of the Midwest for**
  - A. 1200 GMT 12 May 1978 (IR)**
  - B. 2200 GMT 12 May 1978 (Visual)**
  - C. 0400 GMT 13 May 1978 (IR)**

1201 12M78 14E-12A 01431 13451 KB35N95W-1

b6 1A

2201 12/19/78 24H-1 0181 13401 F&3143

Appendix A  
Basic Case Study Maps

**I. Master Copies**

**A. Surface maps**

1. 1200 GMT 12 May
2. 1800 GMT
3. 0000 GMT 13 May
4. 0600 GMT
5. 1200 GMT

**B. Isobaric Charts**

300 mb, 500 mb, 700 mb, 850 mb

1. 1200 GMT 11 May
2. 0000 GMT 12 May
3. 1200 GMT 12 May
4. 0000 GMT 13 May
5. 1200 GMT 13 May
6. 0000 GMT 14 May
7. 1200 GMT 14 May

**C. Isentronic Charts**

1. 0000 GMT 11 May

300-305 K

2. 1200 GMT 11 May

300-305 K

3. 0000 GMT 12 May

300-305 K

4. 1200 GMT 12 May - 12 GMT 13 May

290-325 K

D. Radar Charts

14 GMT - 12 May 1970      thru

0235 GMT - 13 May 1970

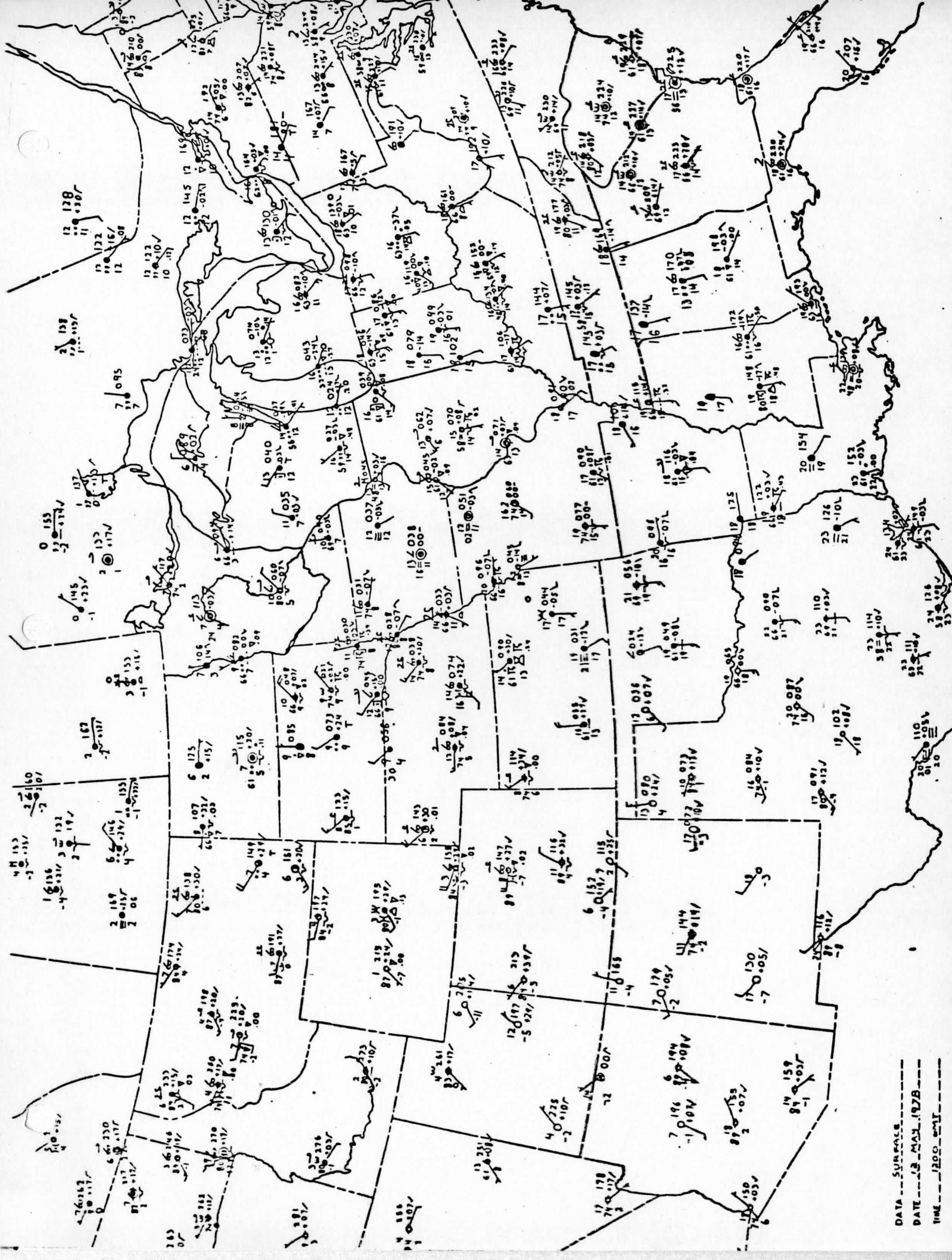
II. Analyzed Maps (12 Z 12 May + 12 Z 13 May)

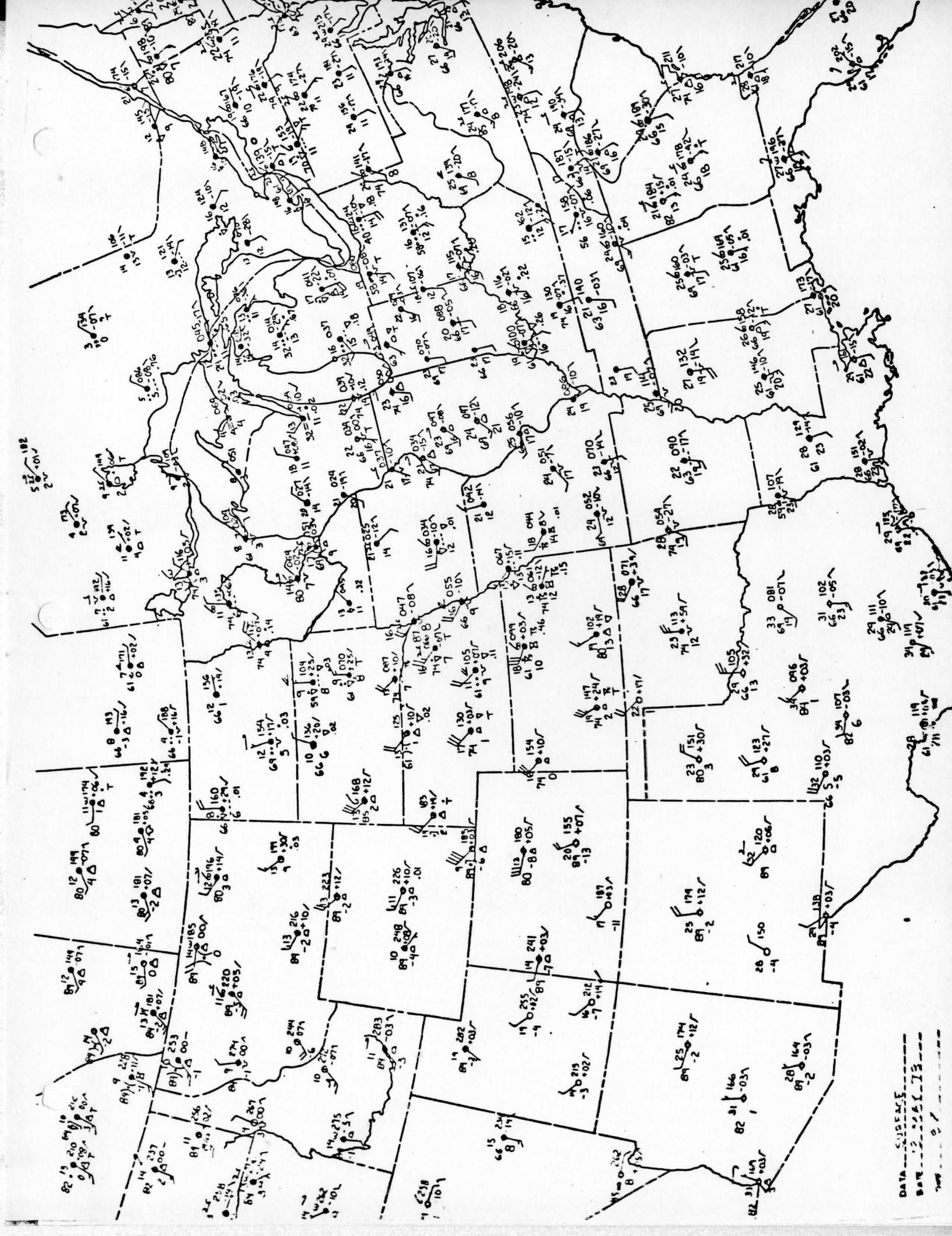
A. Surface

B. Isobaric

C. Isentropic

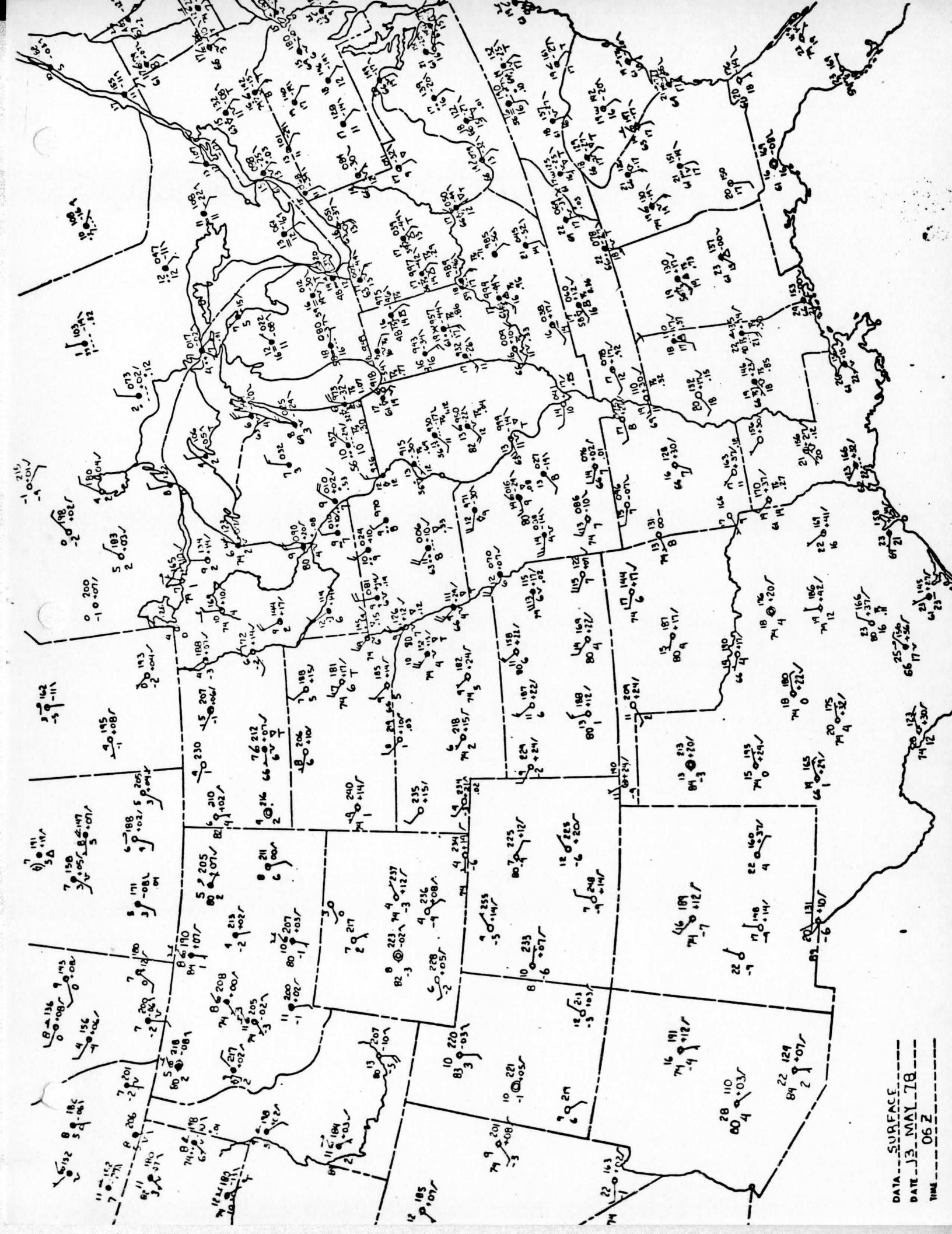
A. SURFACE MAPS

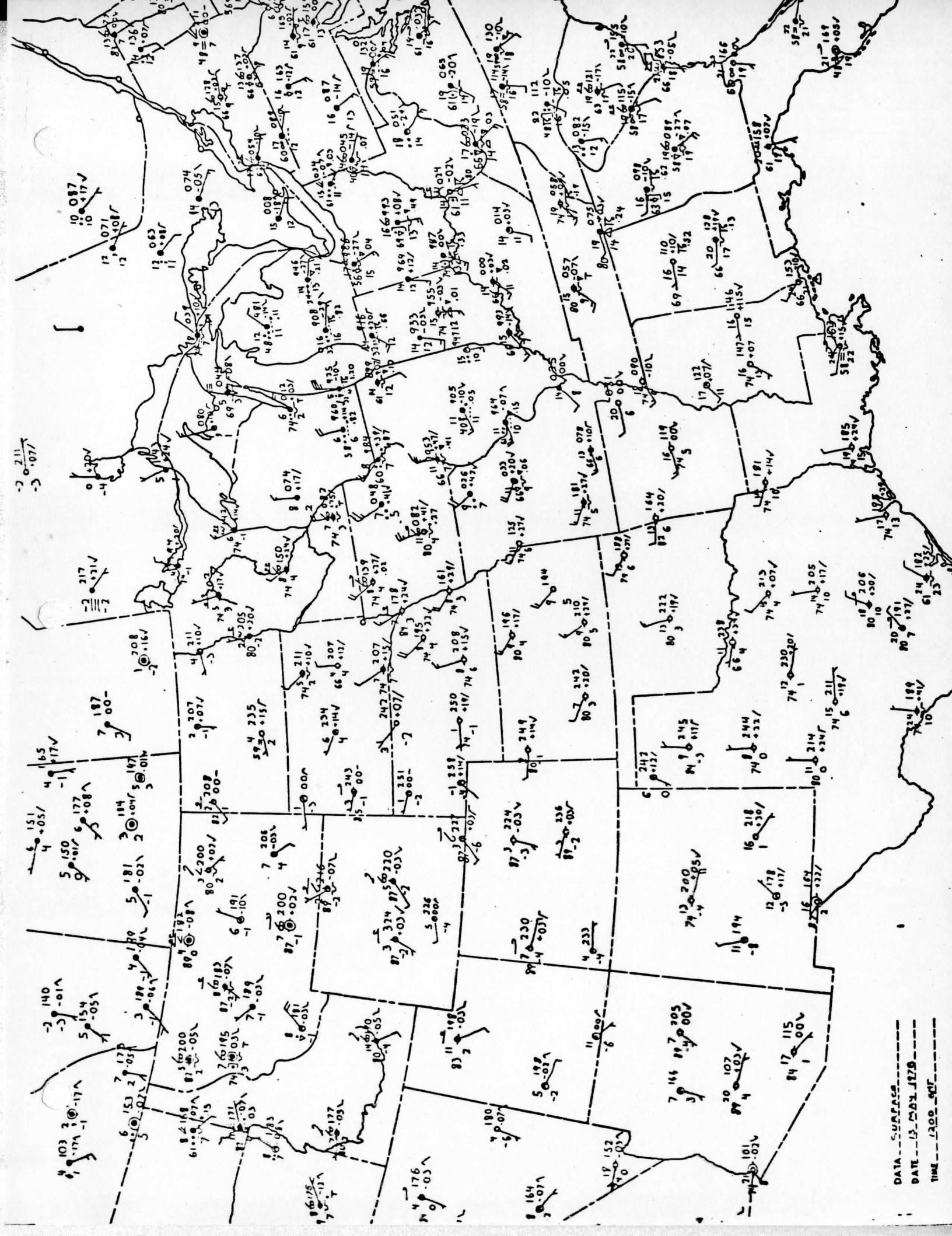


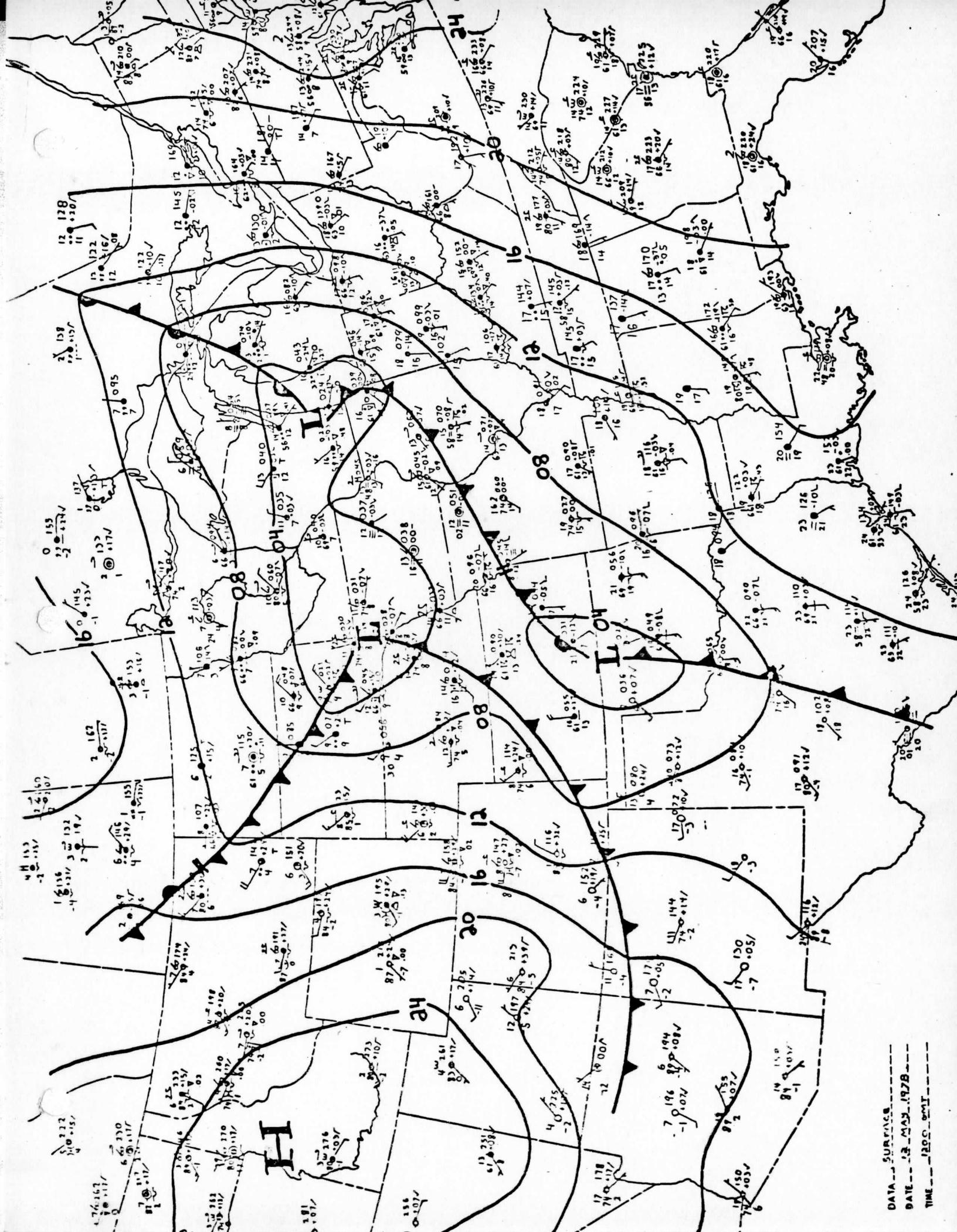


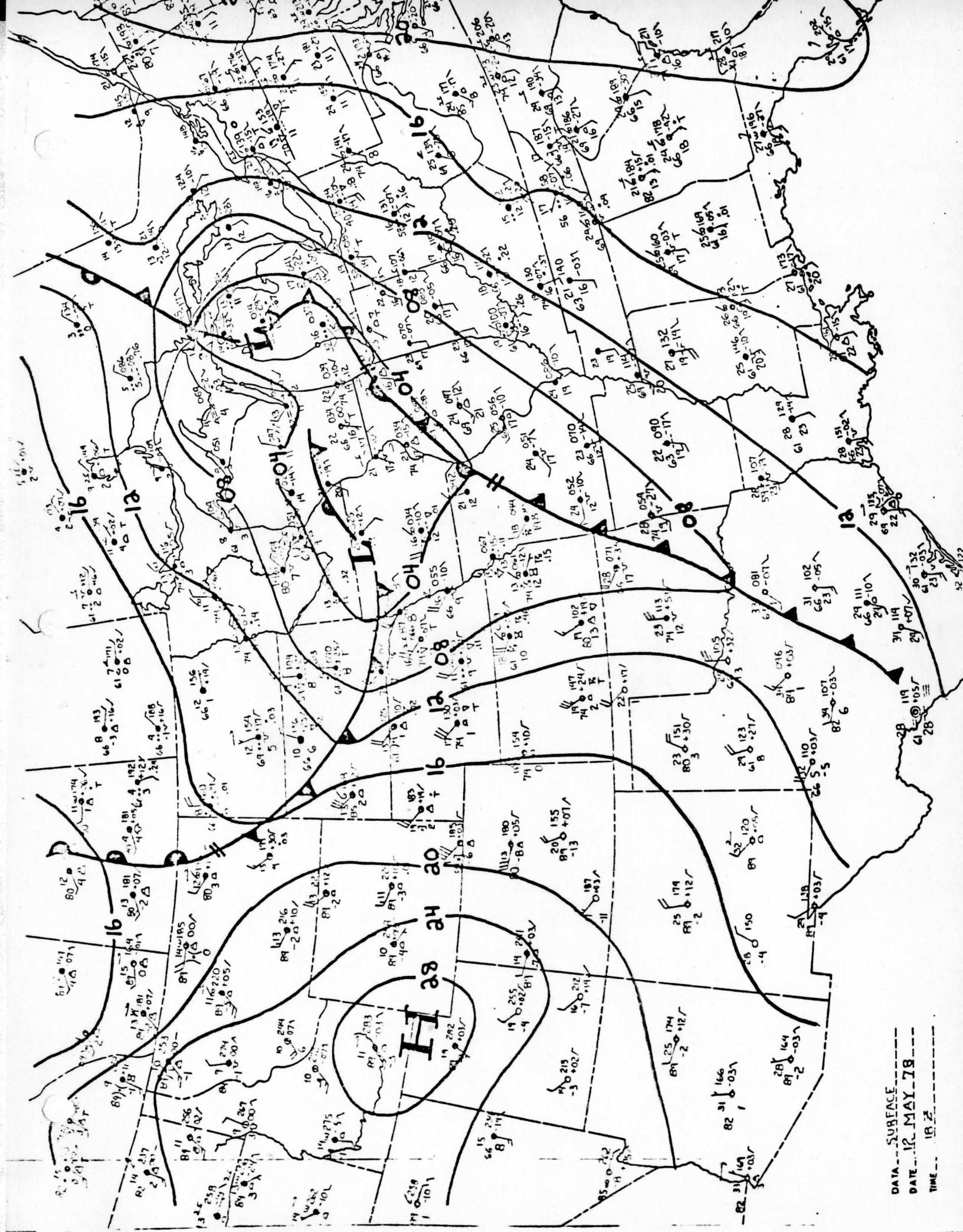


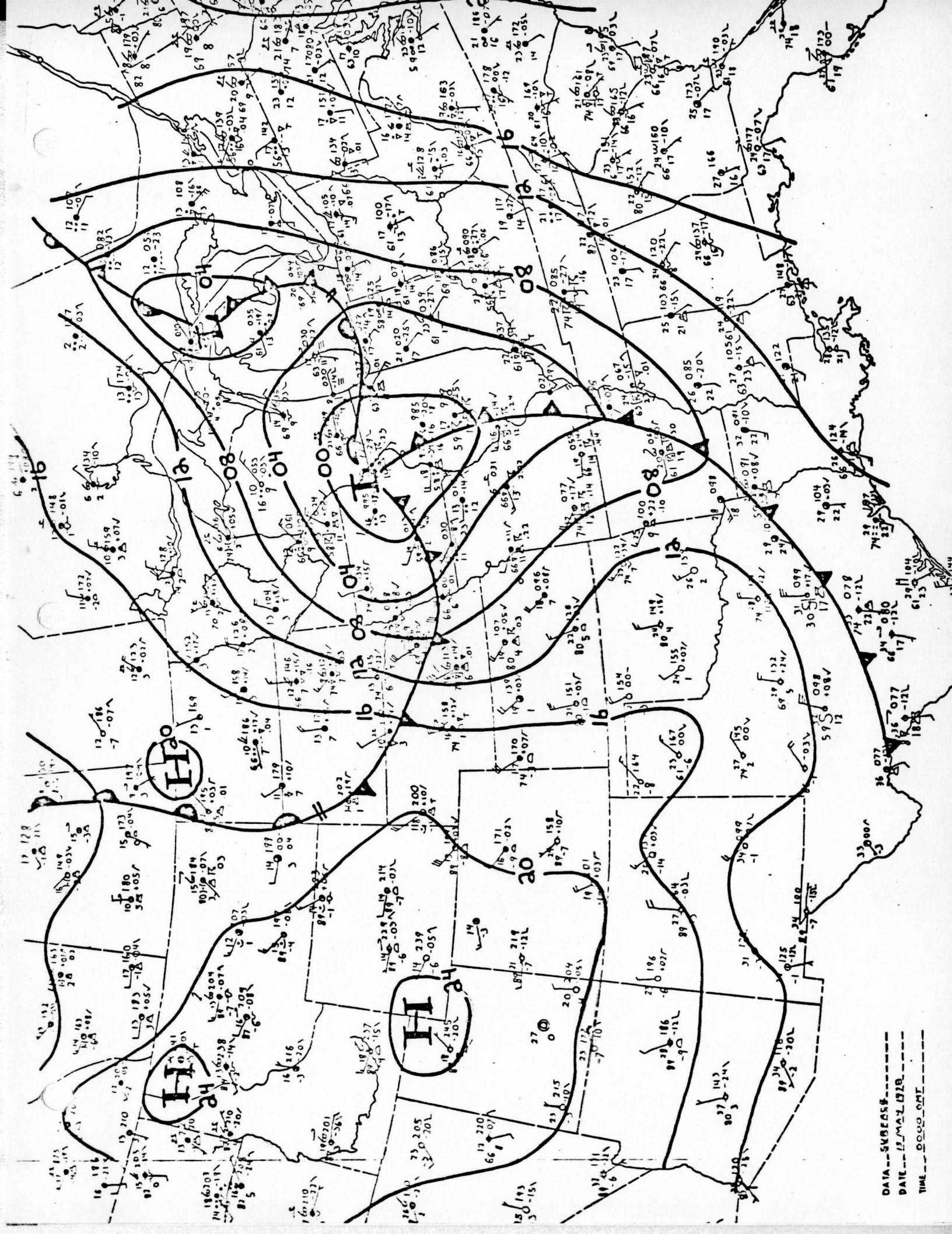
DATA - SURFACE  
DATE - 13 MAY 78  
TIME - 06Z

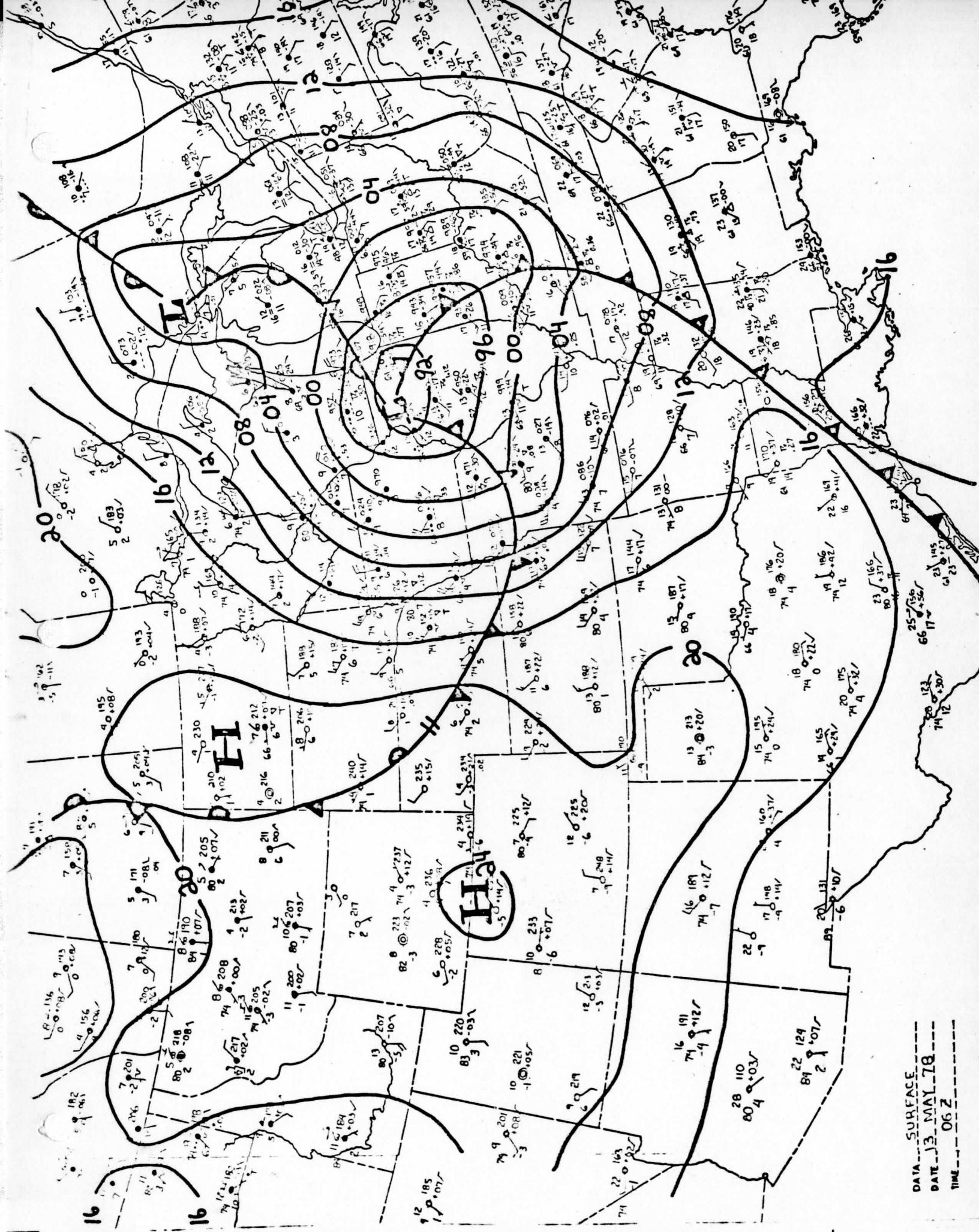


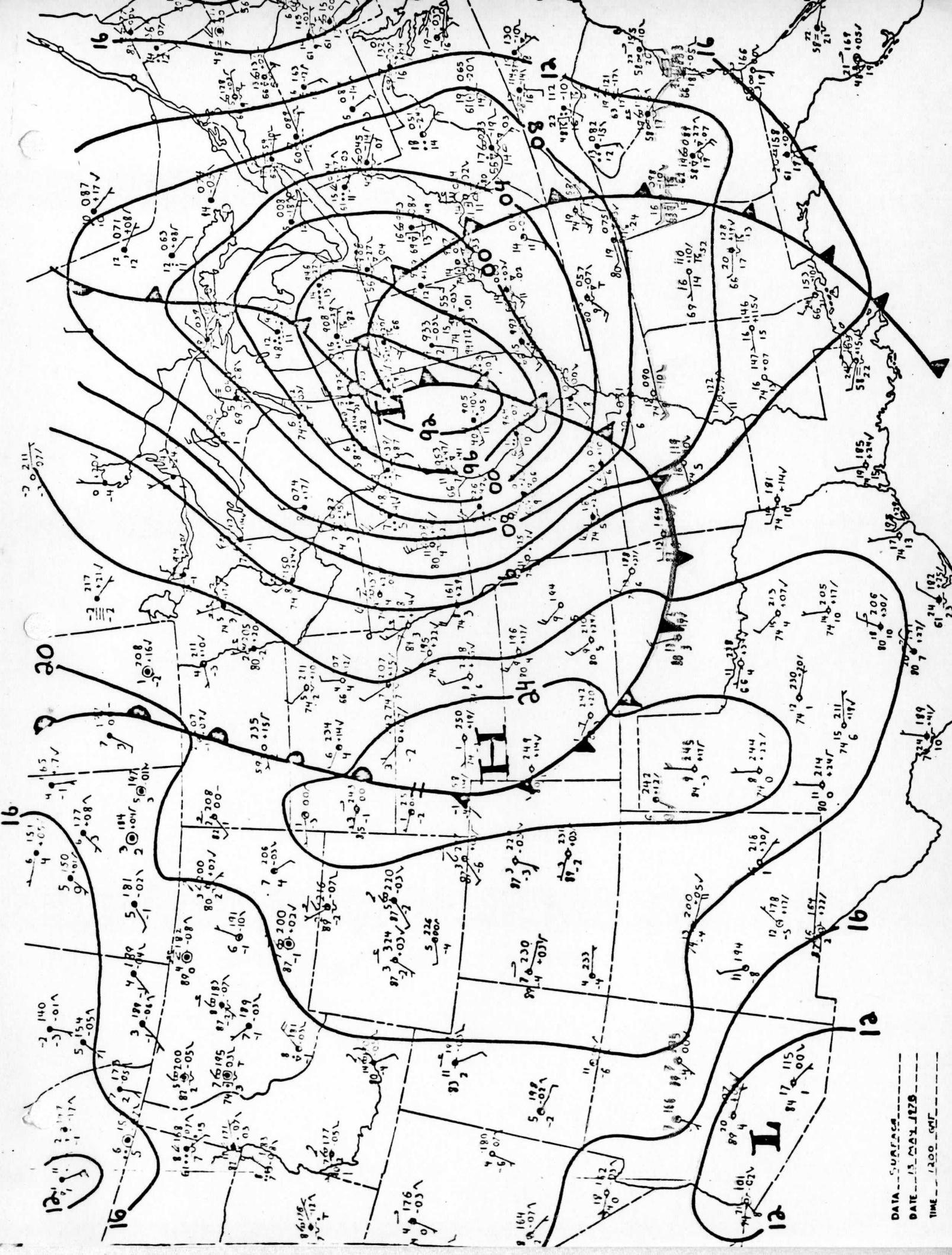












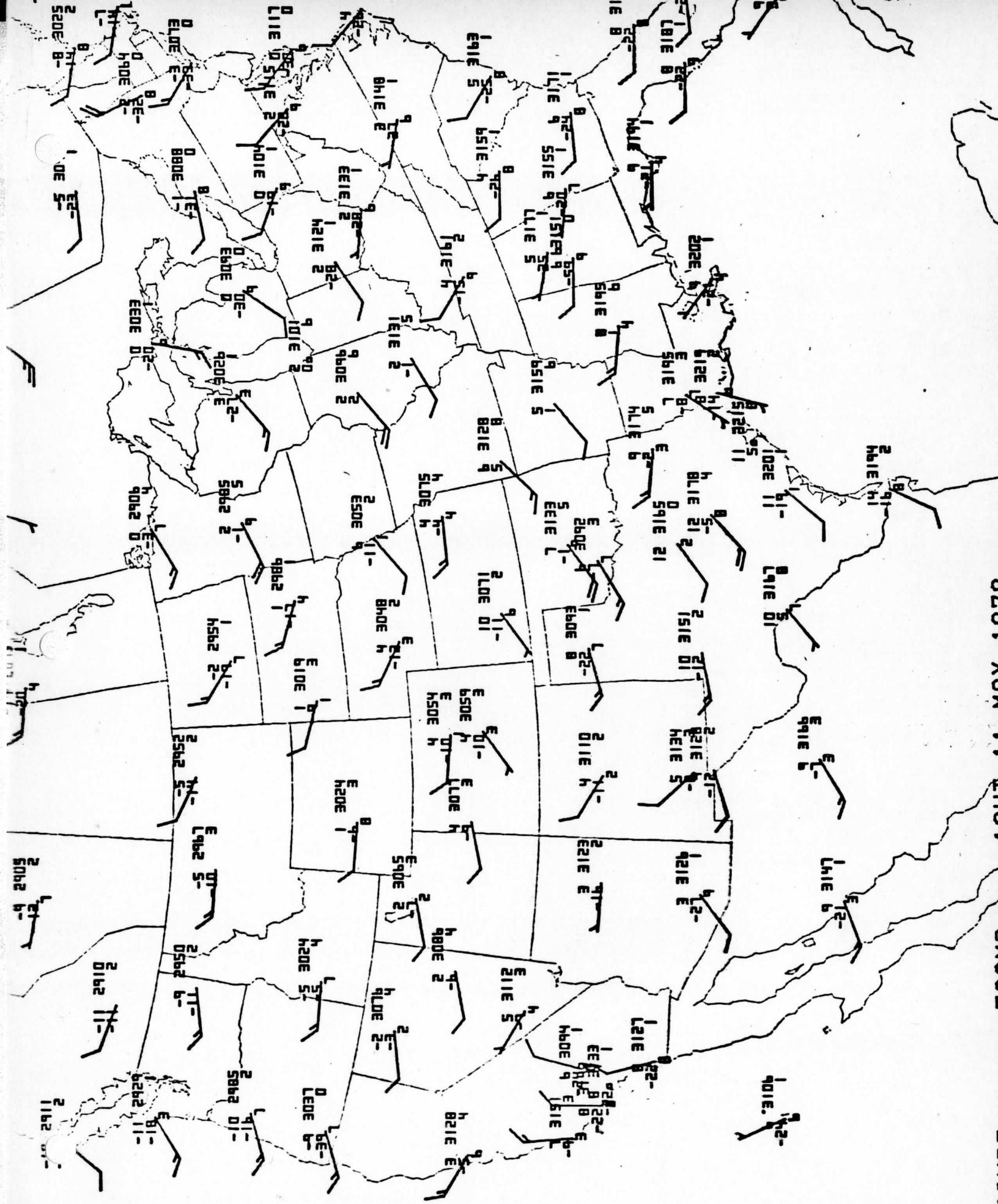
DATA - SURFACE

DATE - 1200Z JUN 1978

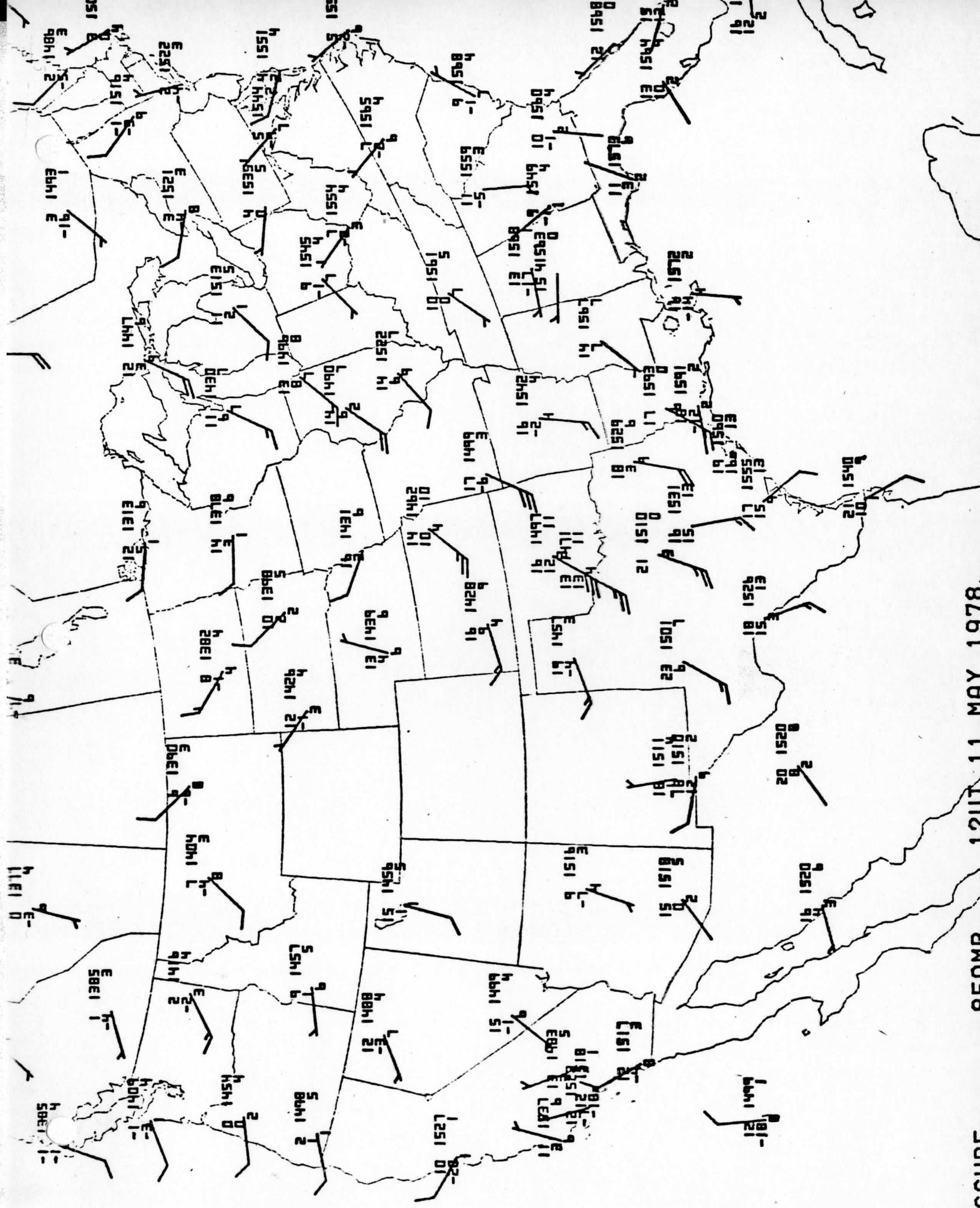
TIME - 1200 - 1400

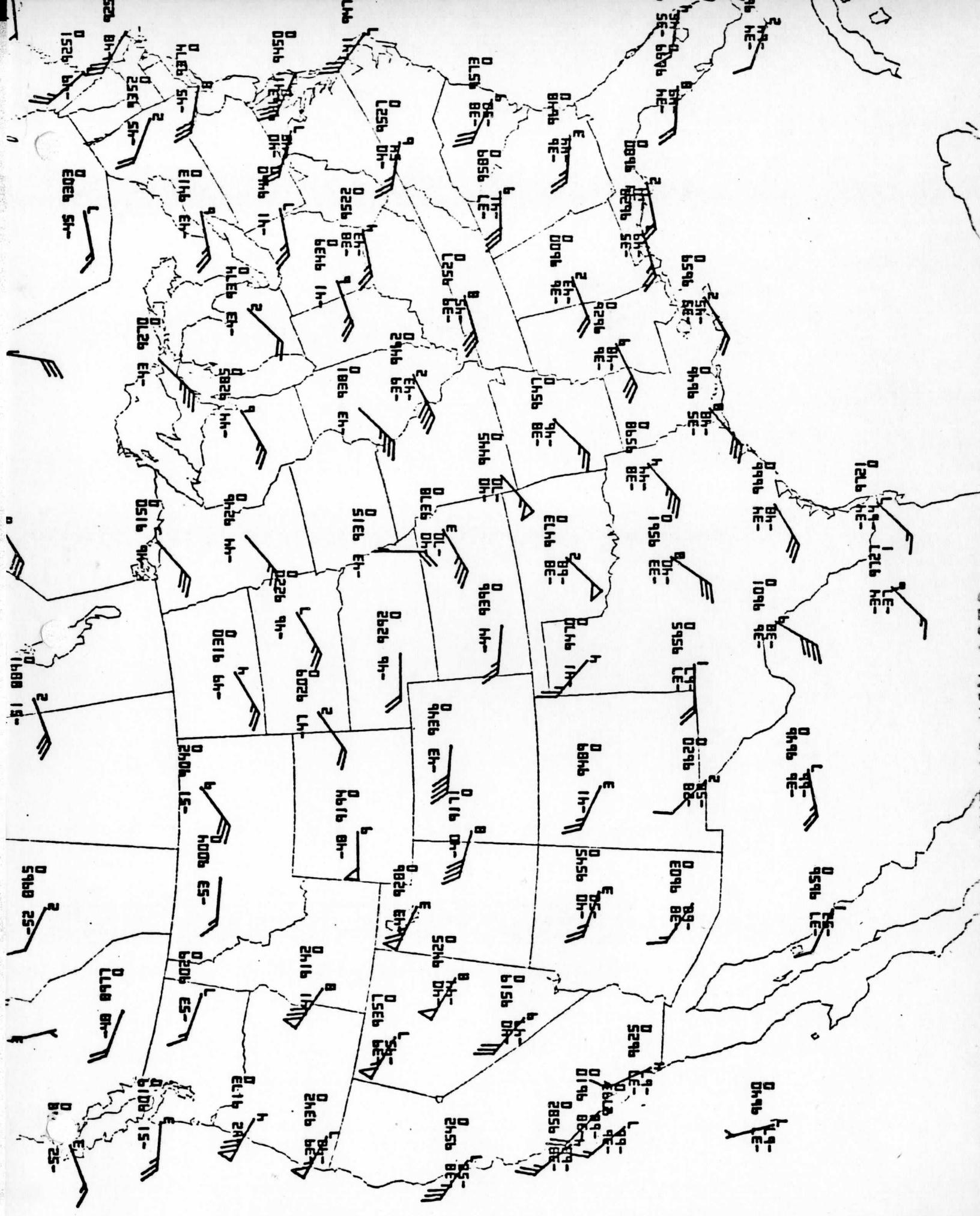
**B. ISOBARIC CHARTS**

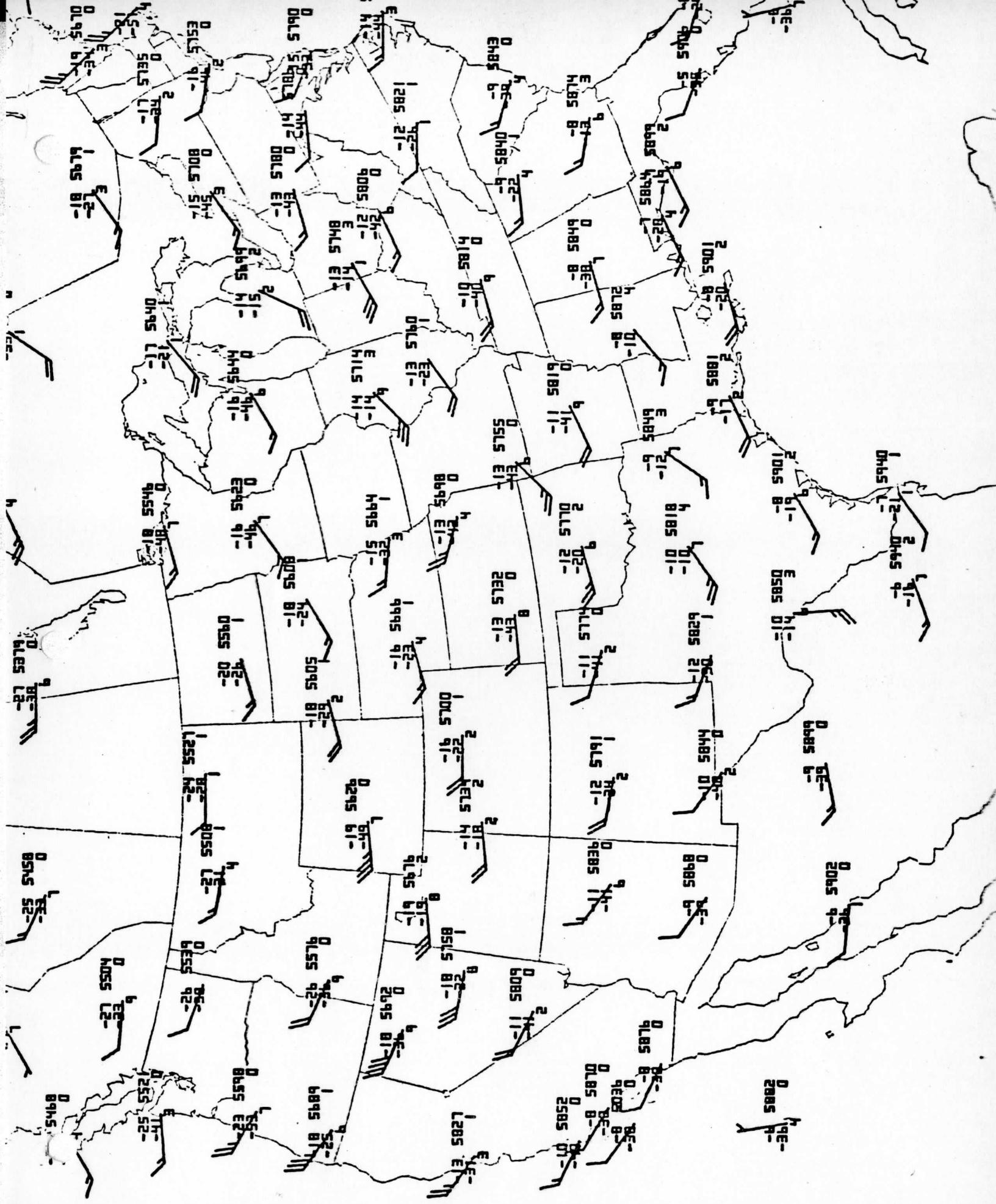




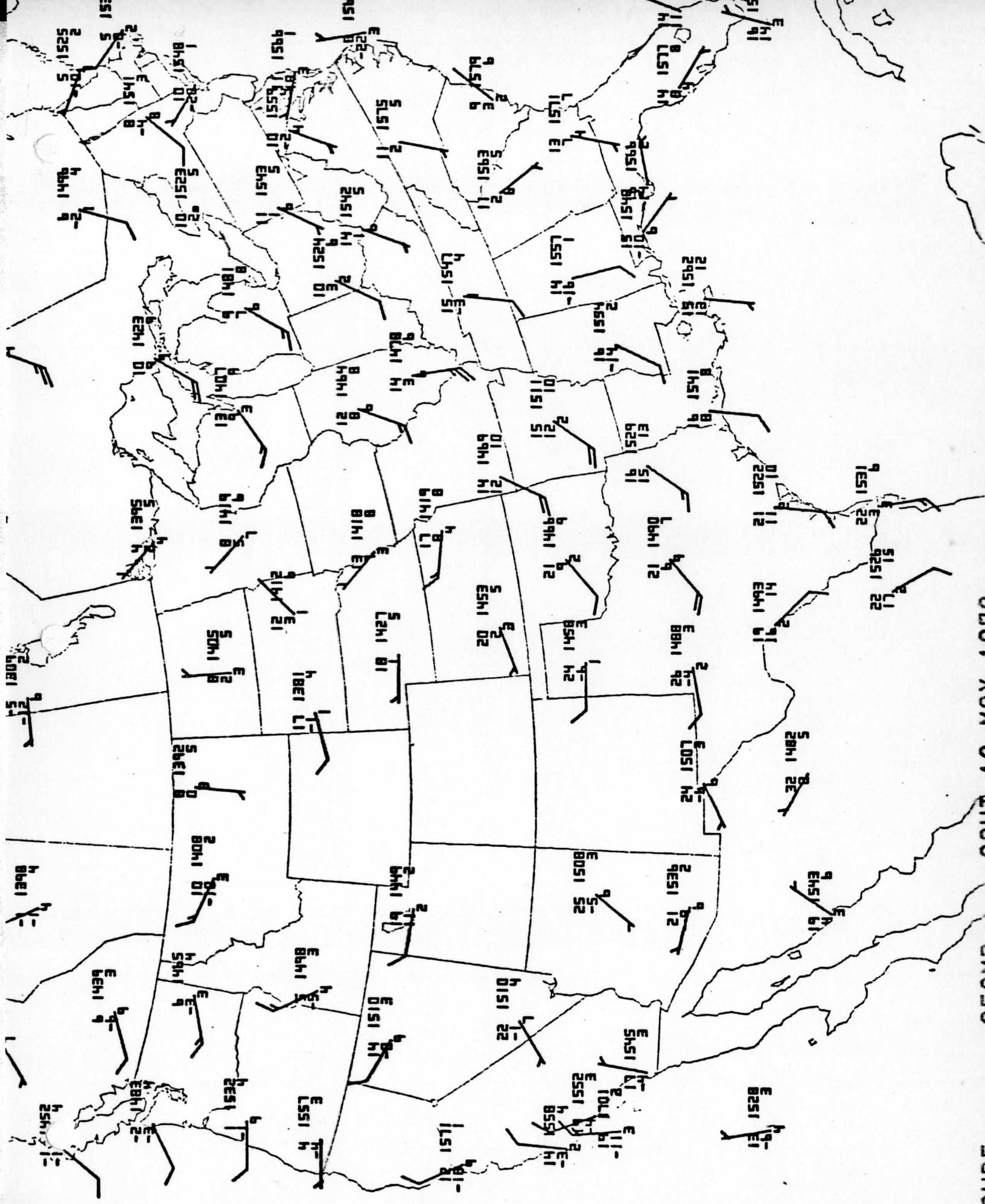
11 MAY 1978











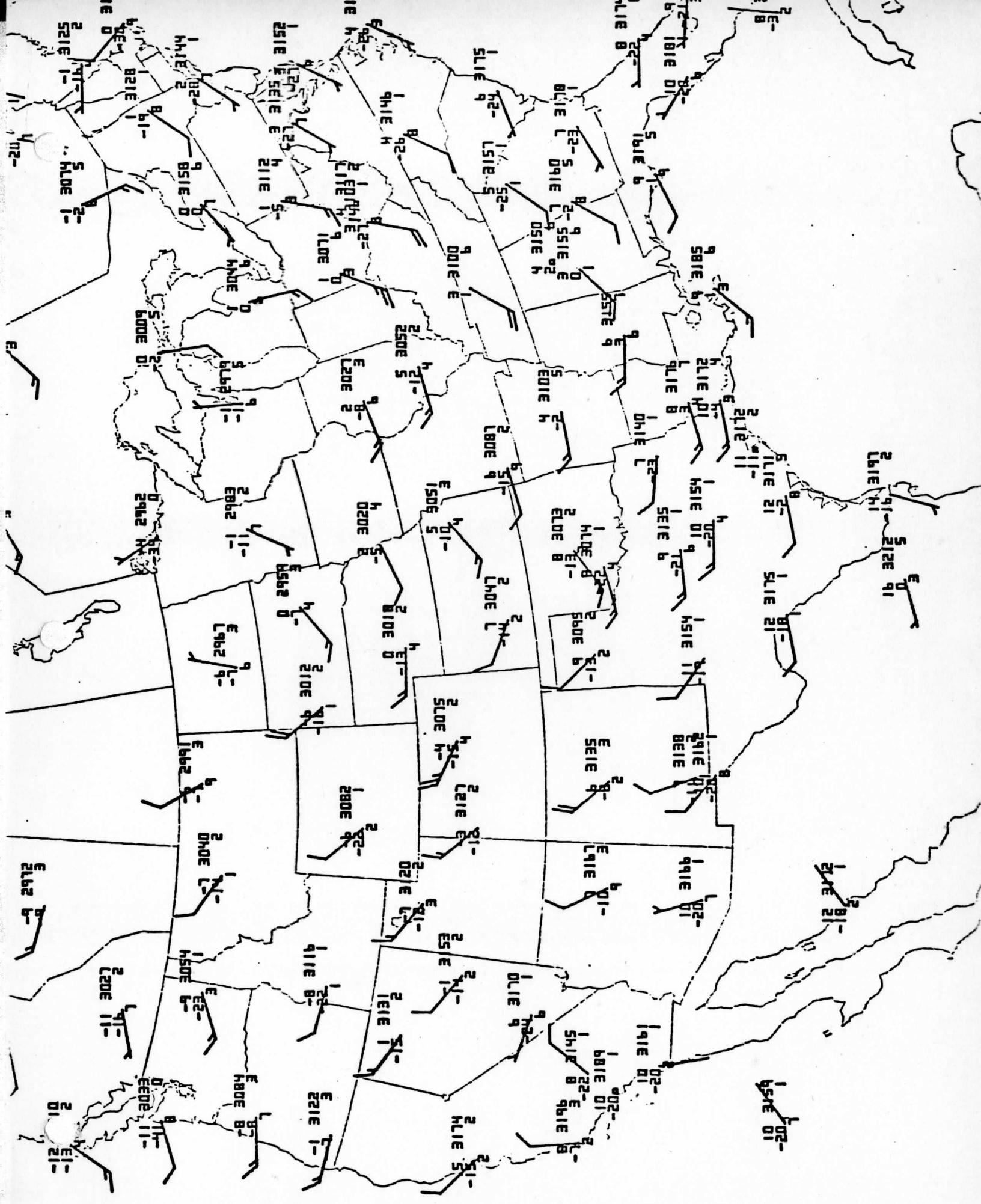
12U 12 MAY 1978

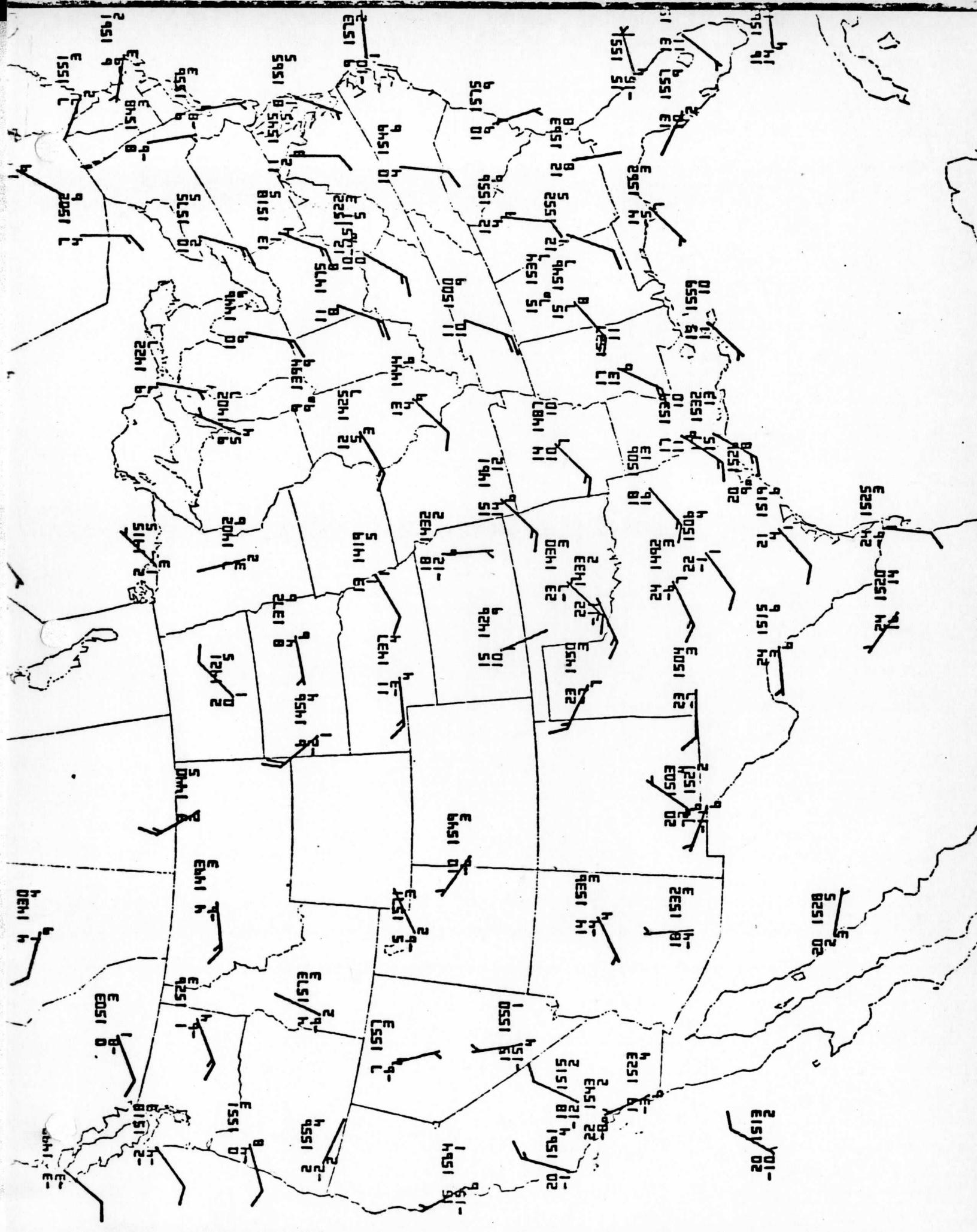
300MB

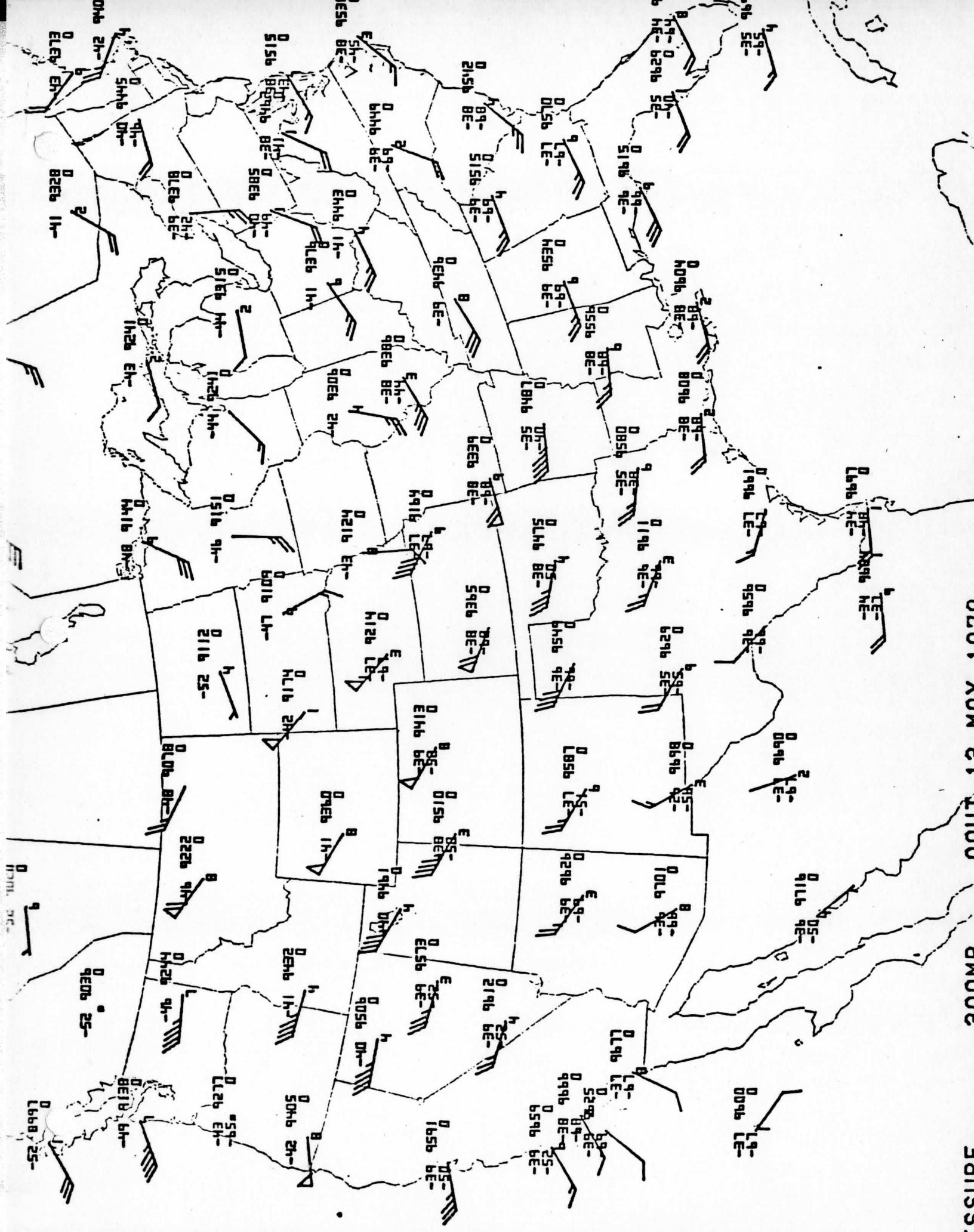
REFSIRE







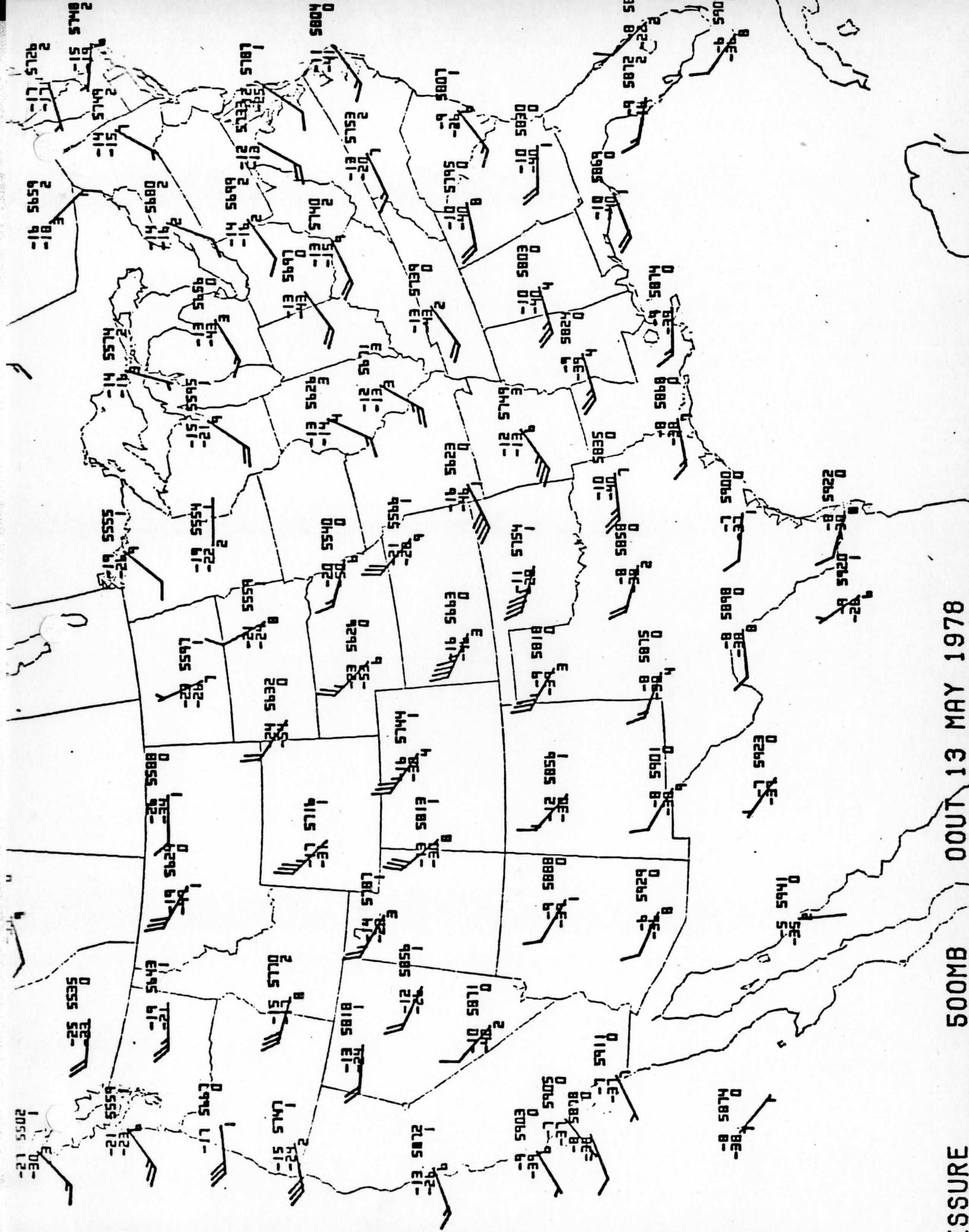




000MB 13 MAY 1978

500MB

ESSURE



00117 13 MAY 1978

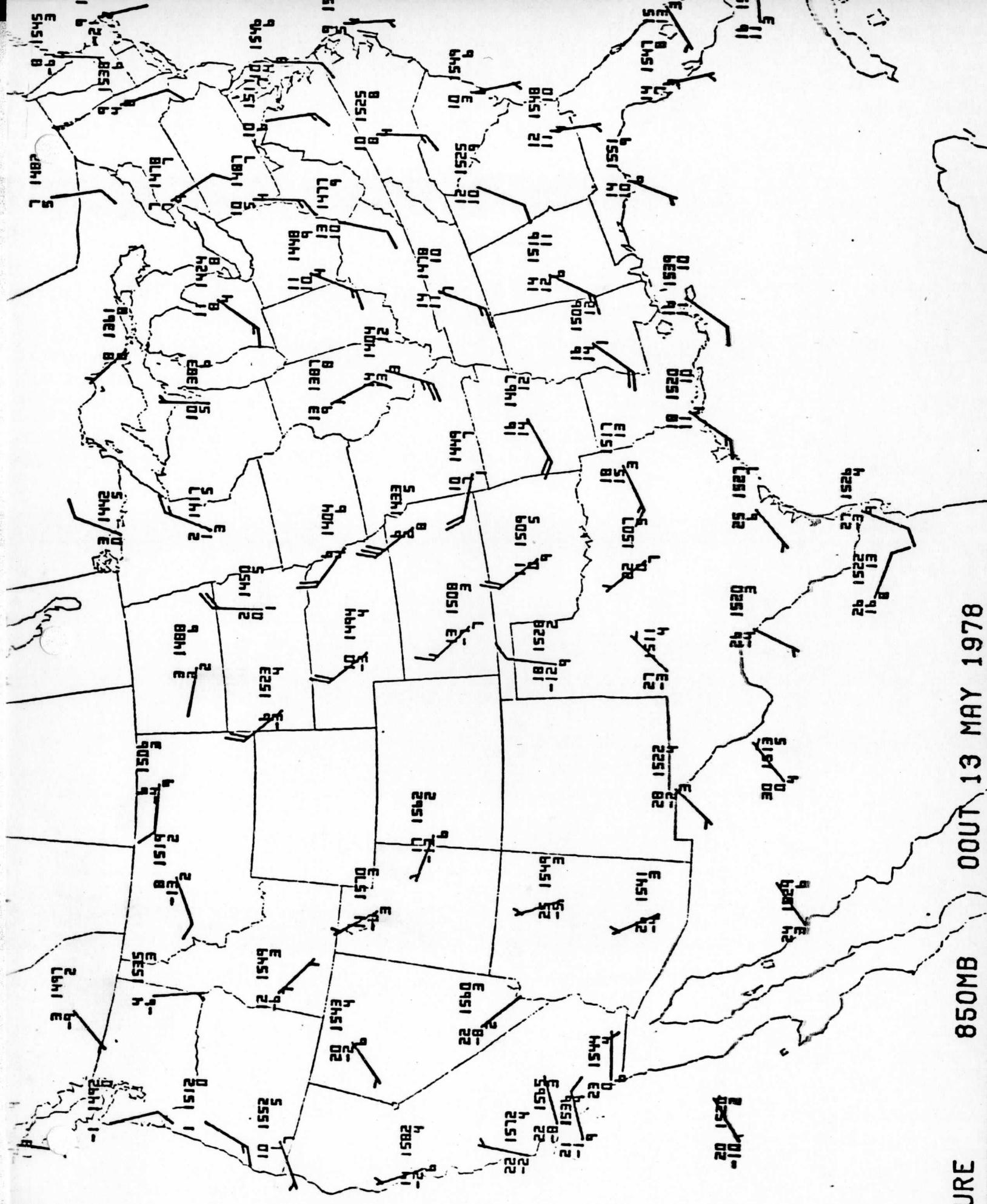
700MB

卷之三

13 MAY 1978

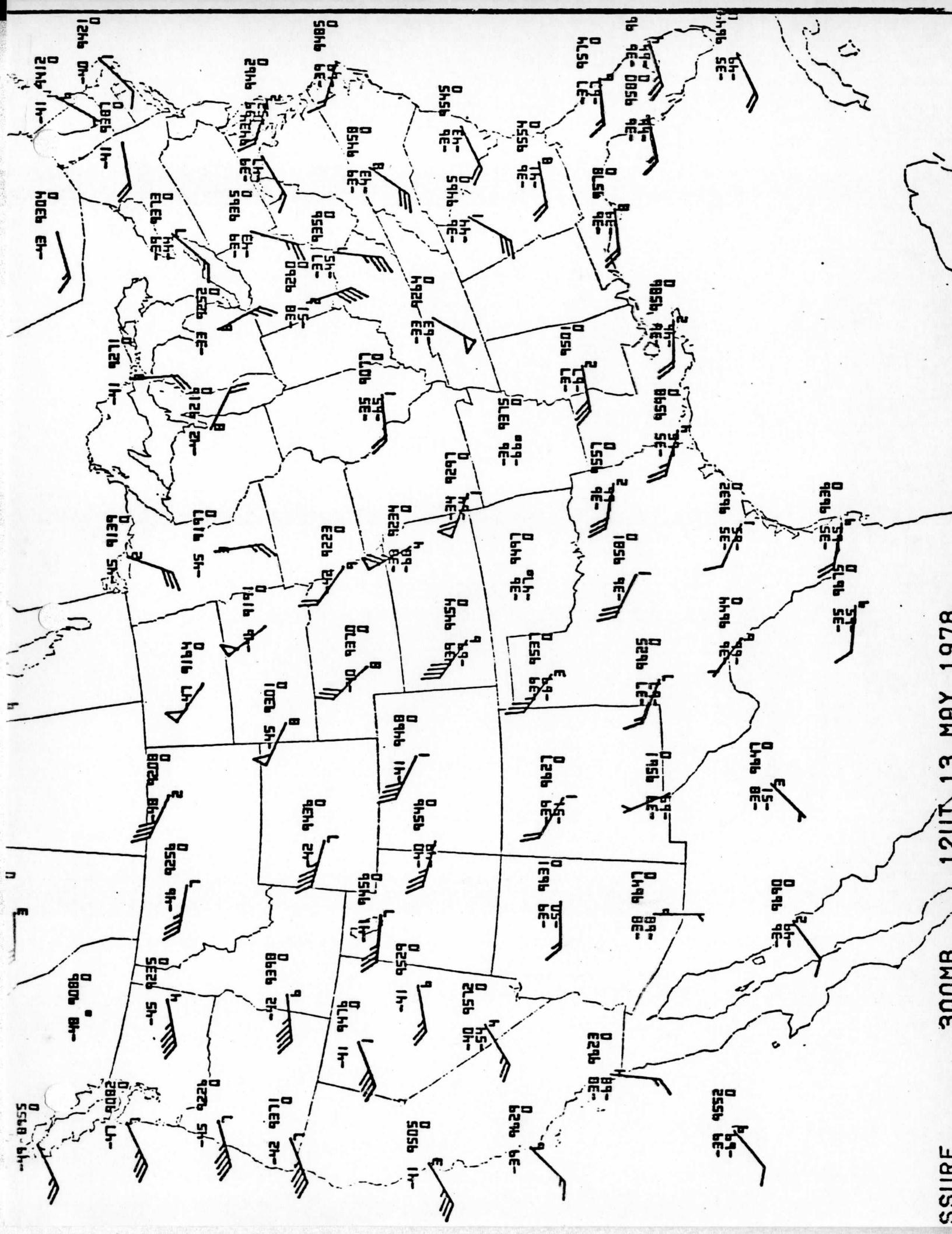
0001

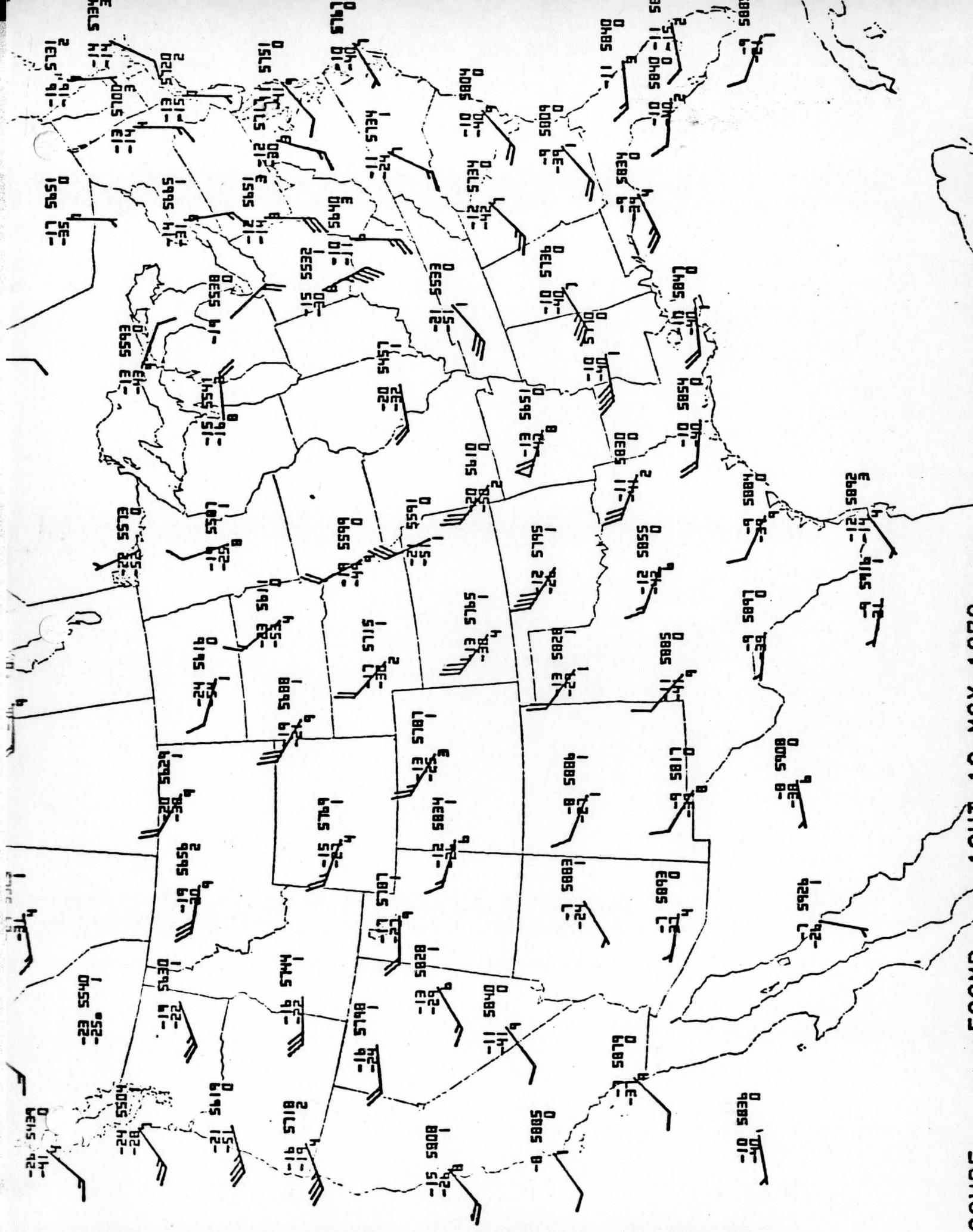
PRESSURE



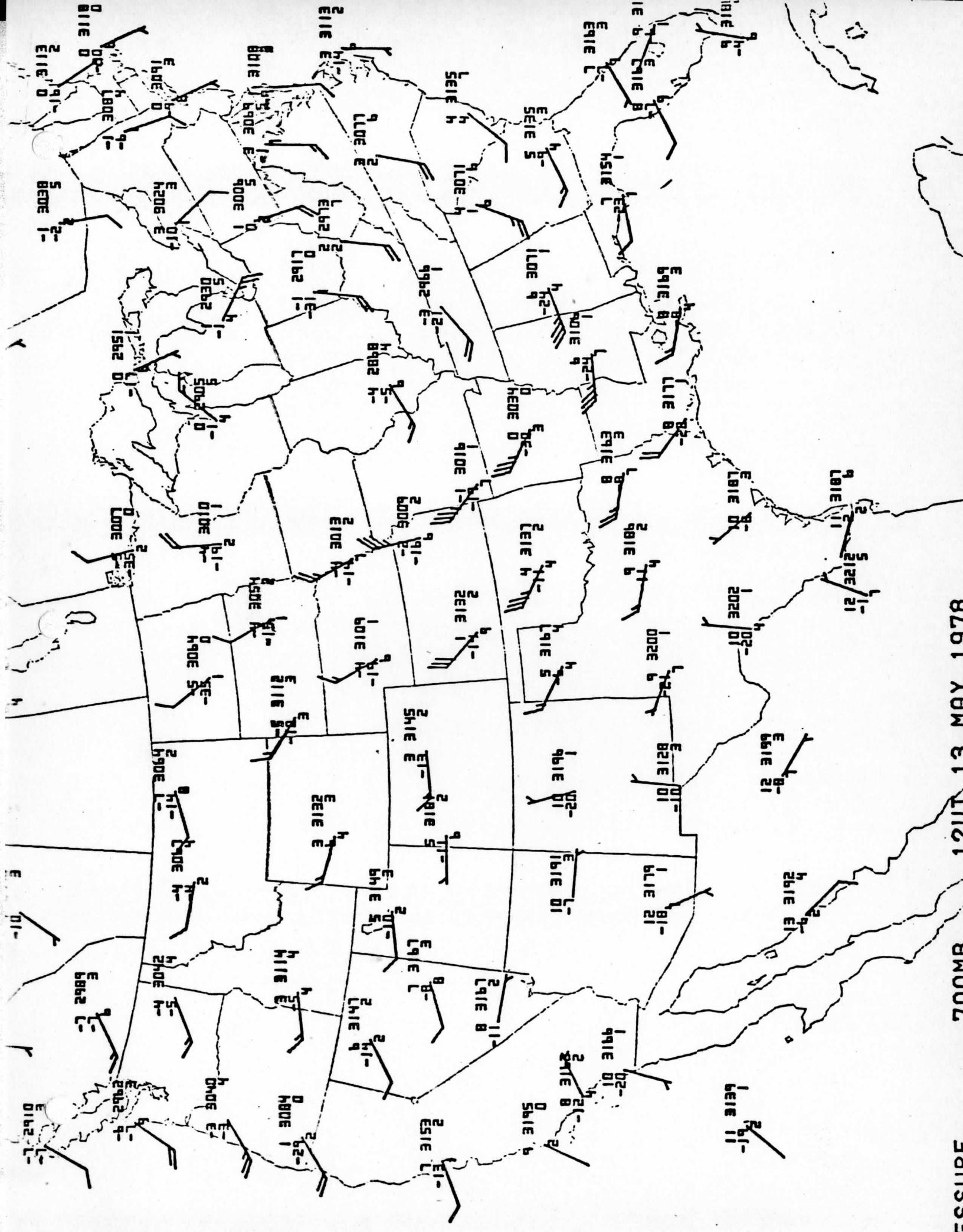
1211T 13 MAY 1978

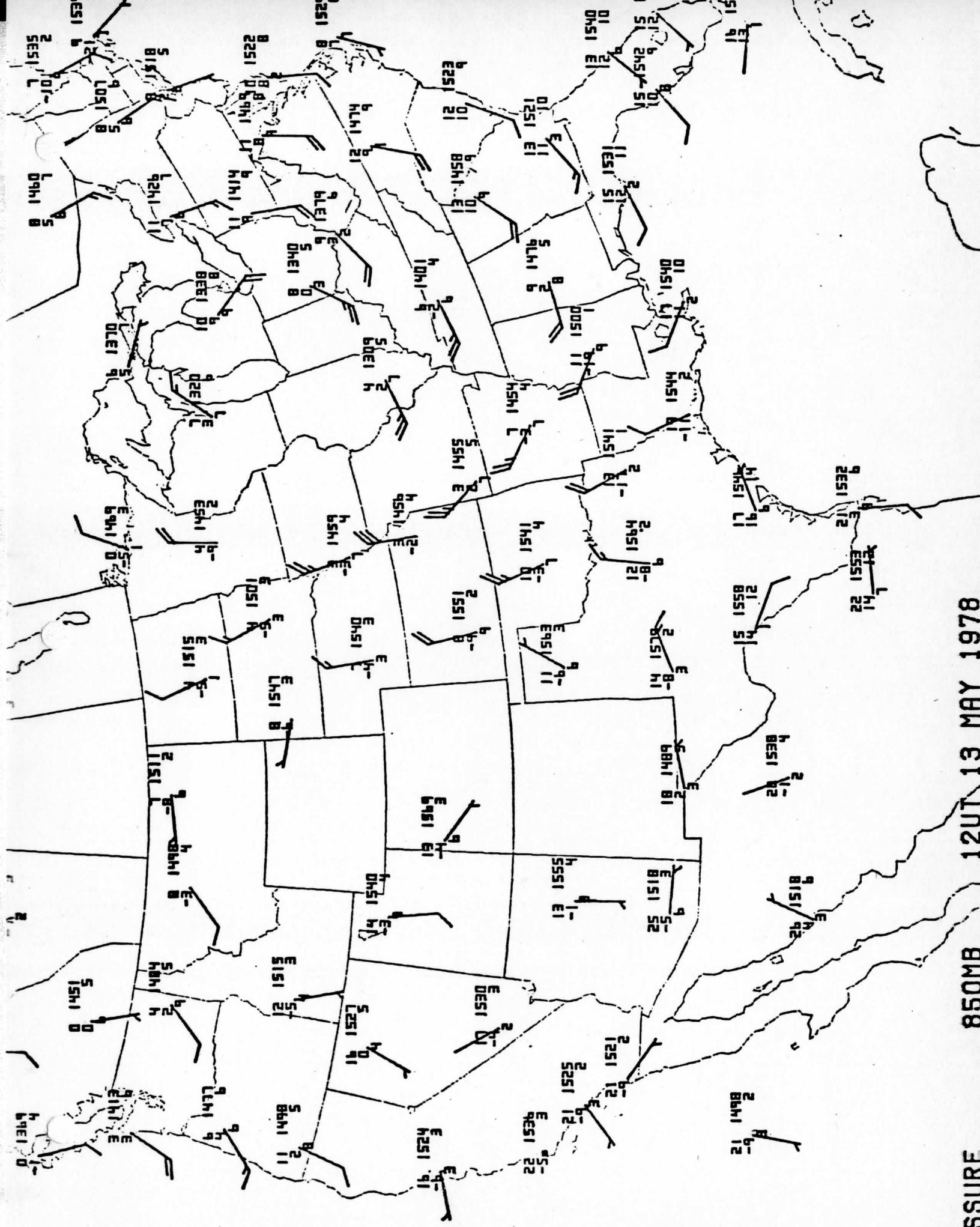
SSIRE





12111 13 MAY 1978



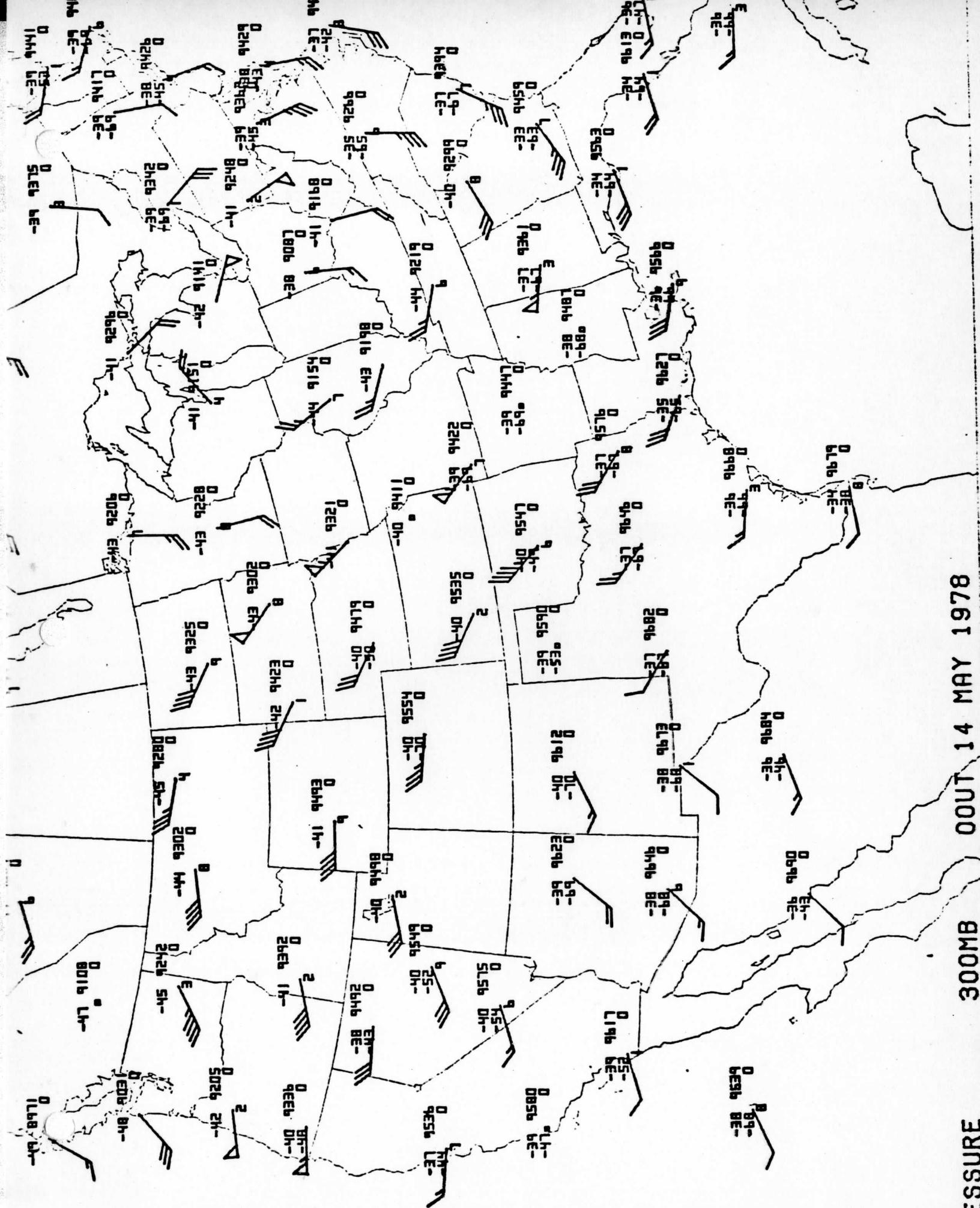


12UT 13 MAY 1978

000 14 MAY 1978

3000MB

PRESSURE



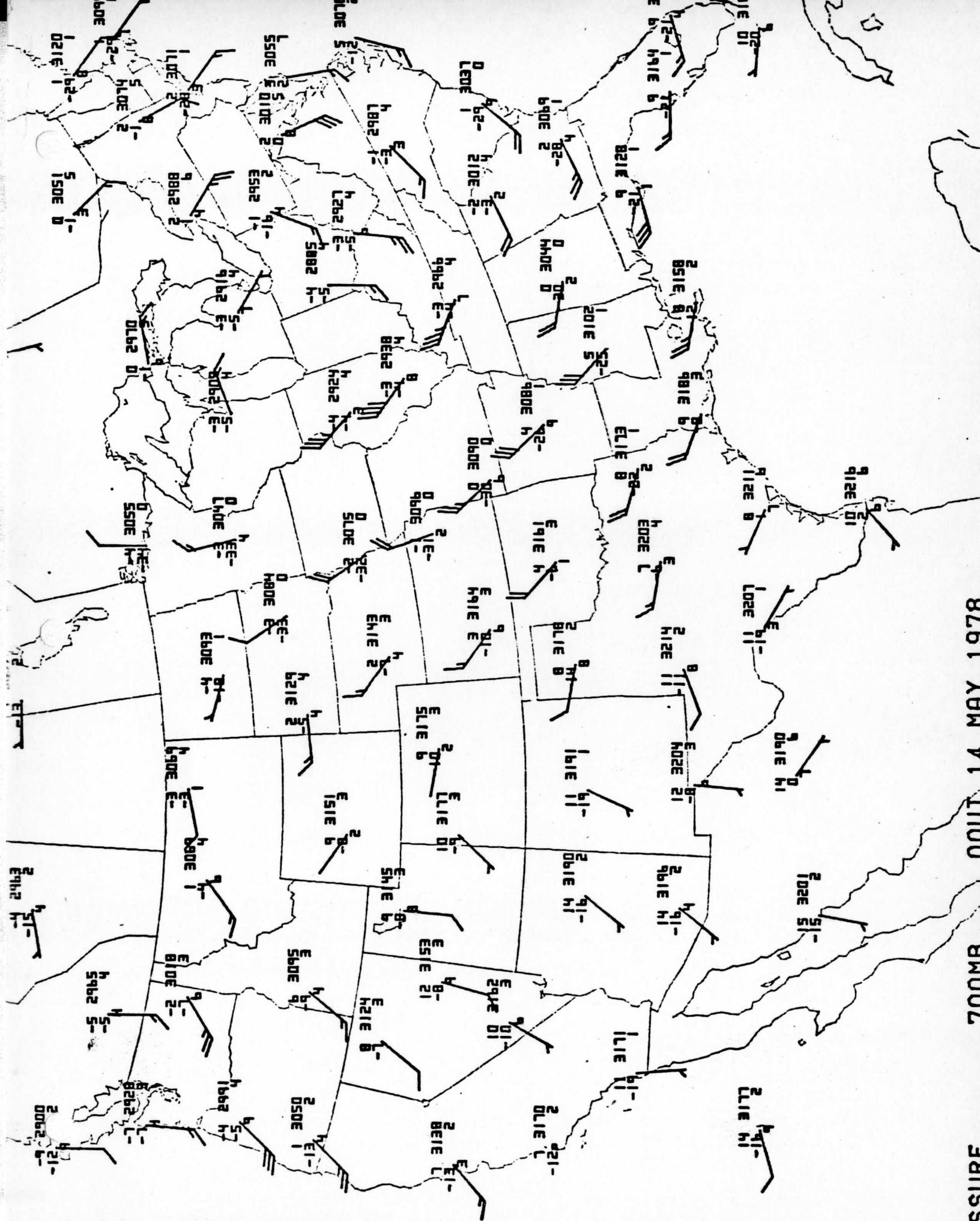
APRIL 1978

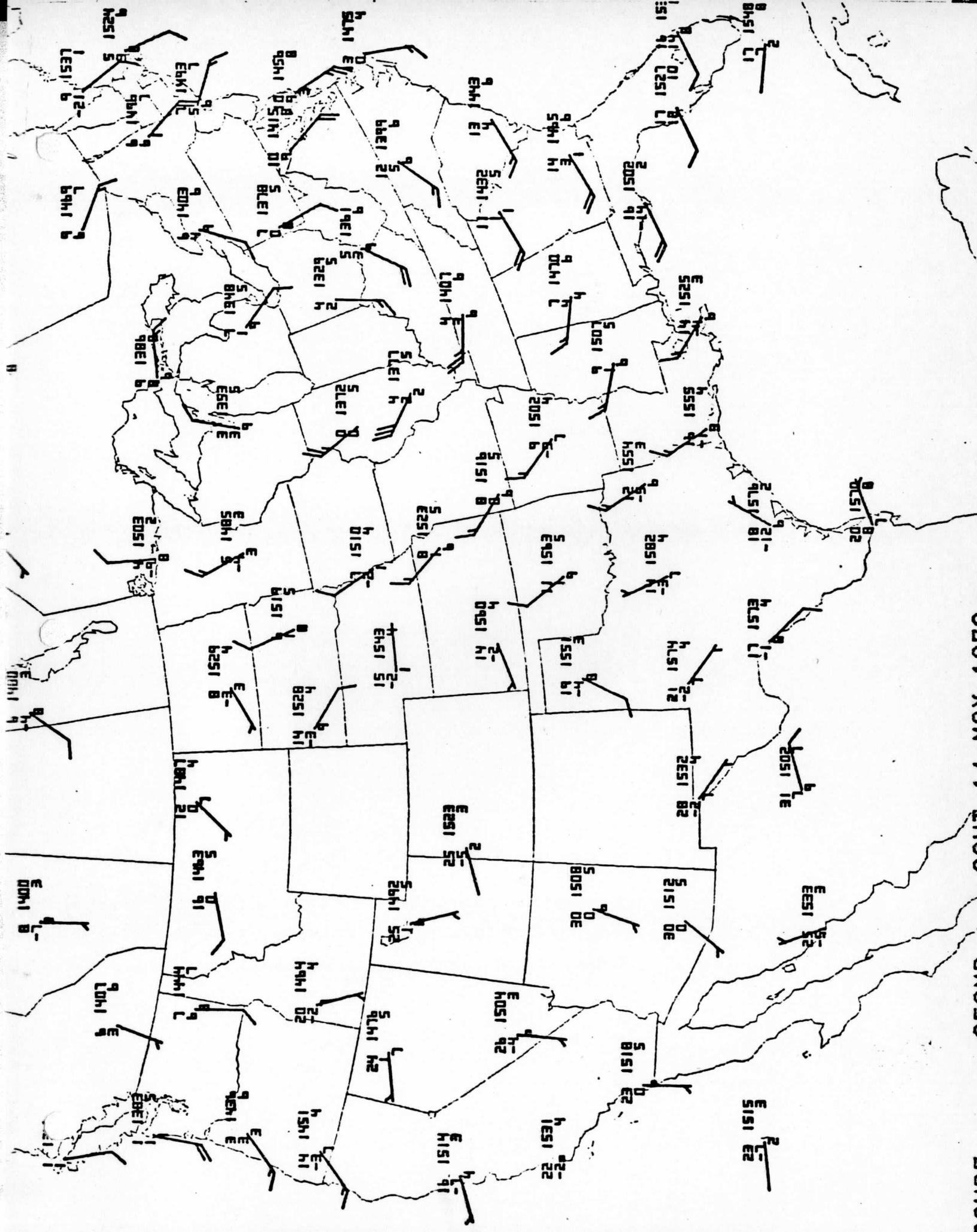
卷之三

二〇一

14 MAY 1978

PRESSURE

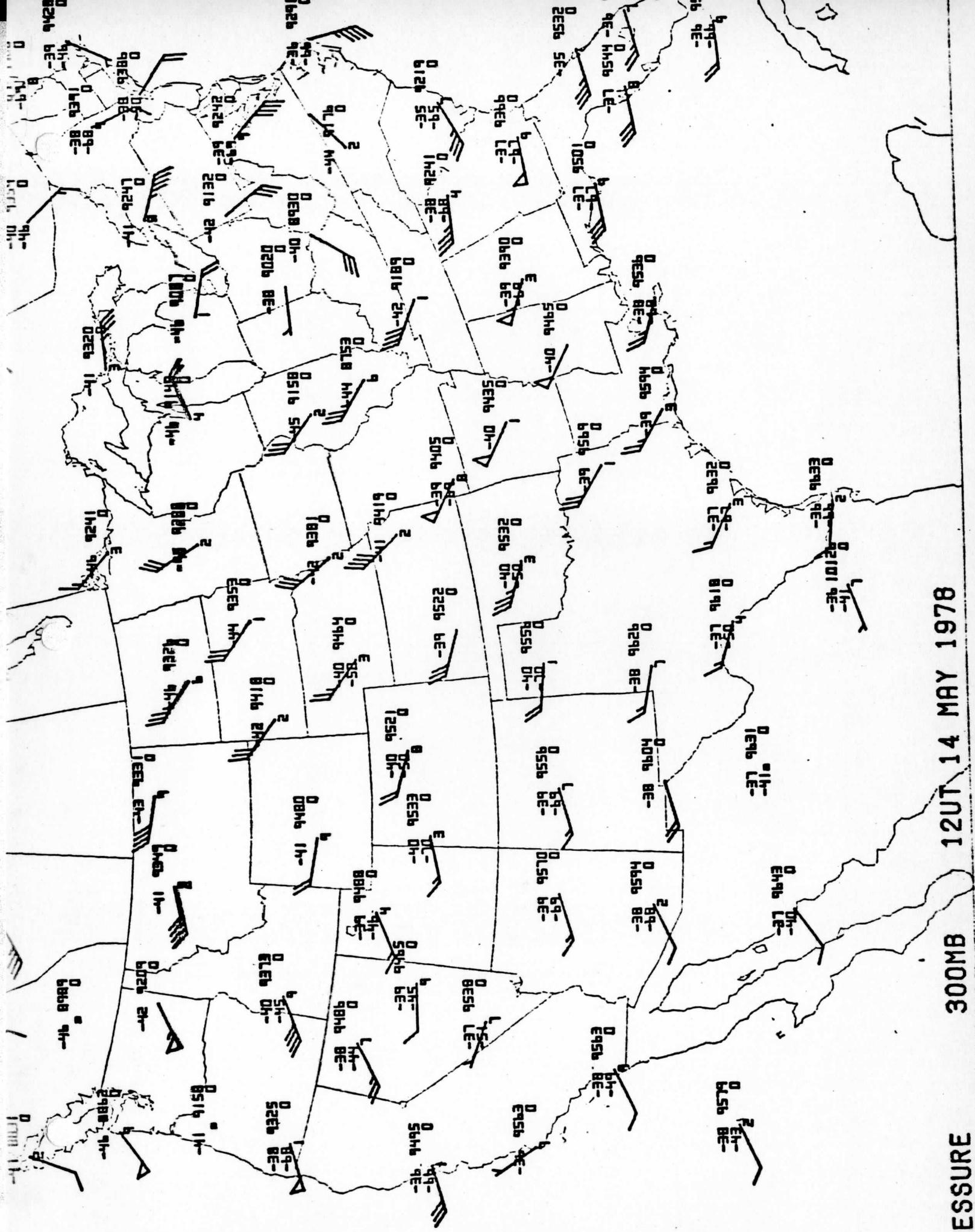




12UT\14 MAY 1978

300MB

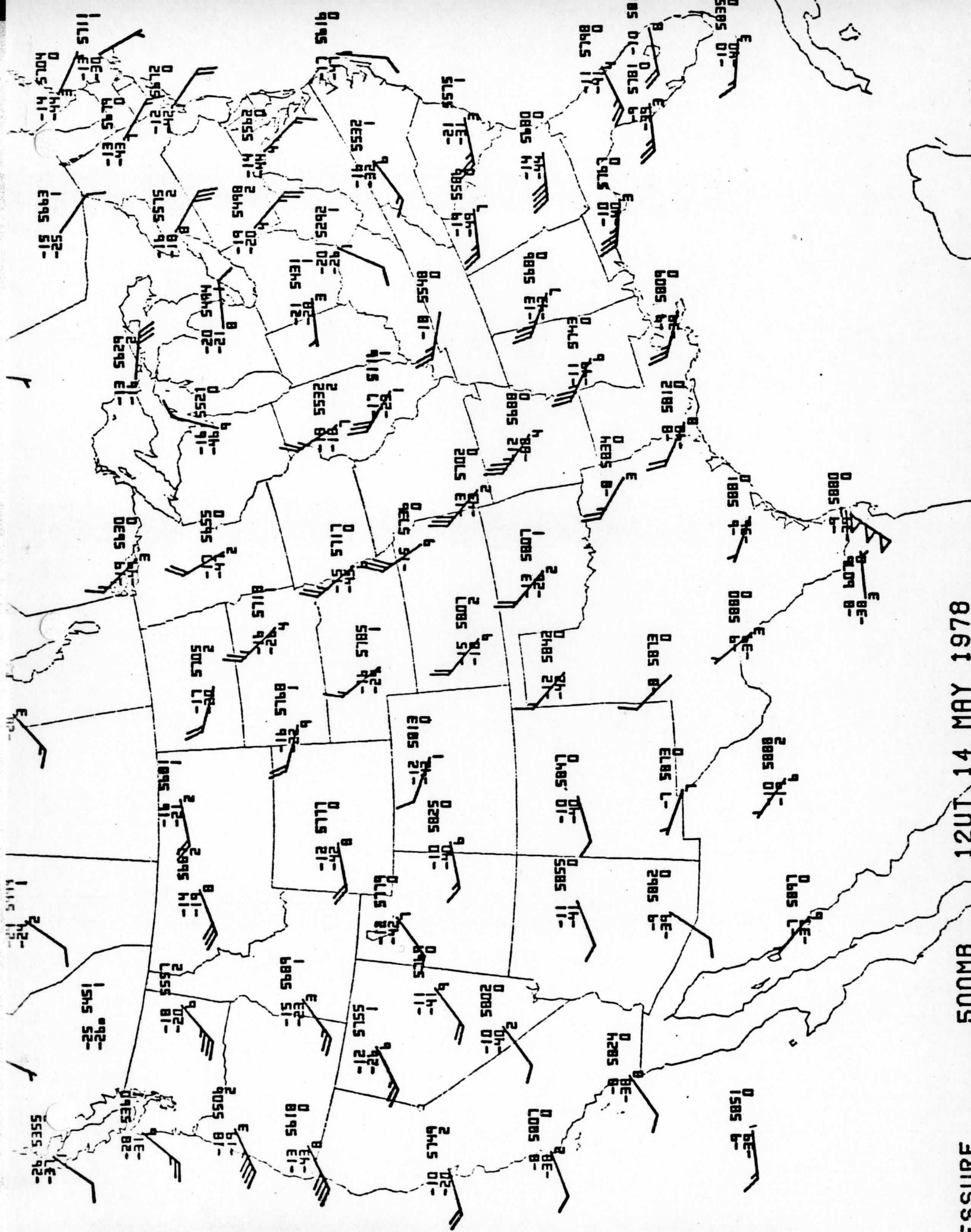
PRESSURE



1200UT 14 MAY 1978

500MB

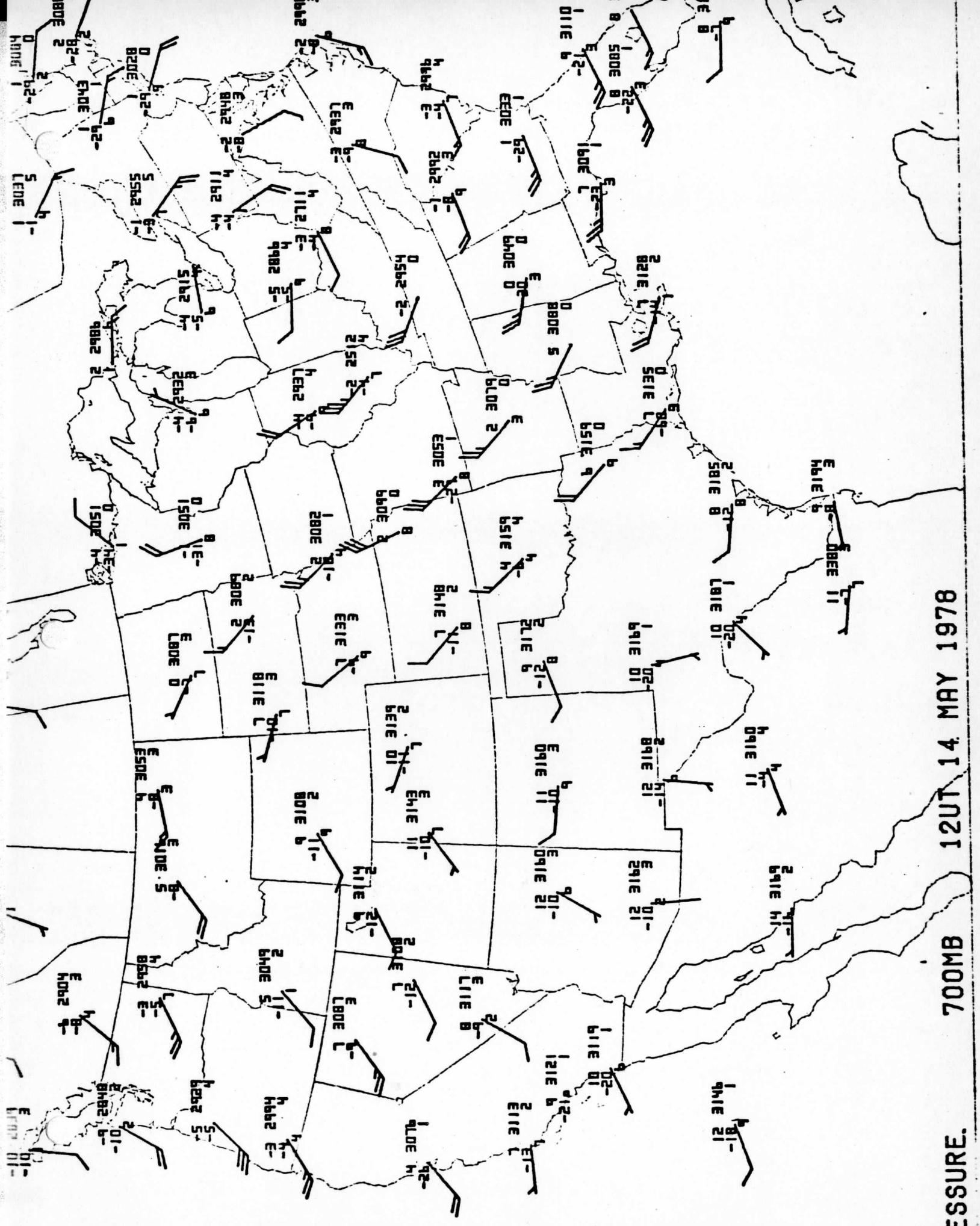
PRESSURE

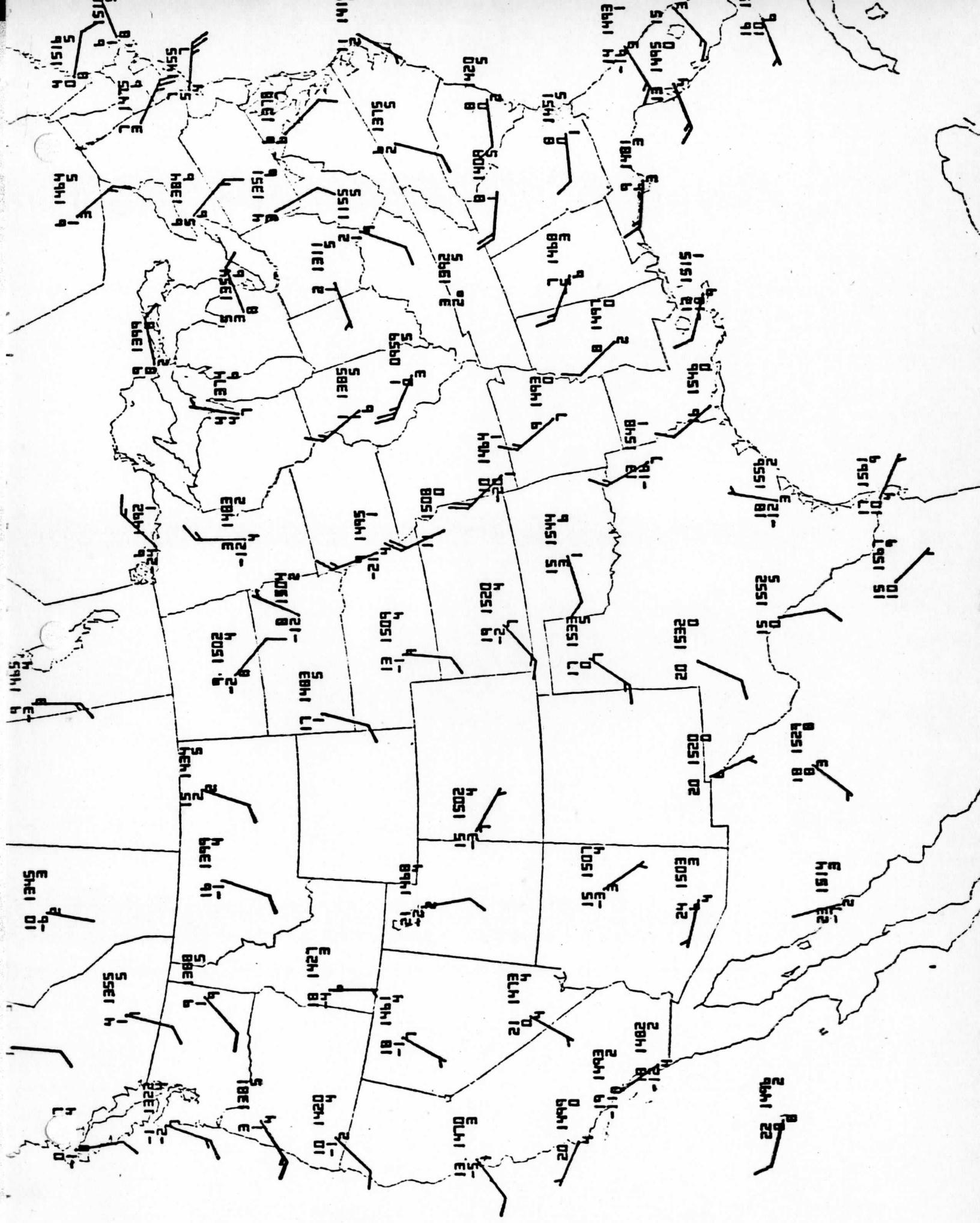


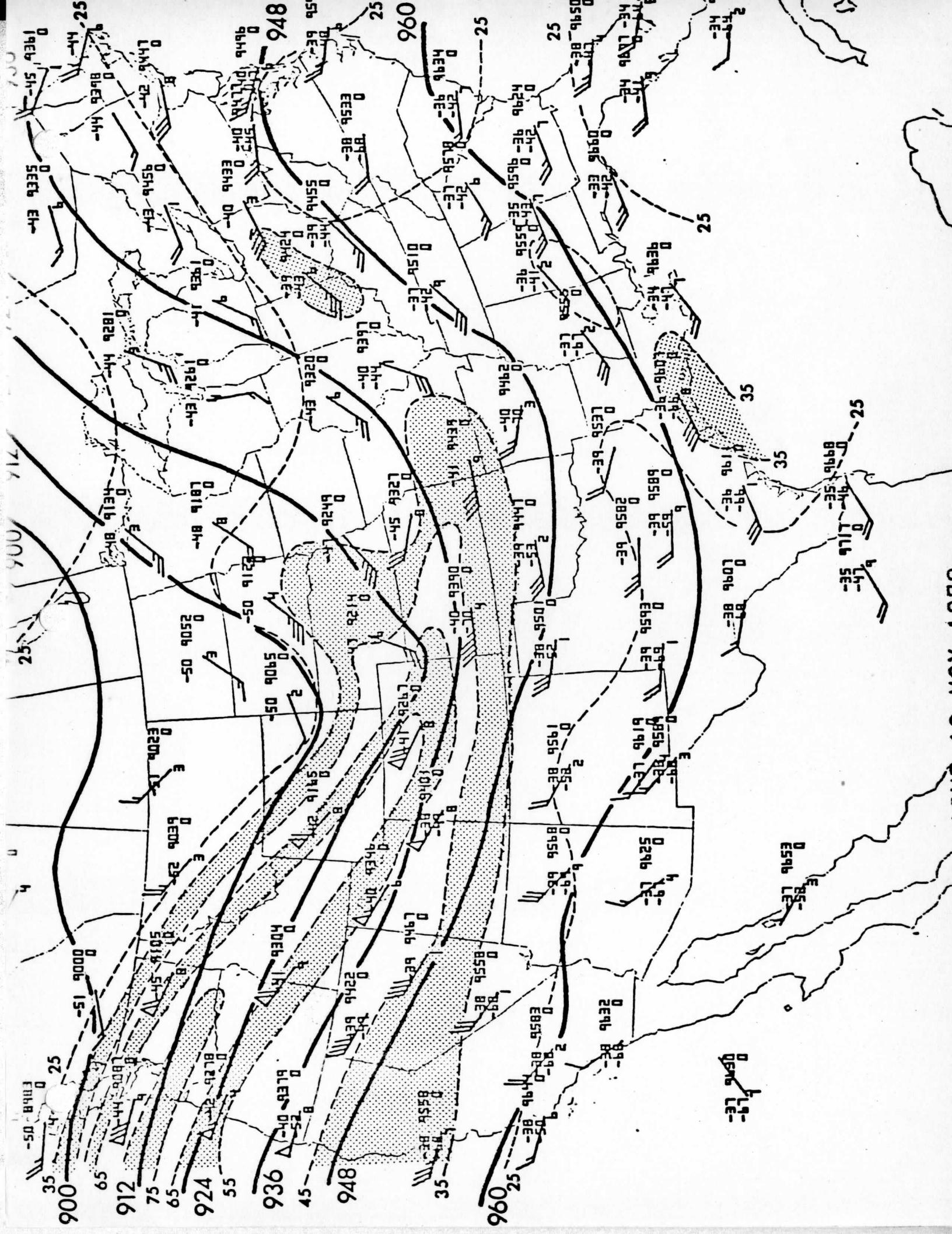
1201 14 MAY 1978

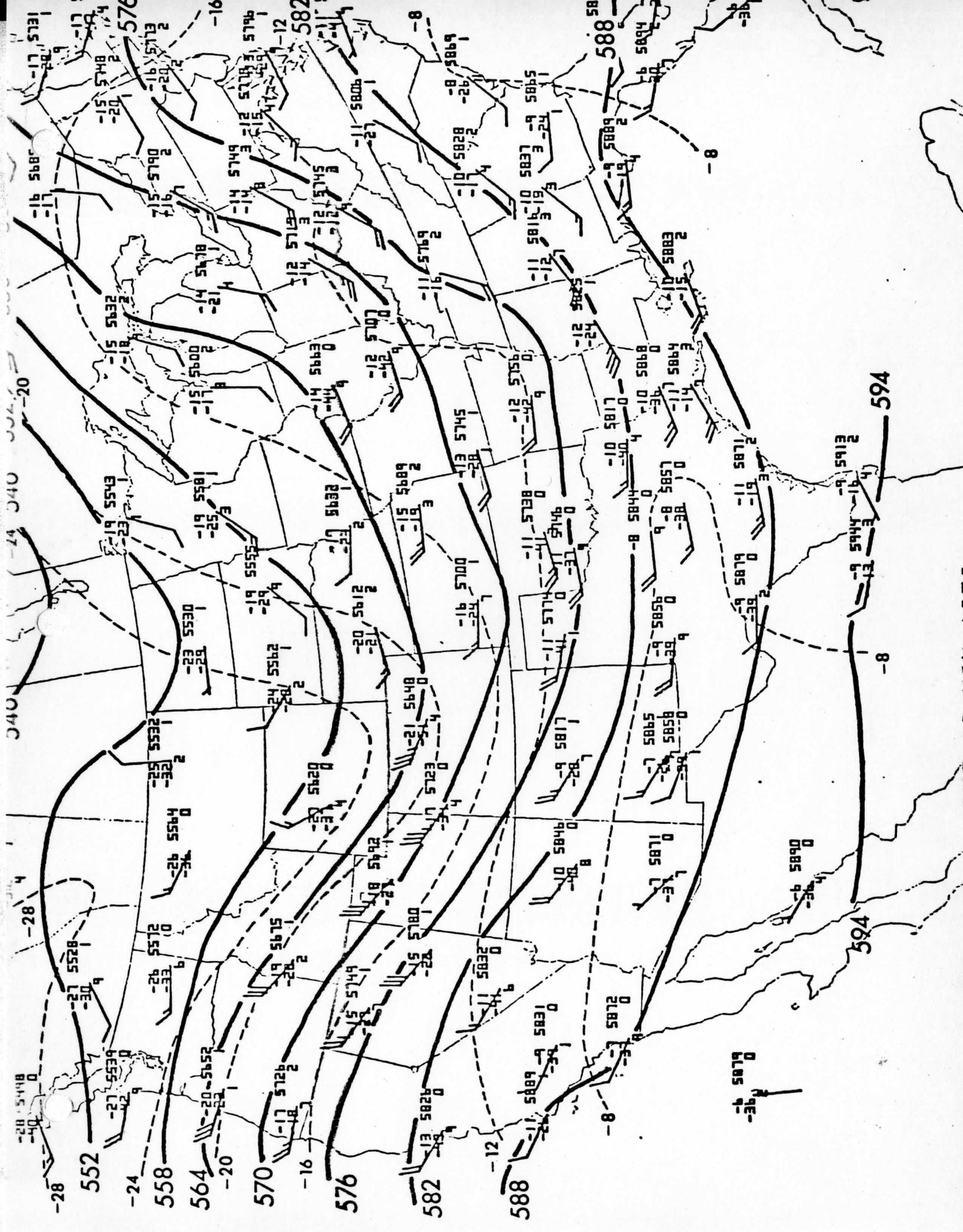
700MB

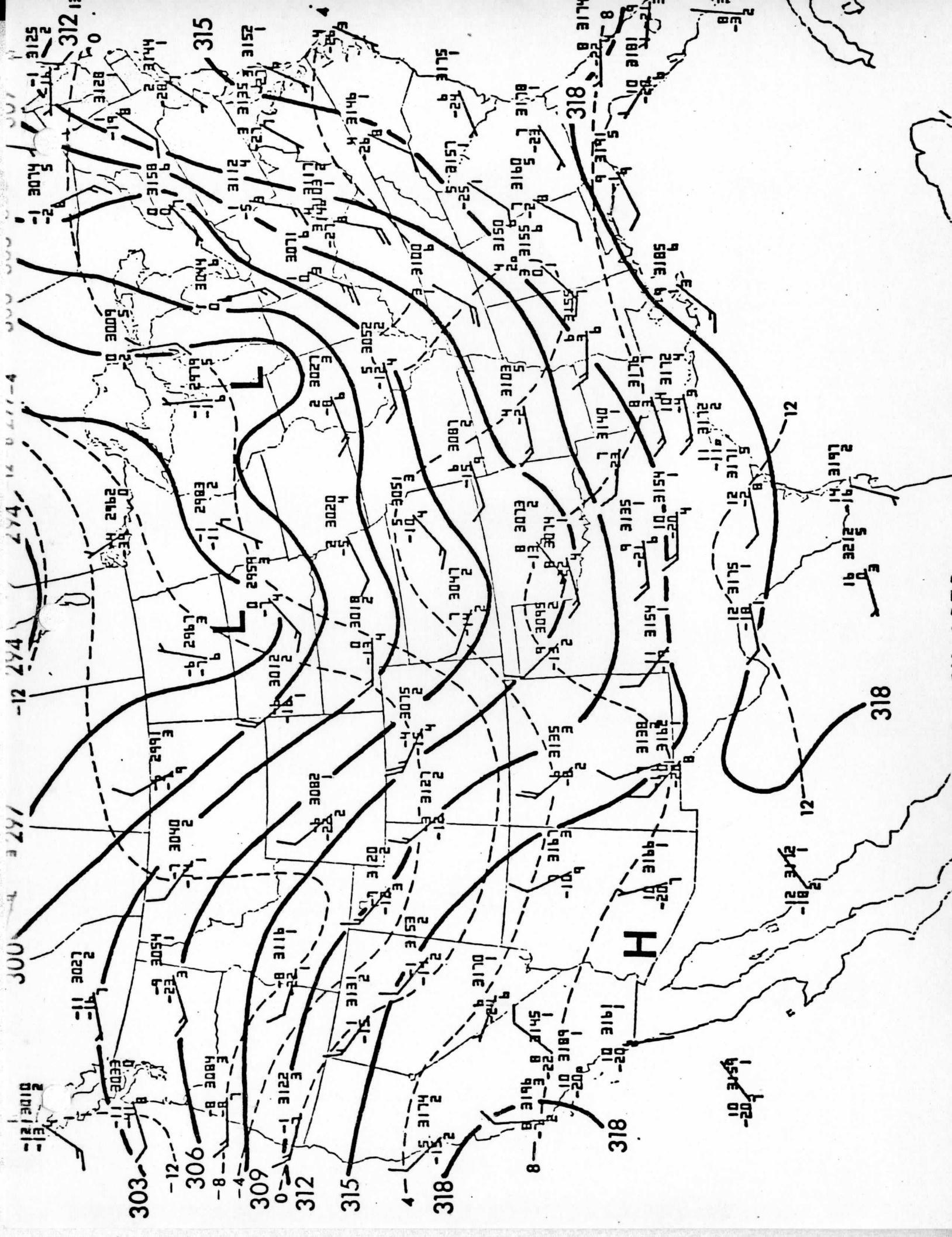
PRESSURE

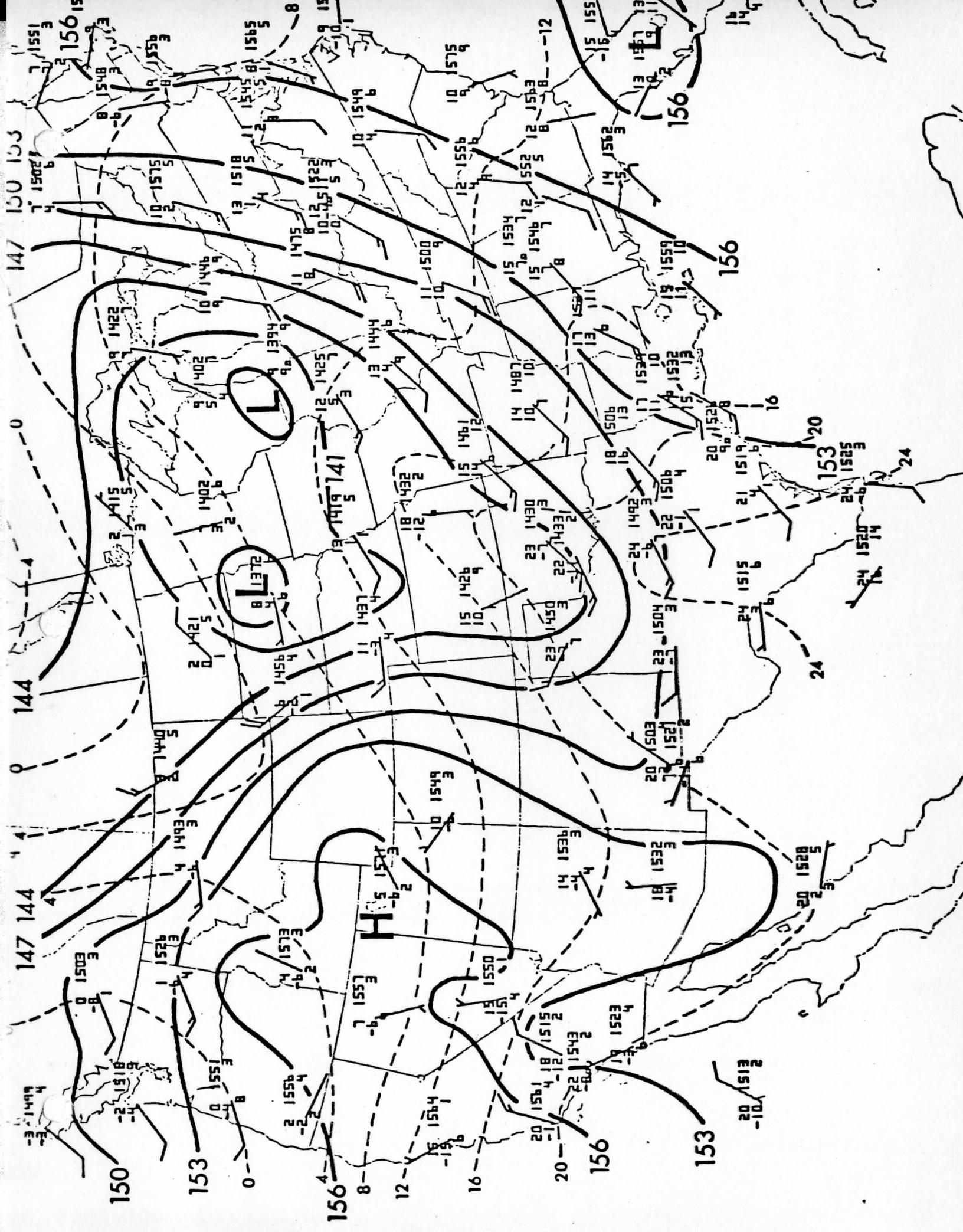


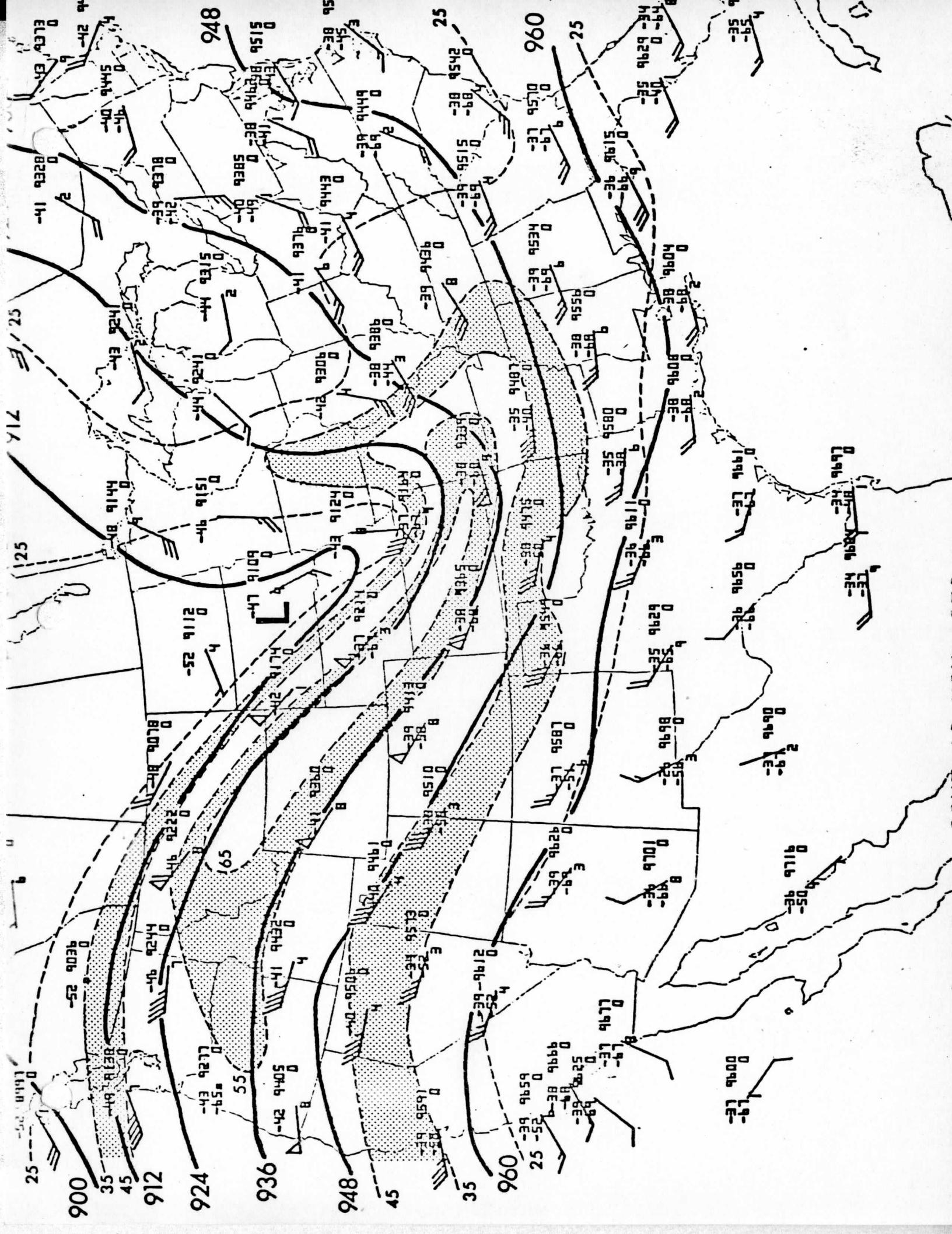


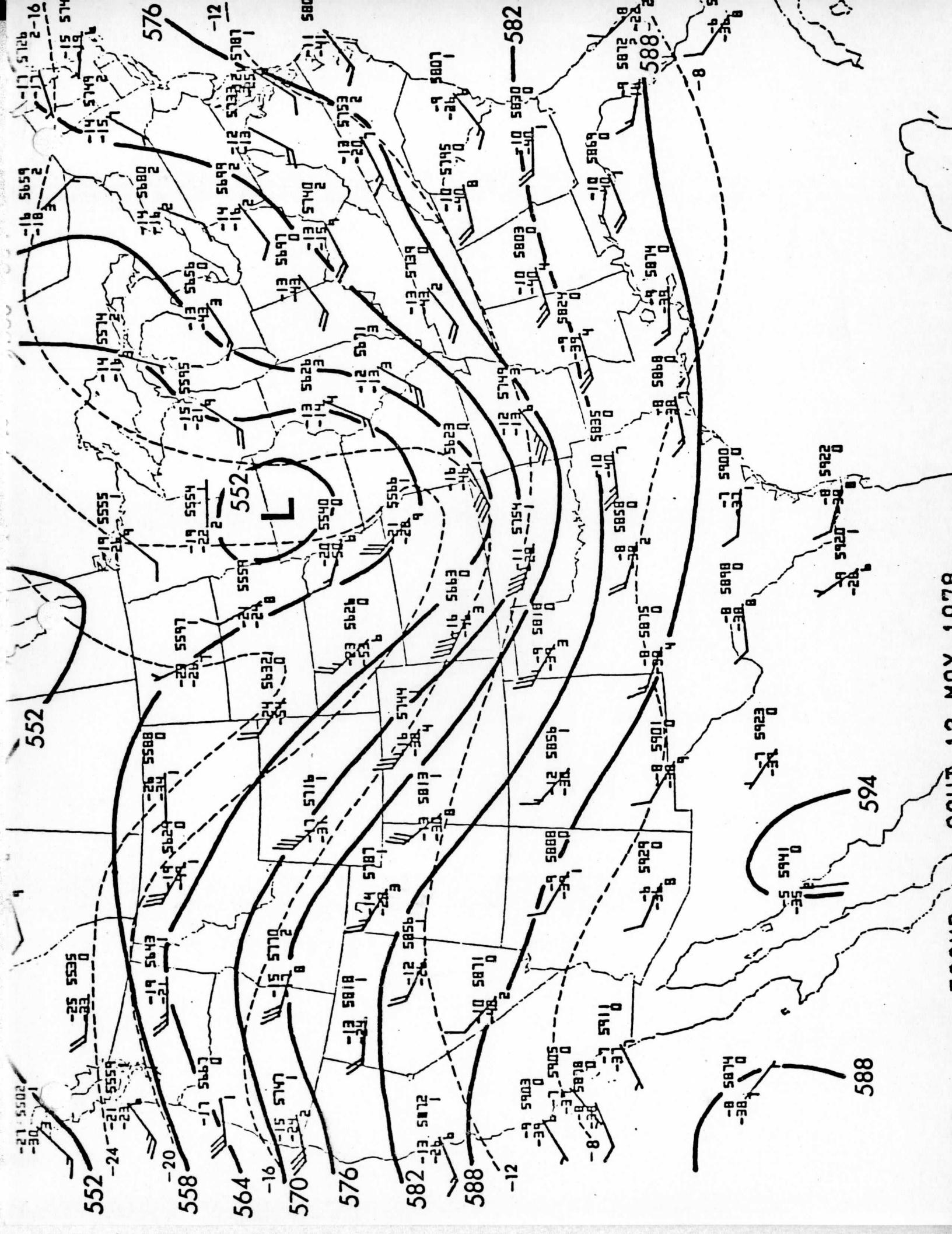


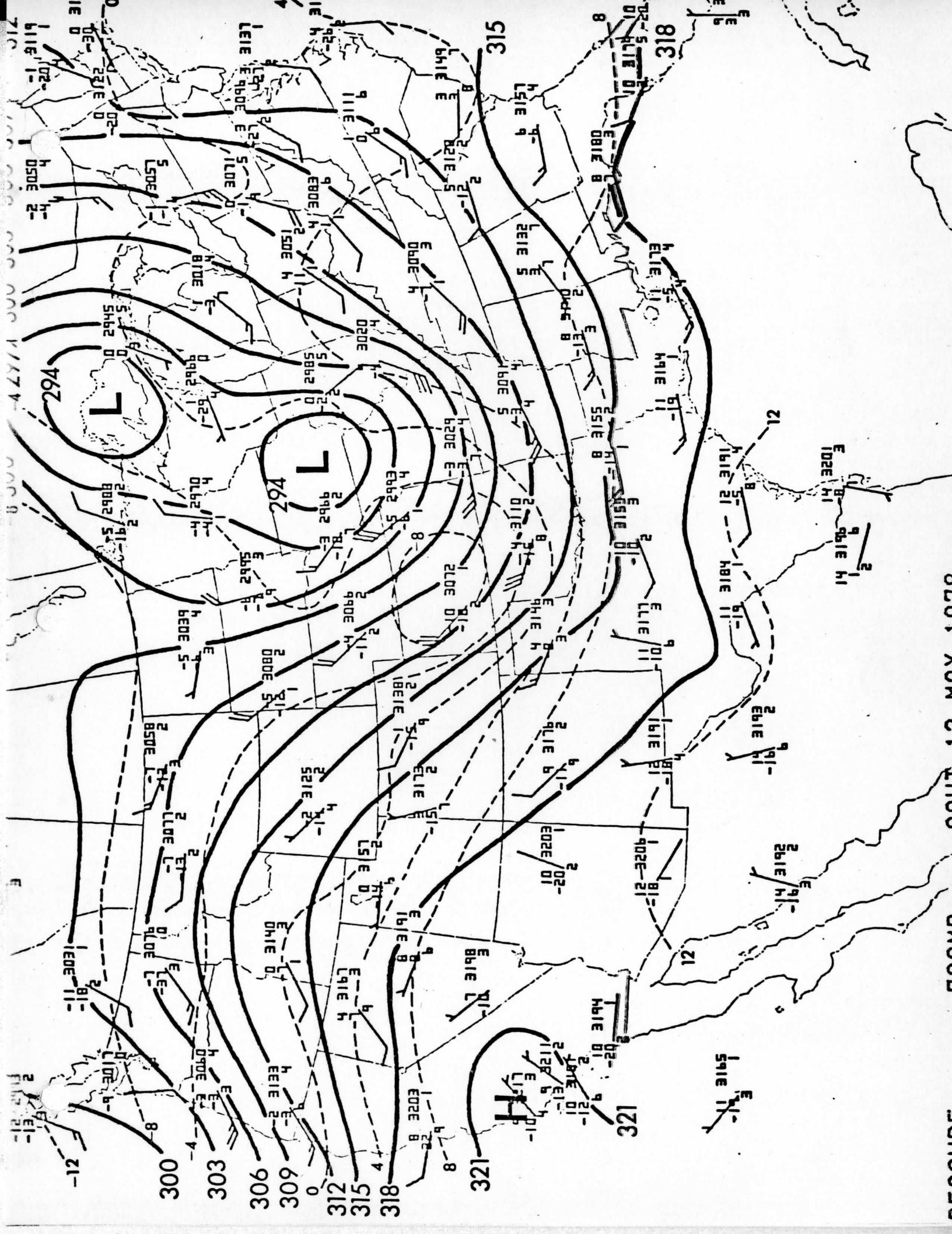


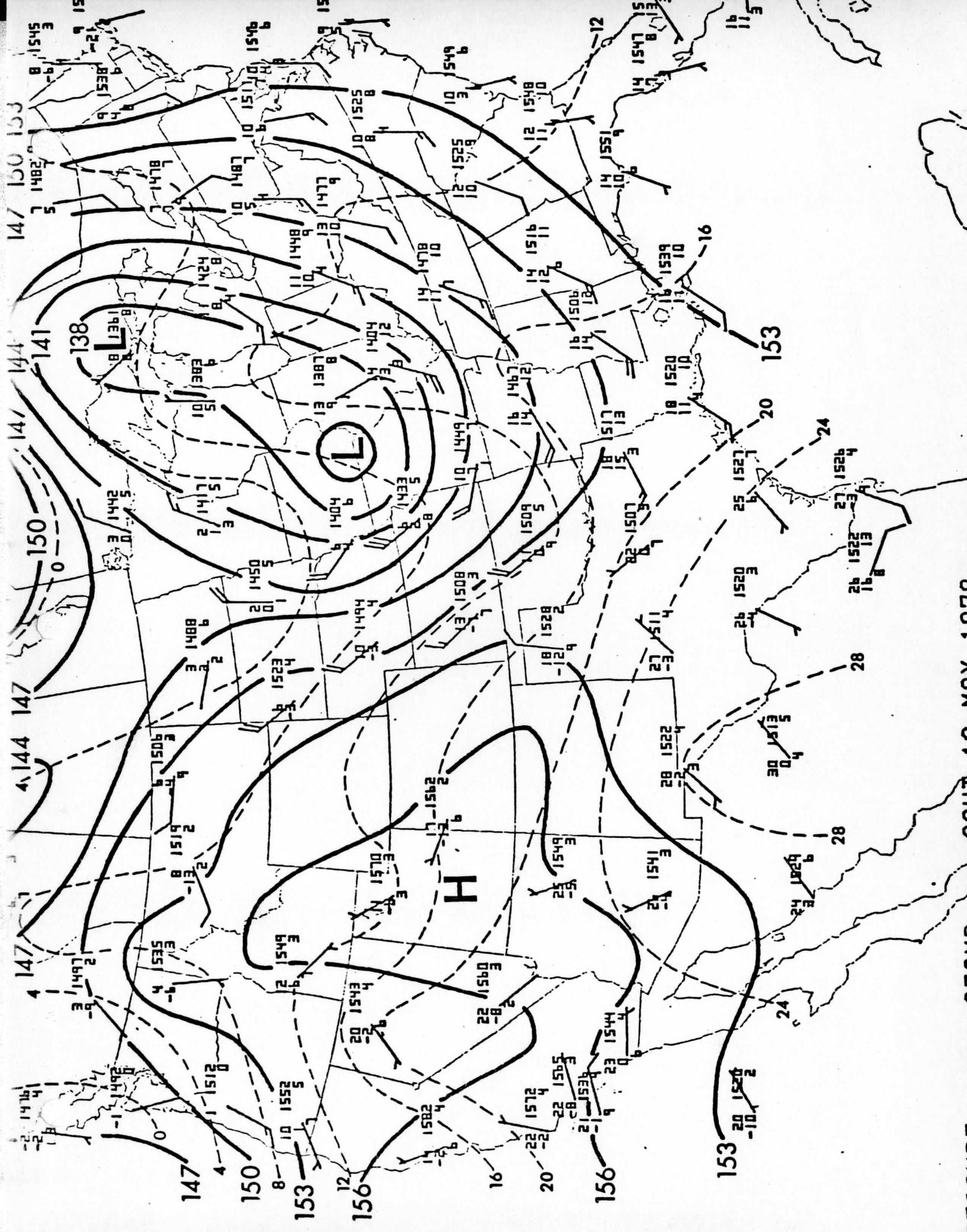


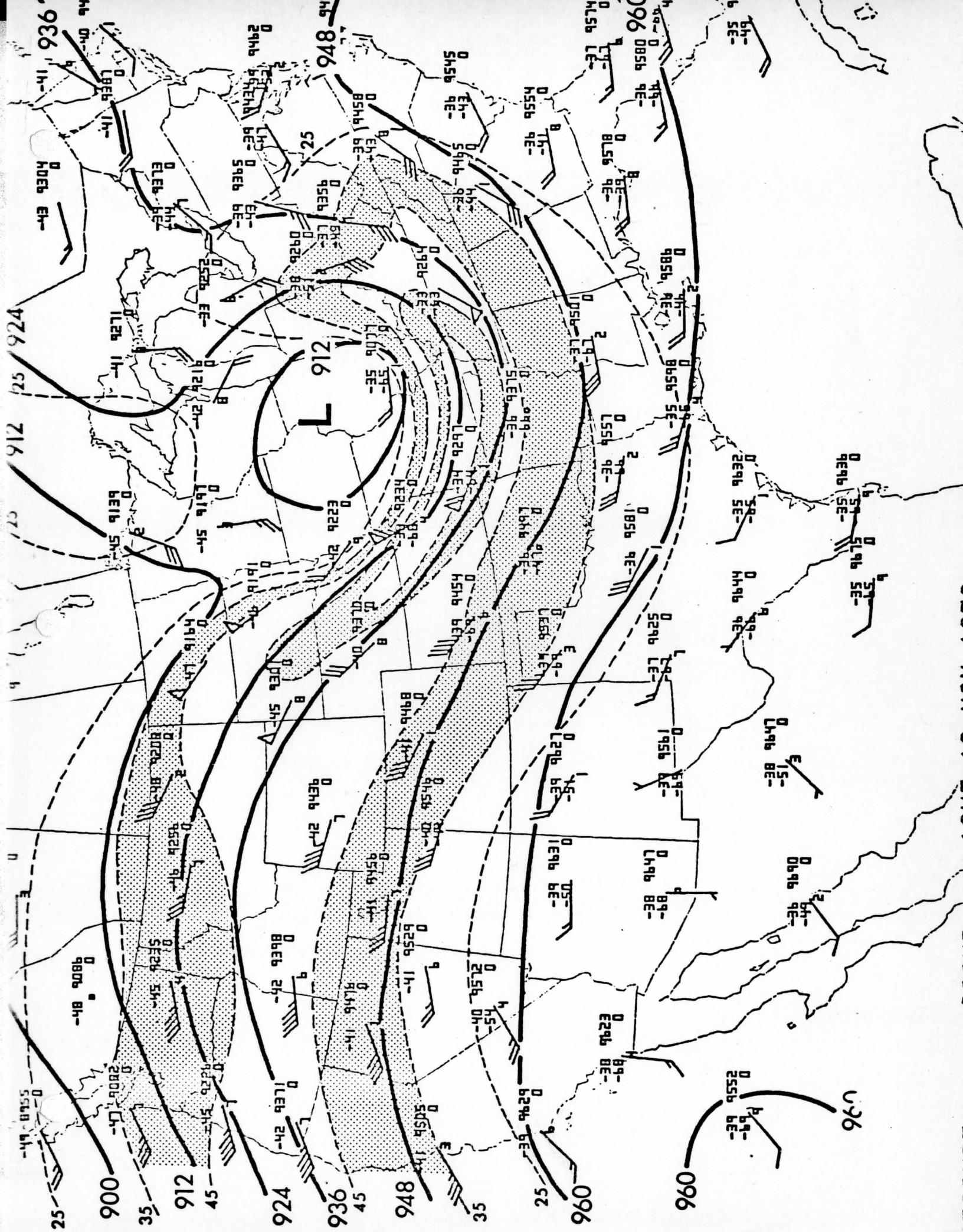


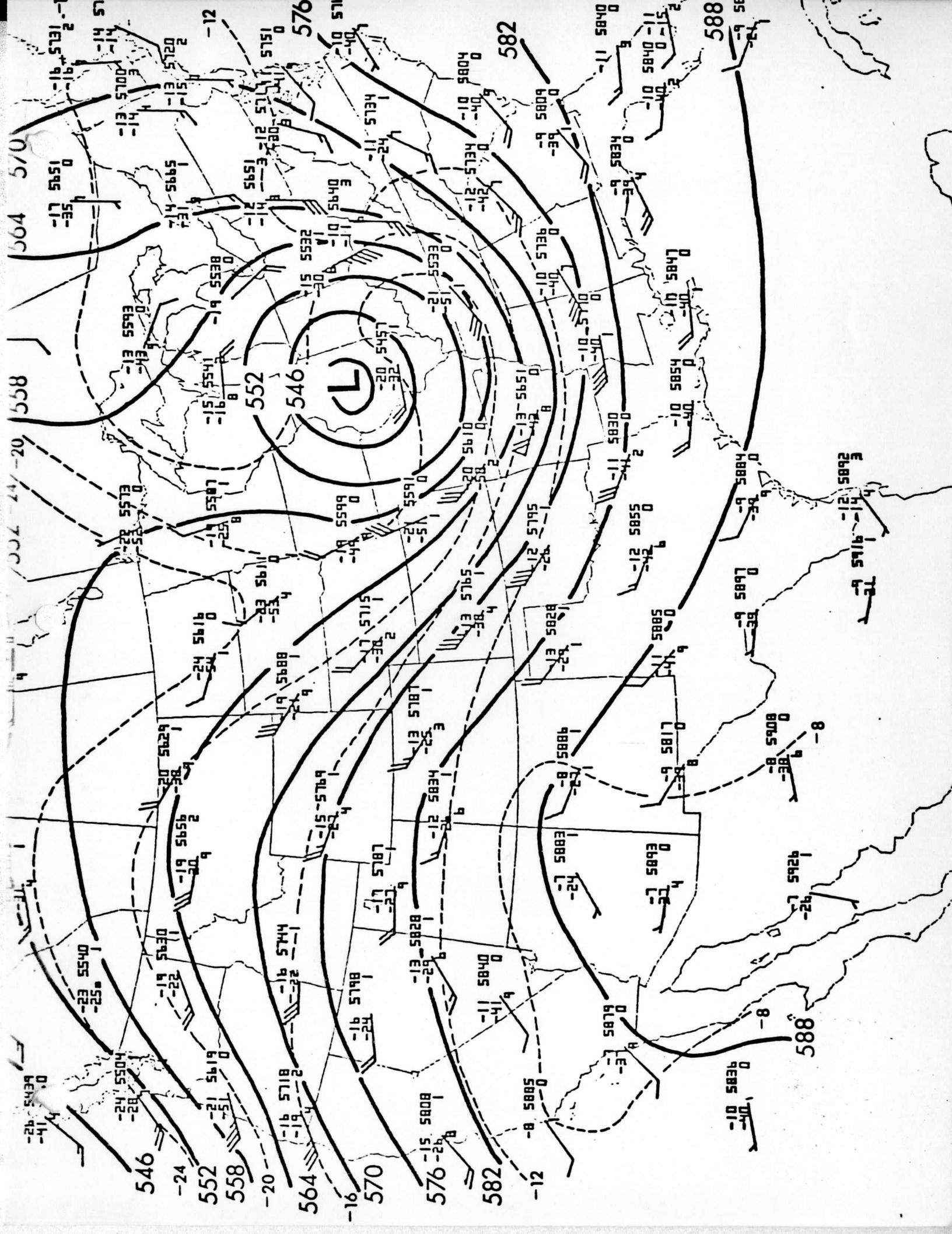


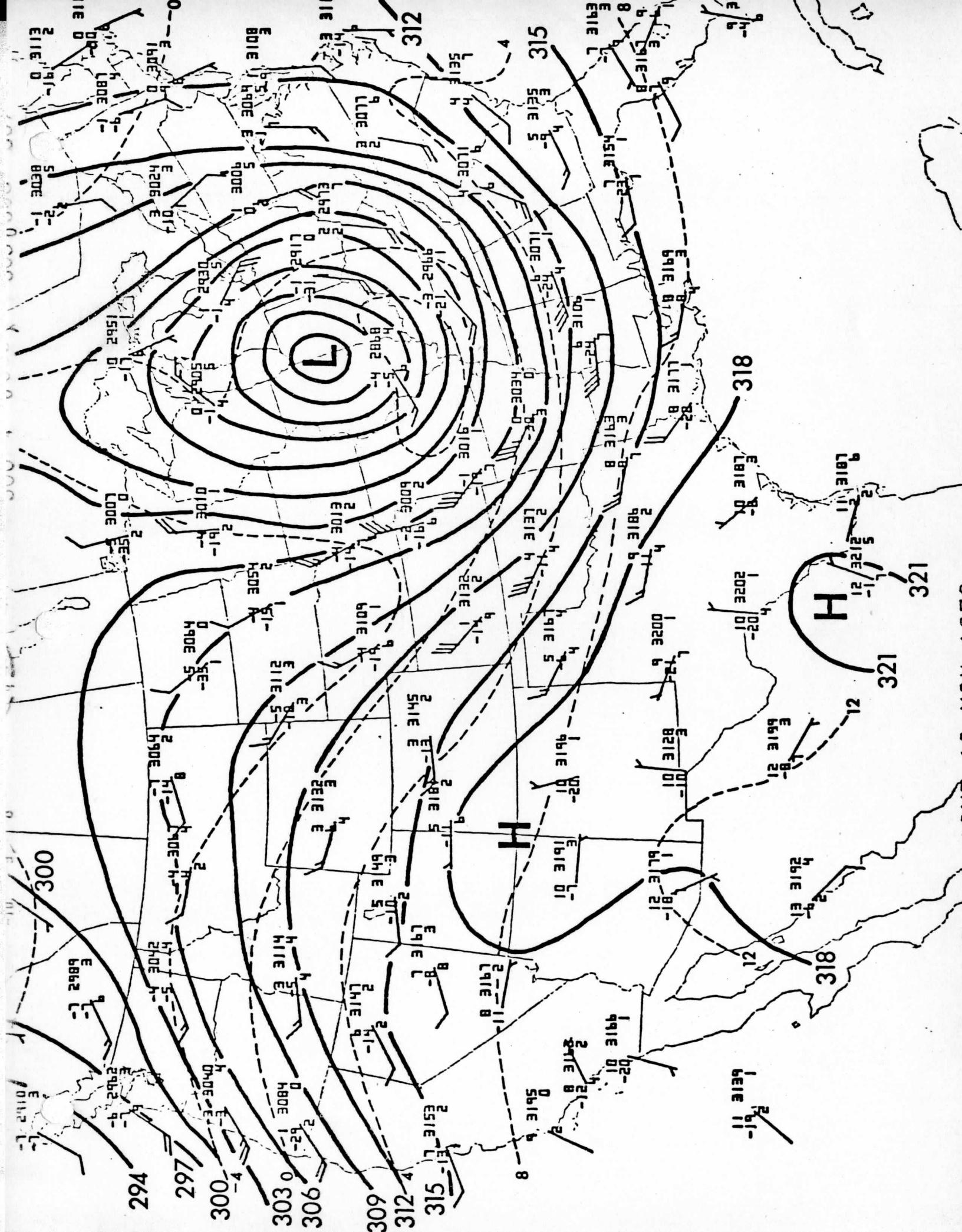


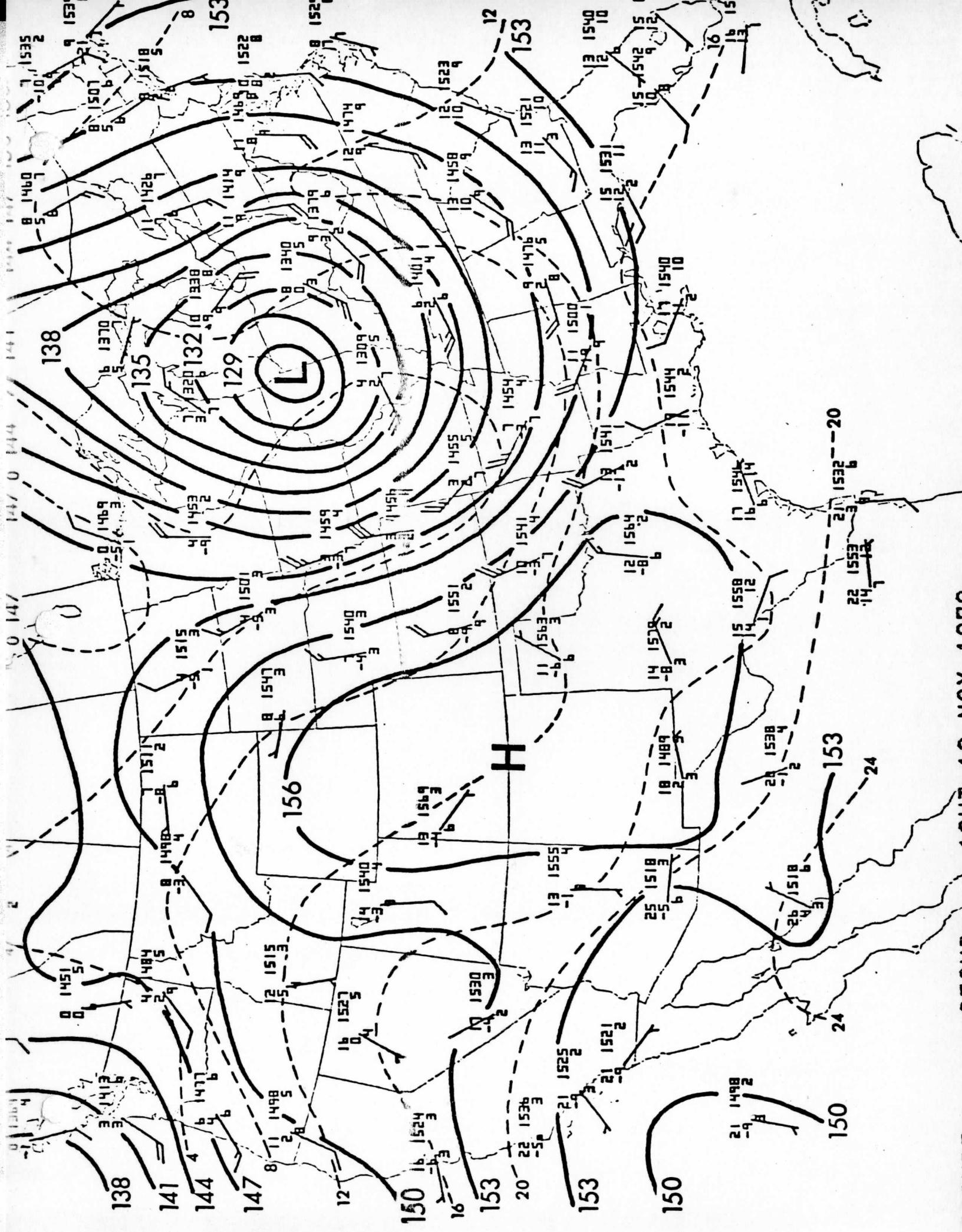








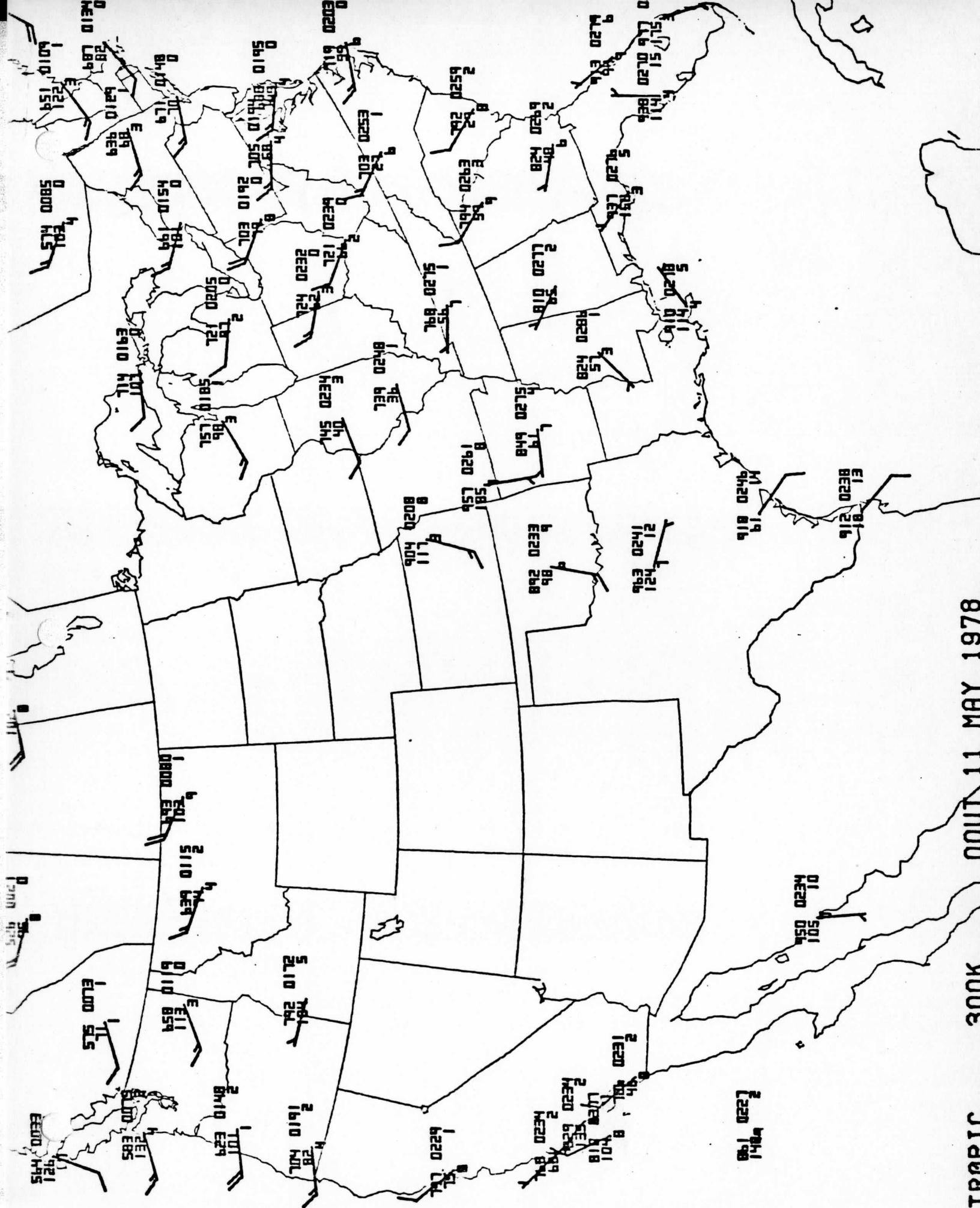




C. ISENTROPIC CHARTS

11 MAY 1978

2000K

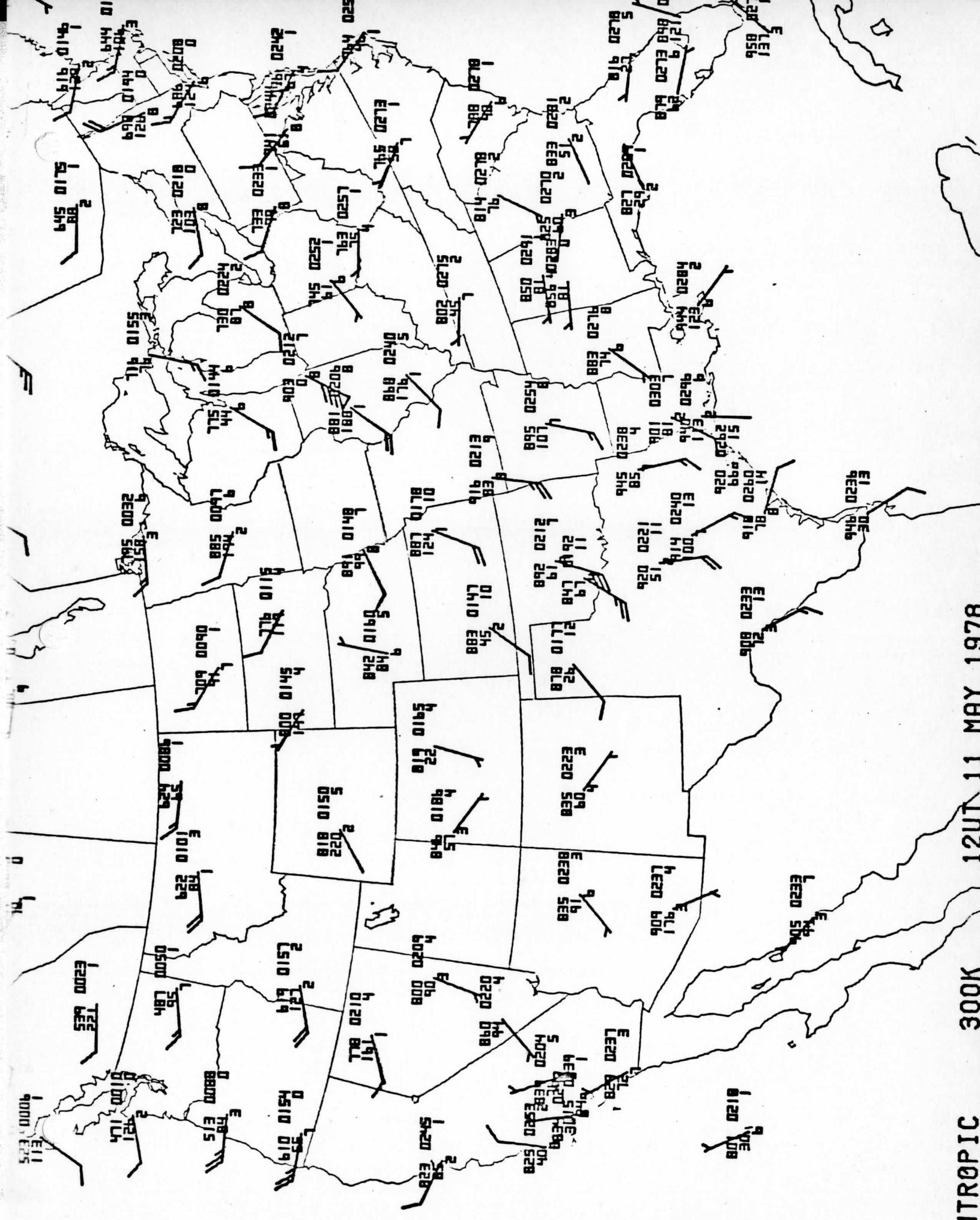


00111 11 MAY 1978

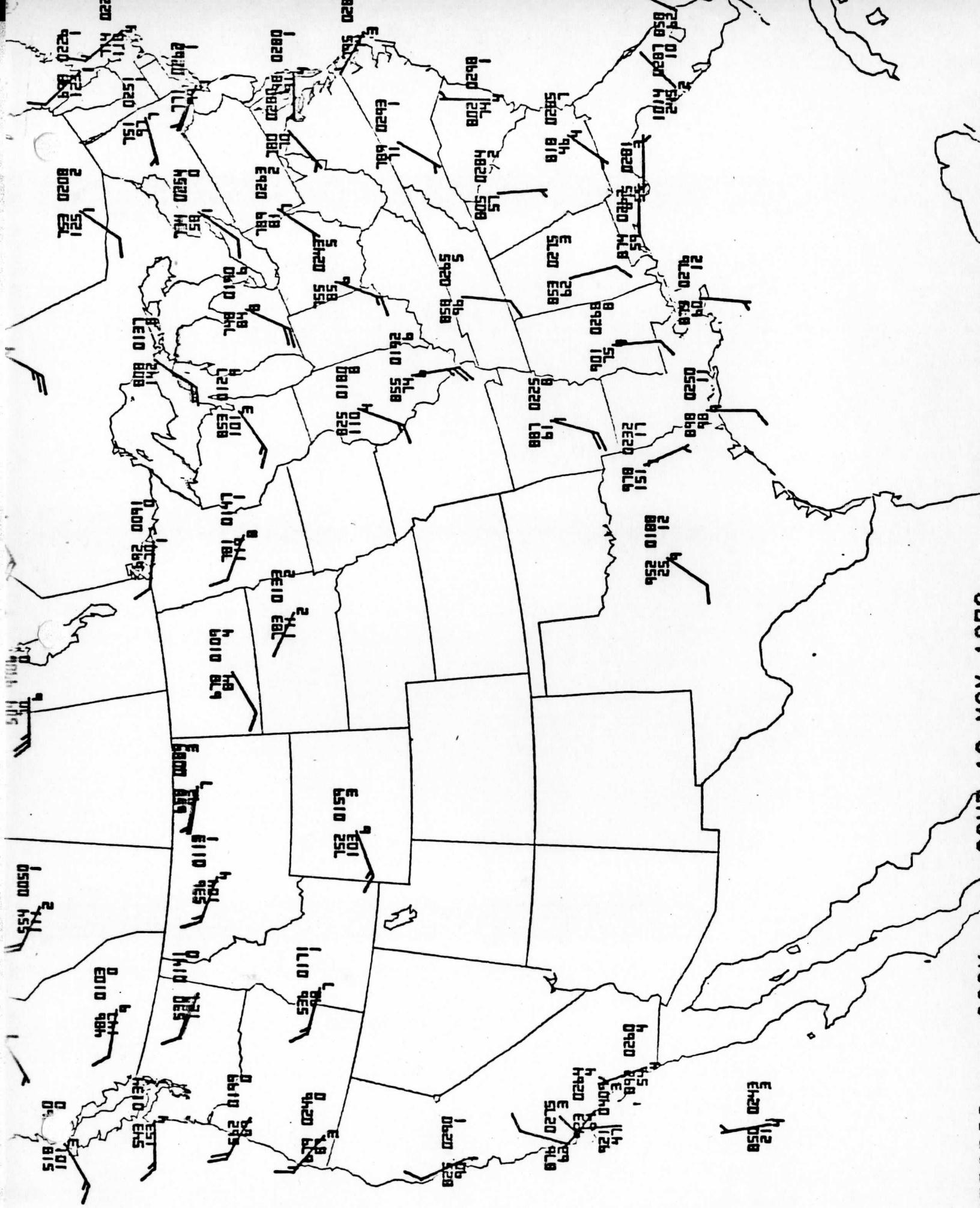
\* 870 \*

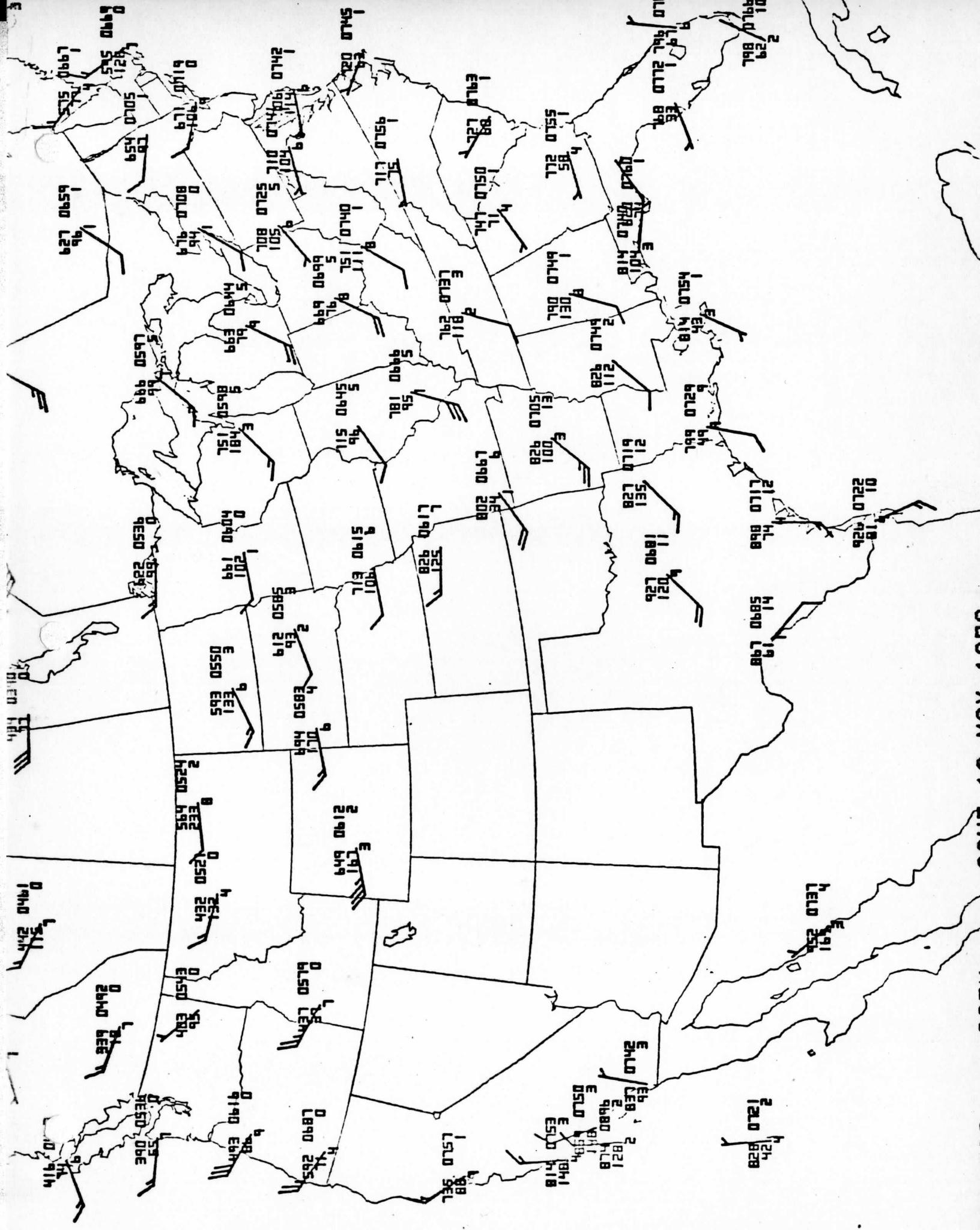
---

SENTROPIC 12UT 11 MAY 1978

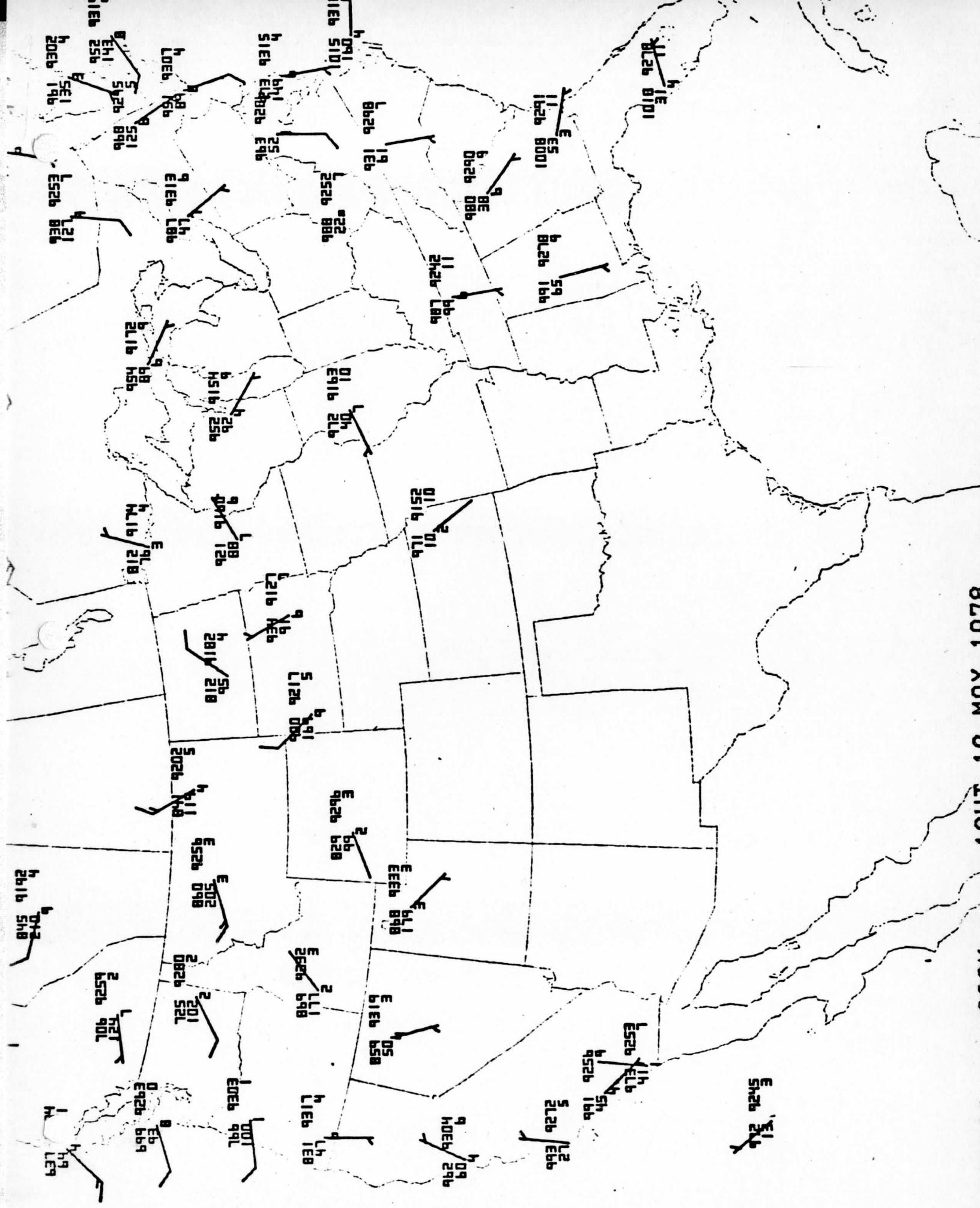


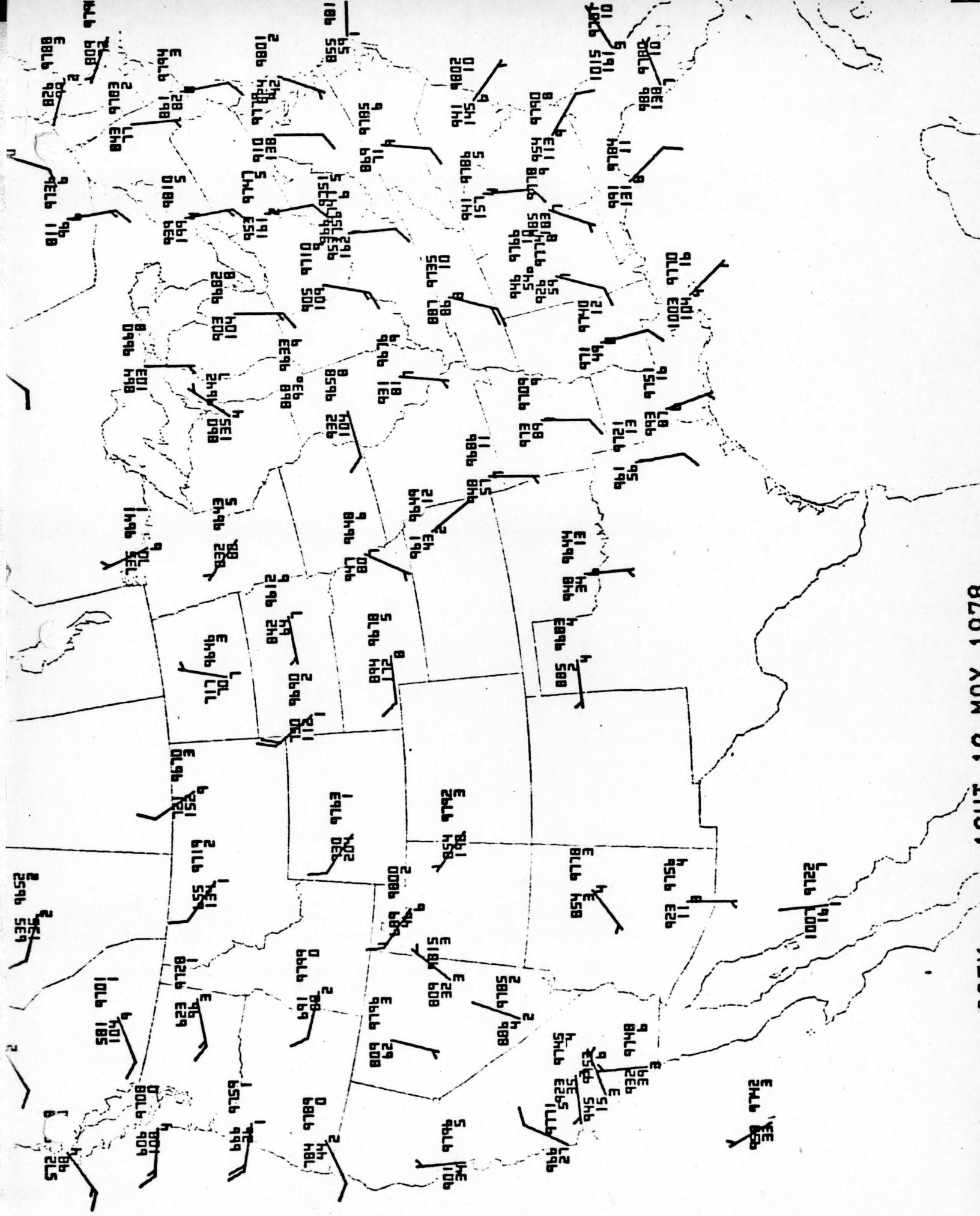
12117 11 MAY 1978

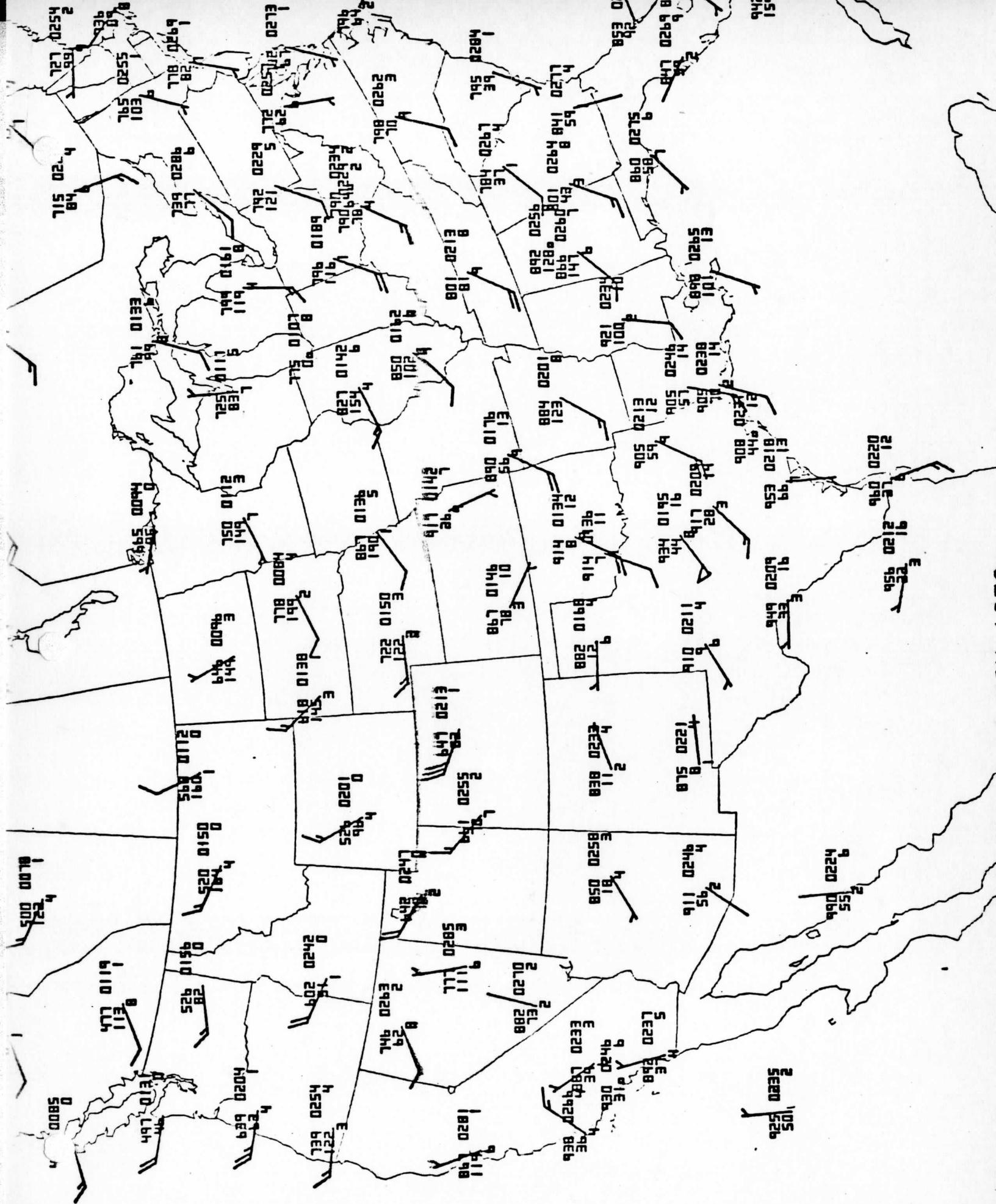




12 MAY 1970

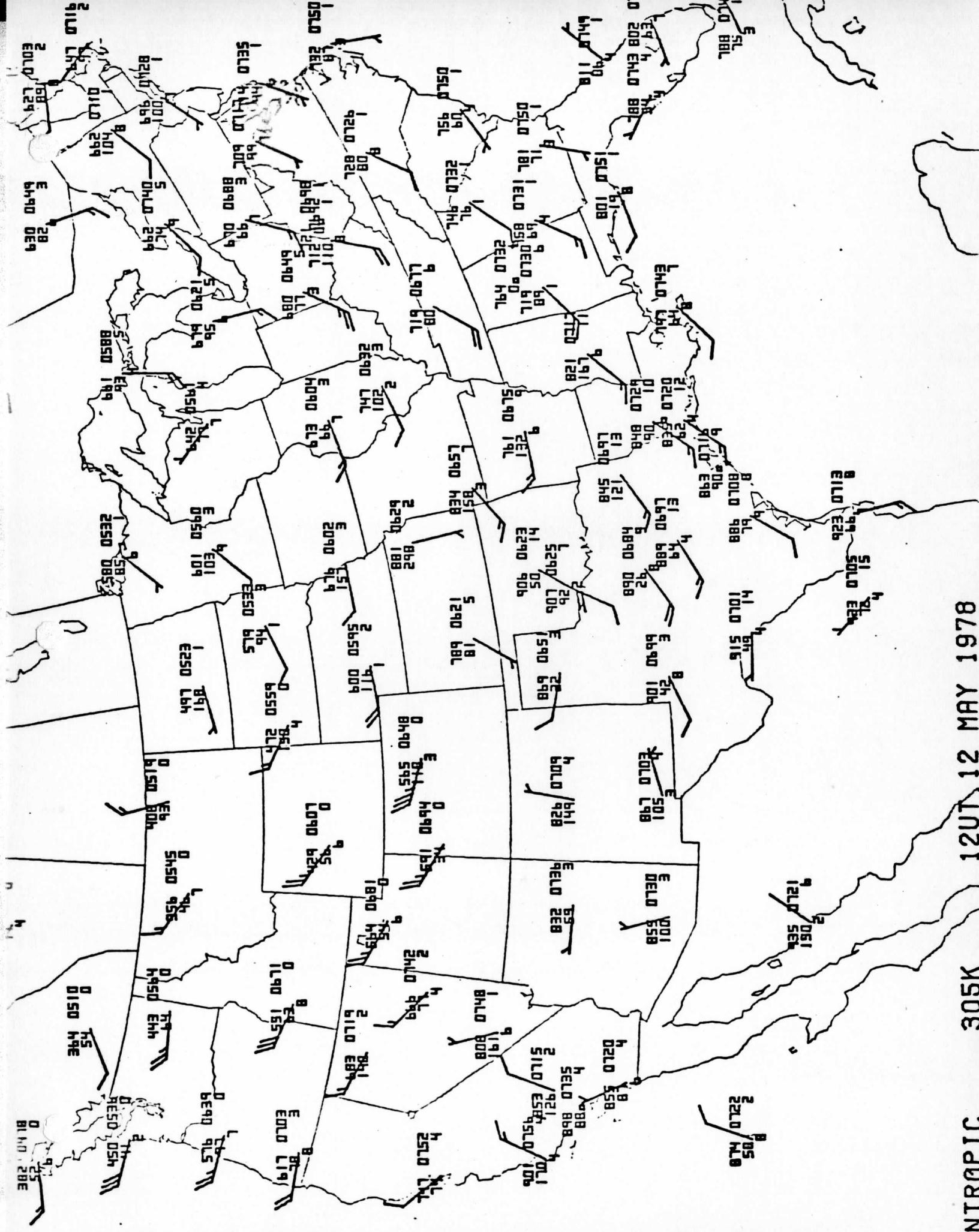


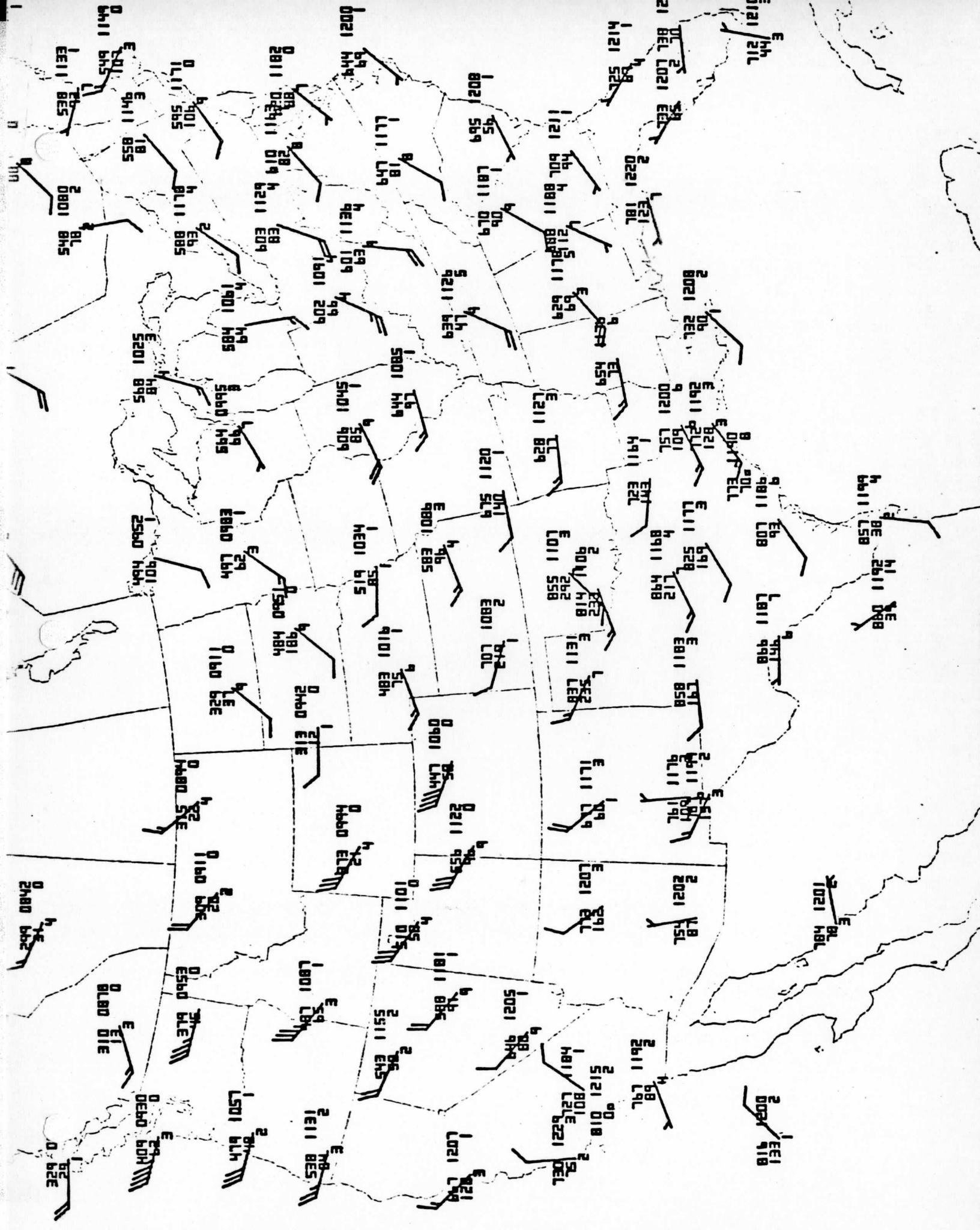


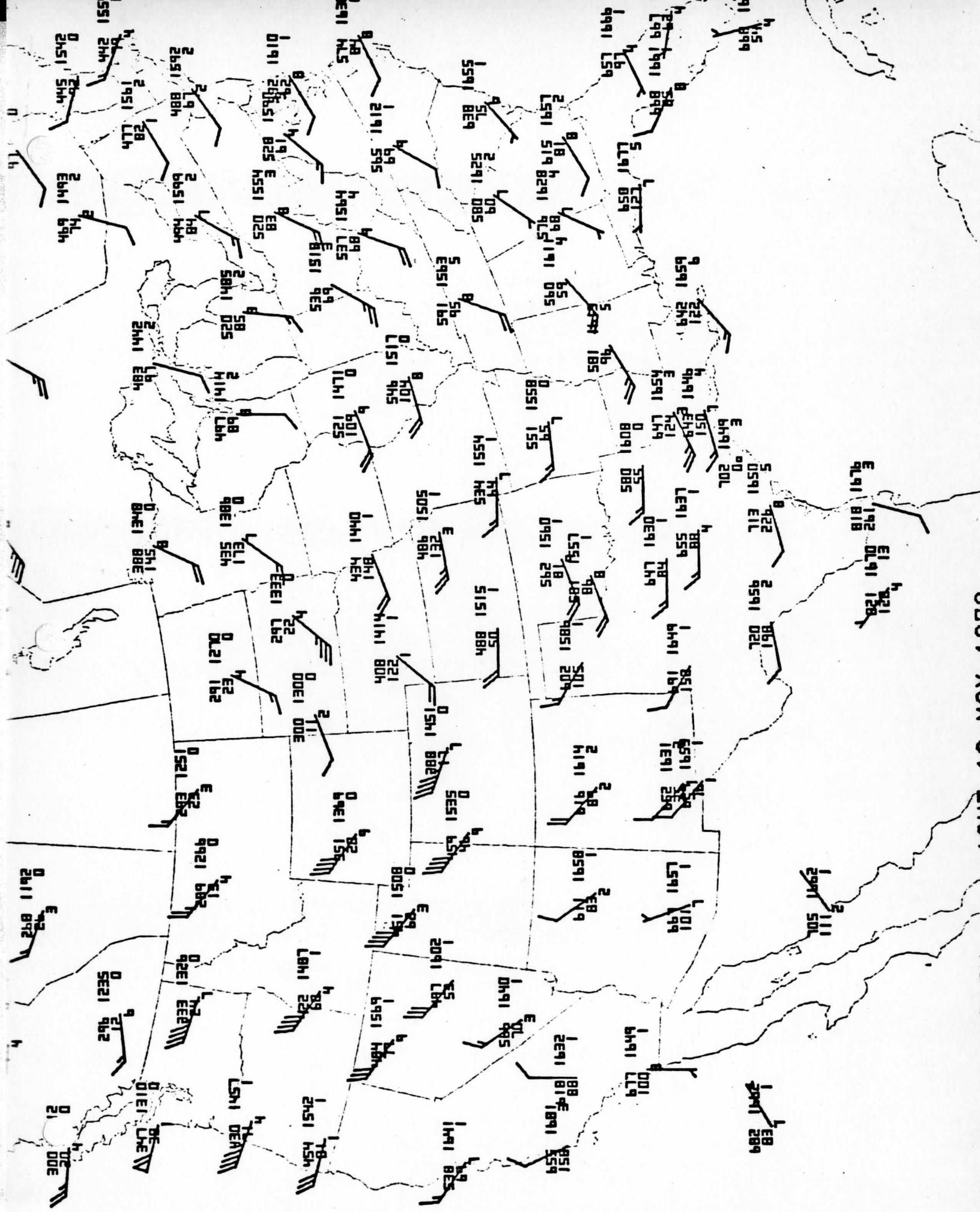


120UT 12 MAY 1978

305K



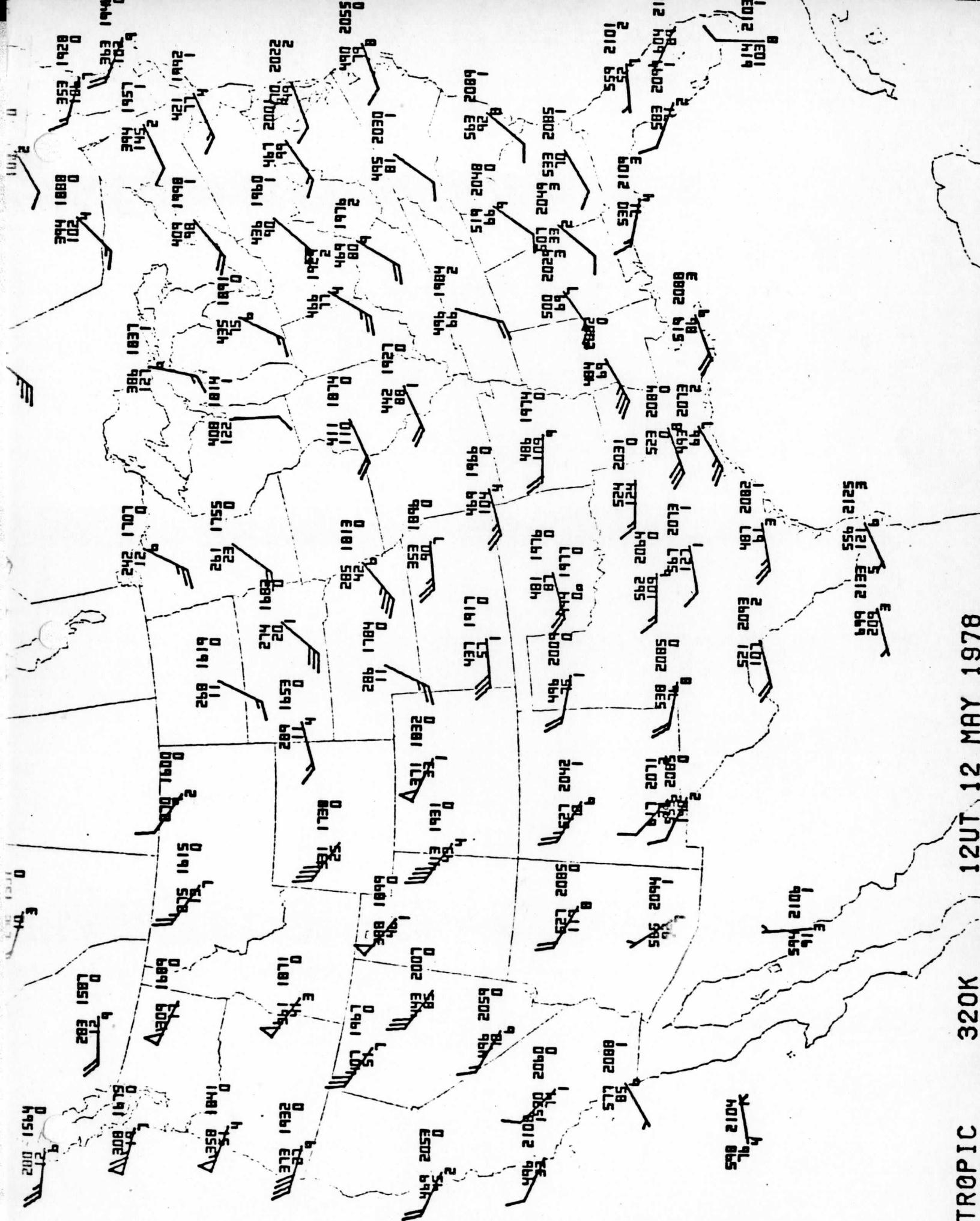




12 UNT 12 MAY 1978

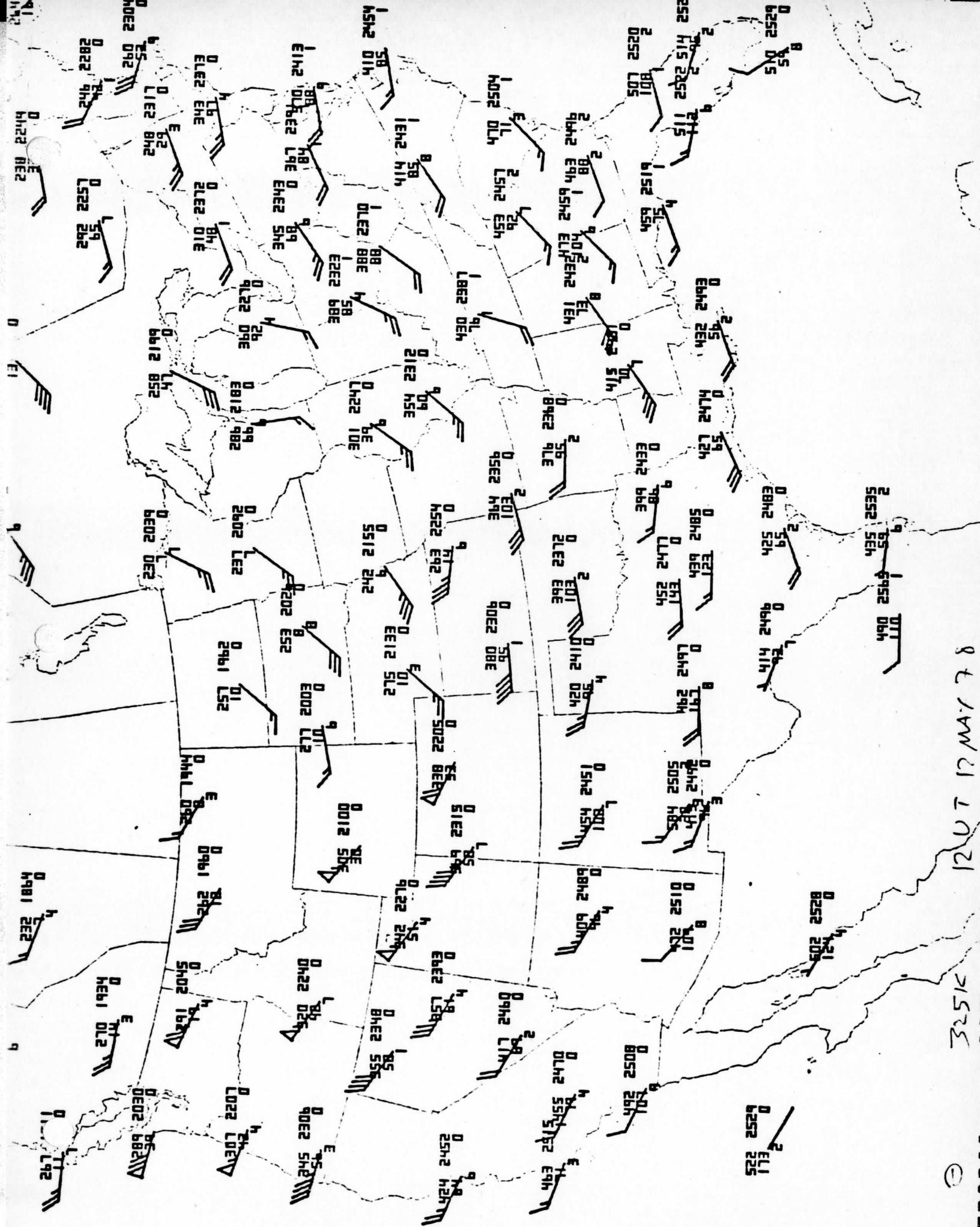
320K

JENTROPIC



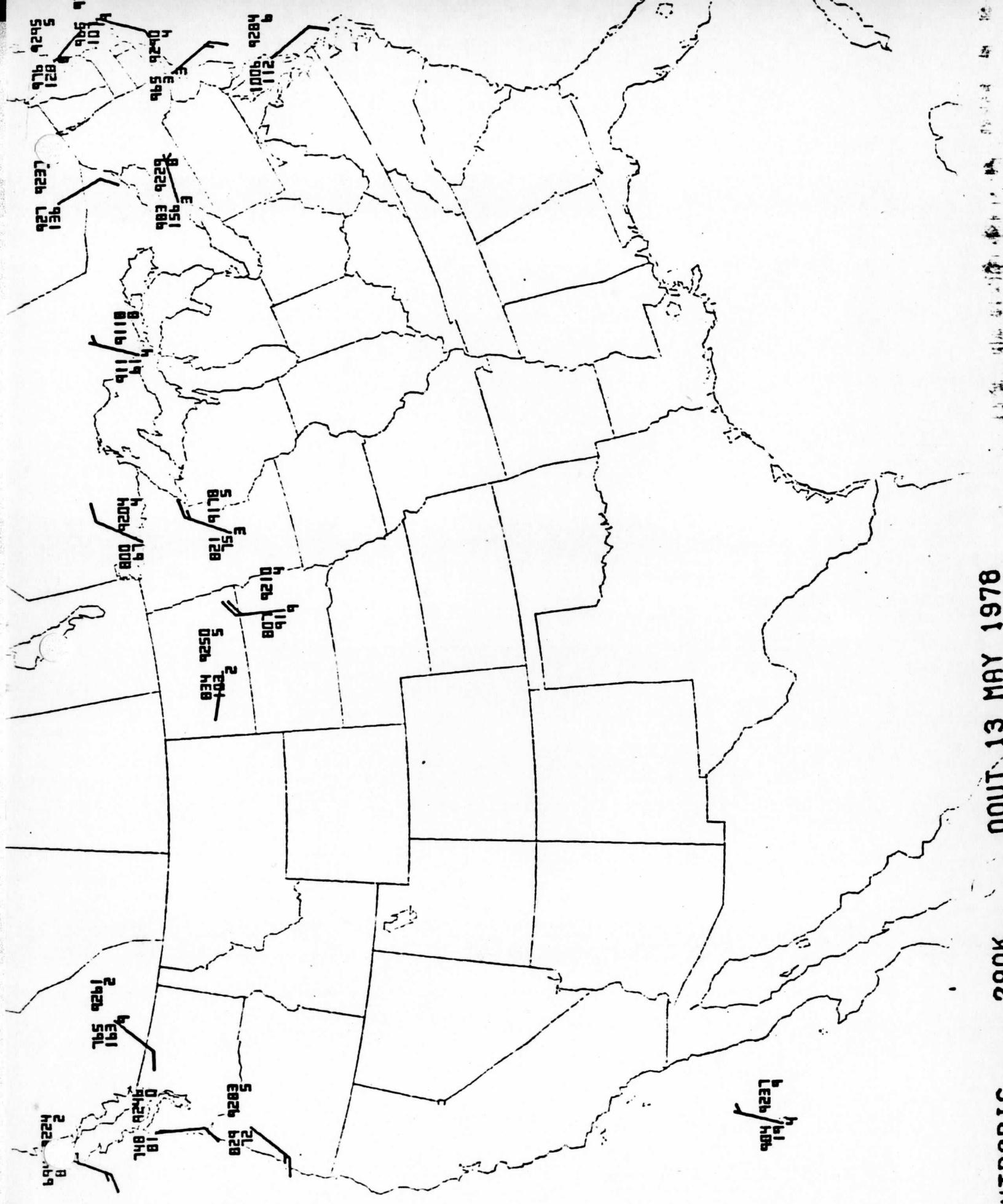
120°T 12N 325°E

(1)



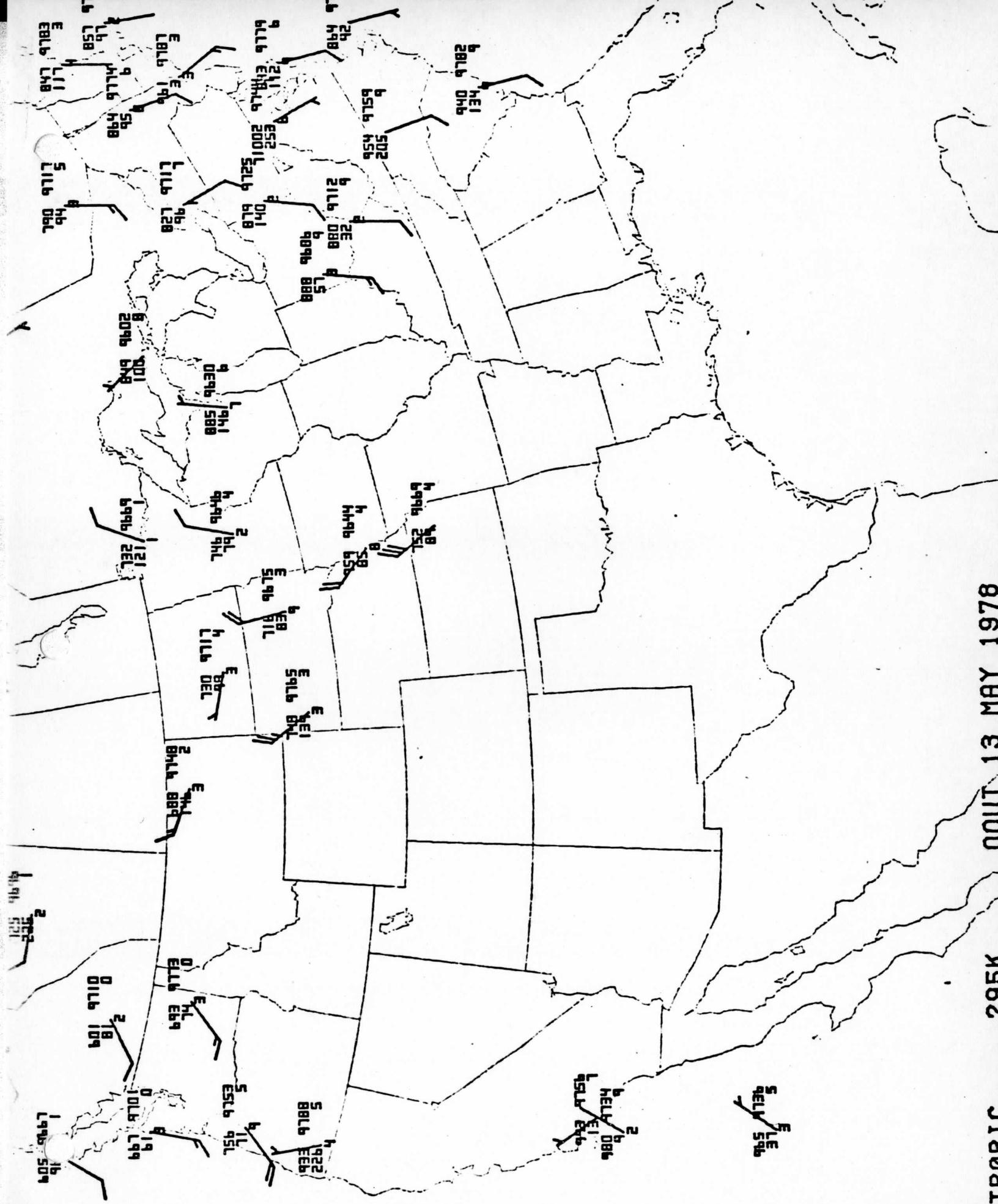
DOU13 MAY 1978

book

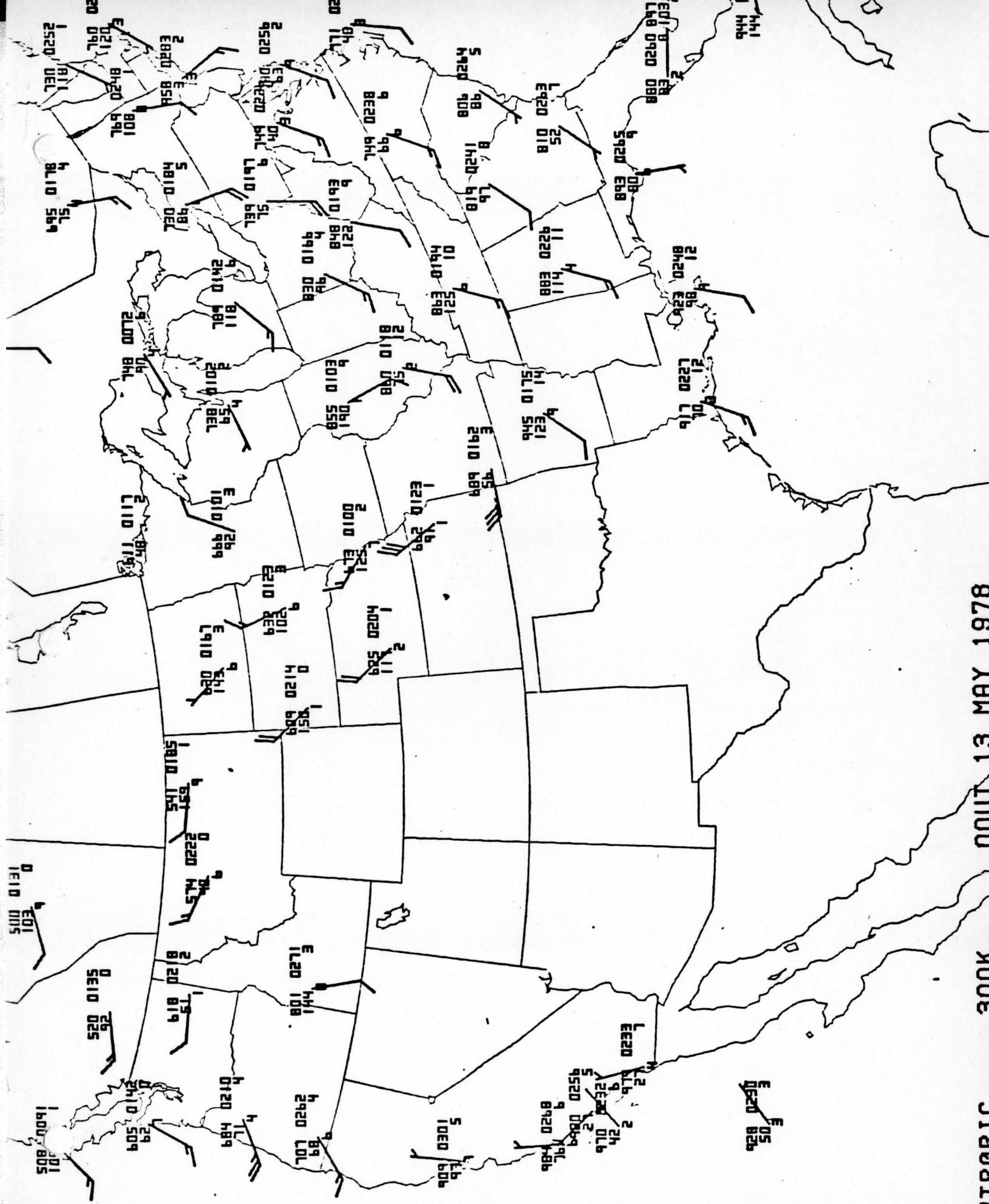


000 13 MAY 1978

295K CENTRAL PACIFIC

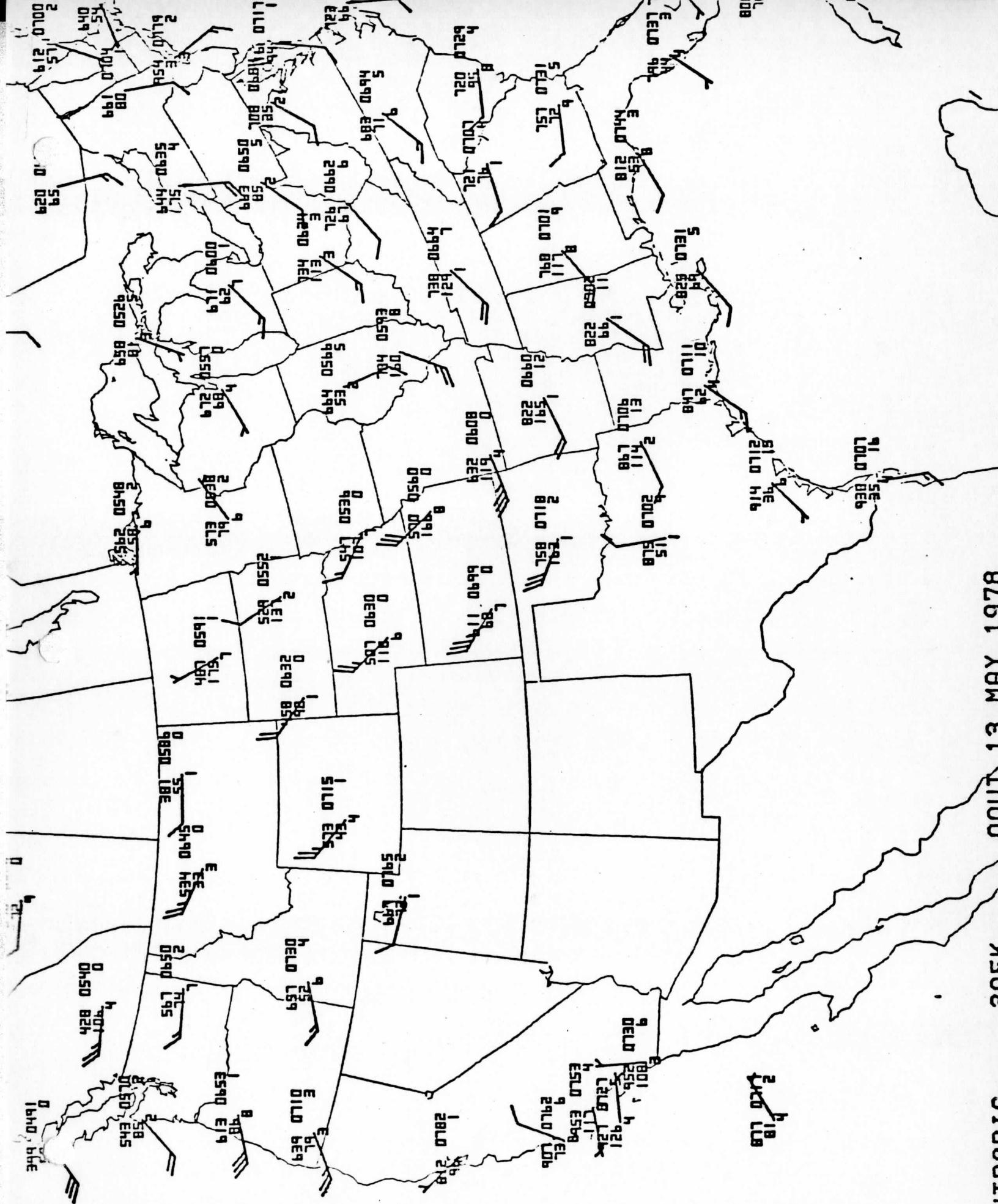


13 MAY 1978



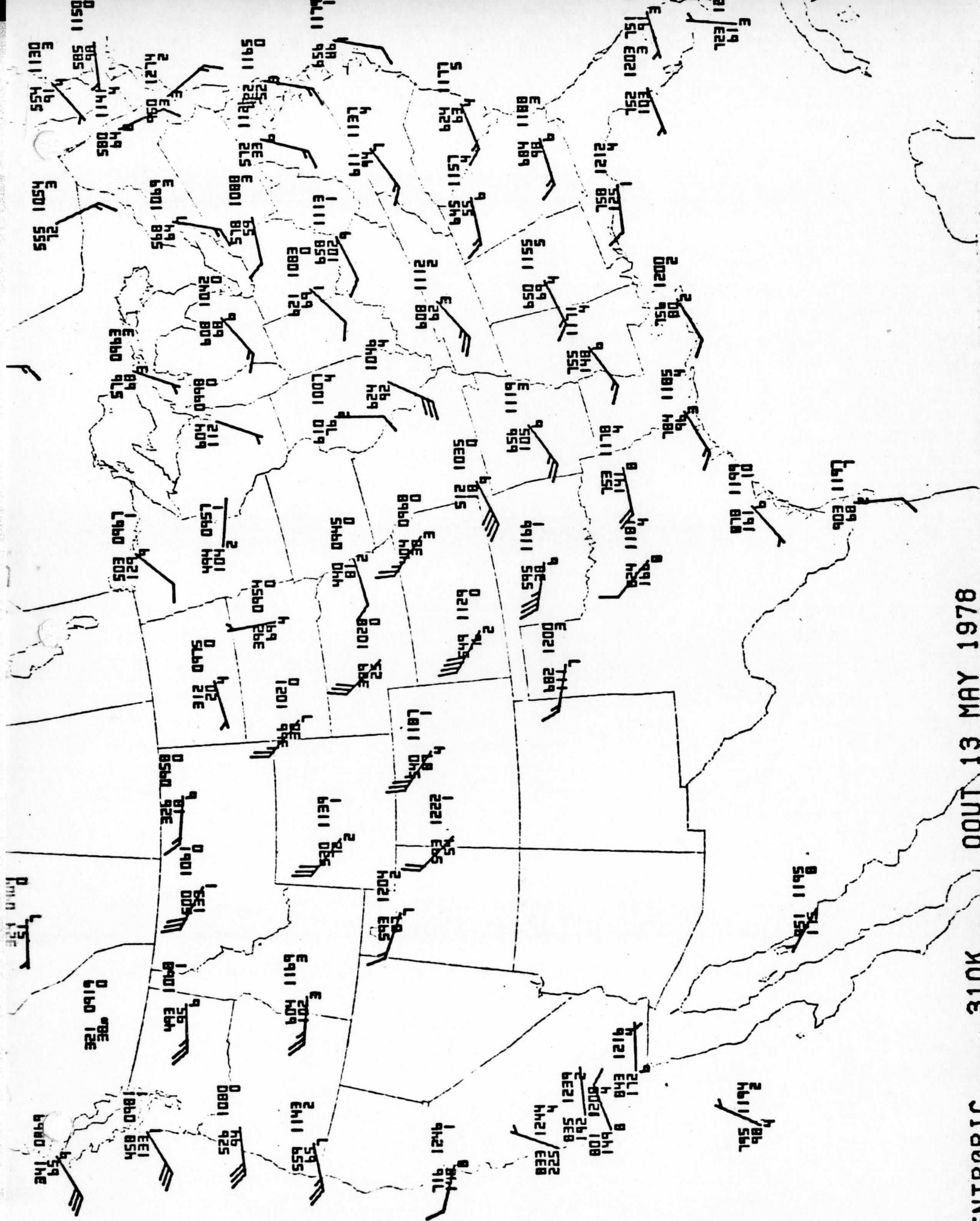
13 MAY 1978

202000

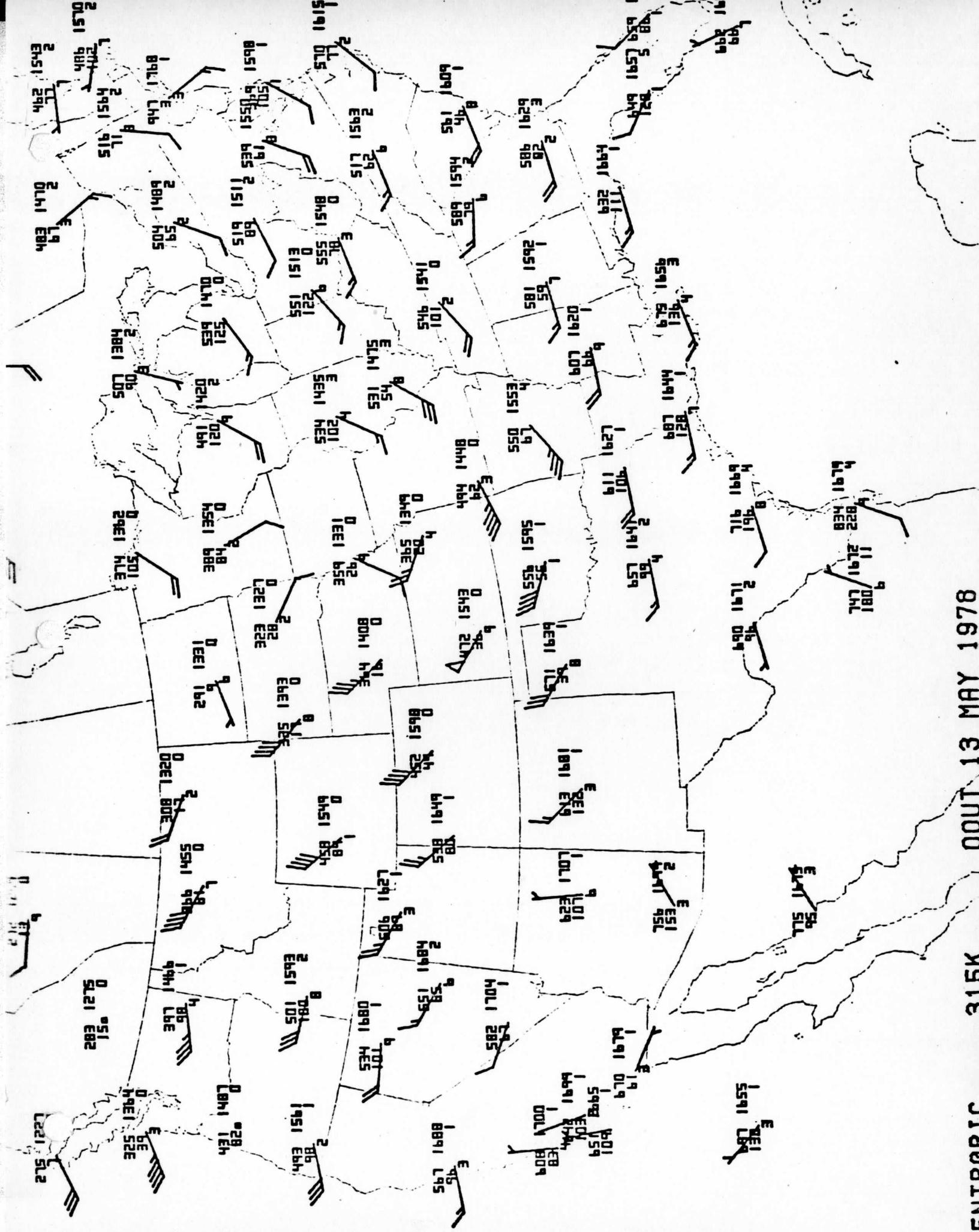


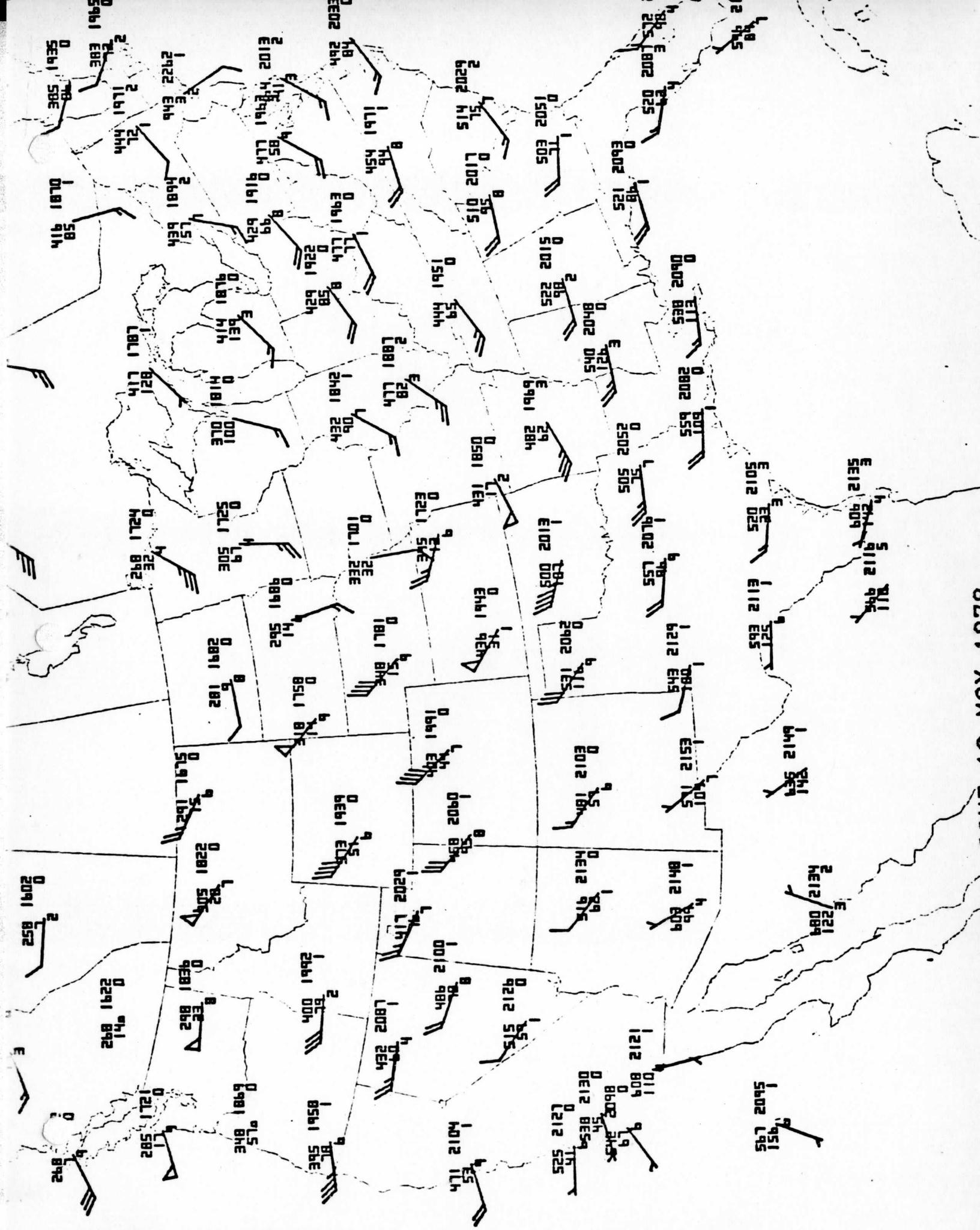
OUT 13 MAY 1978

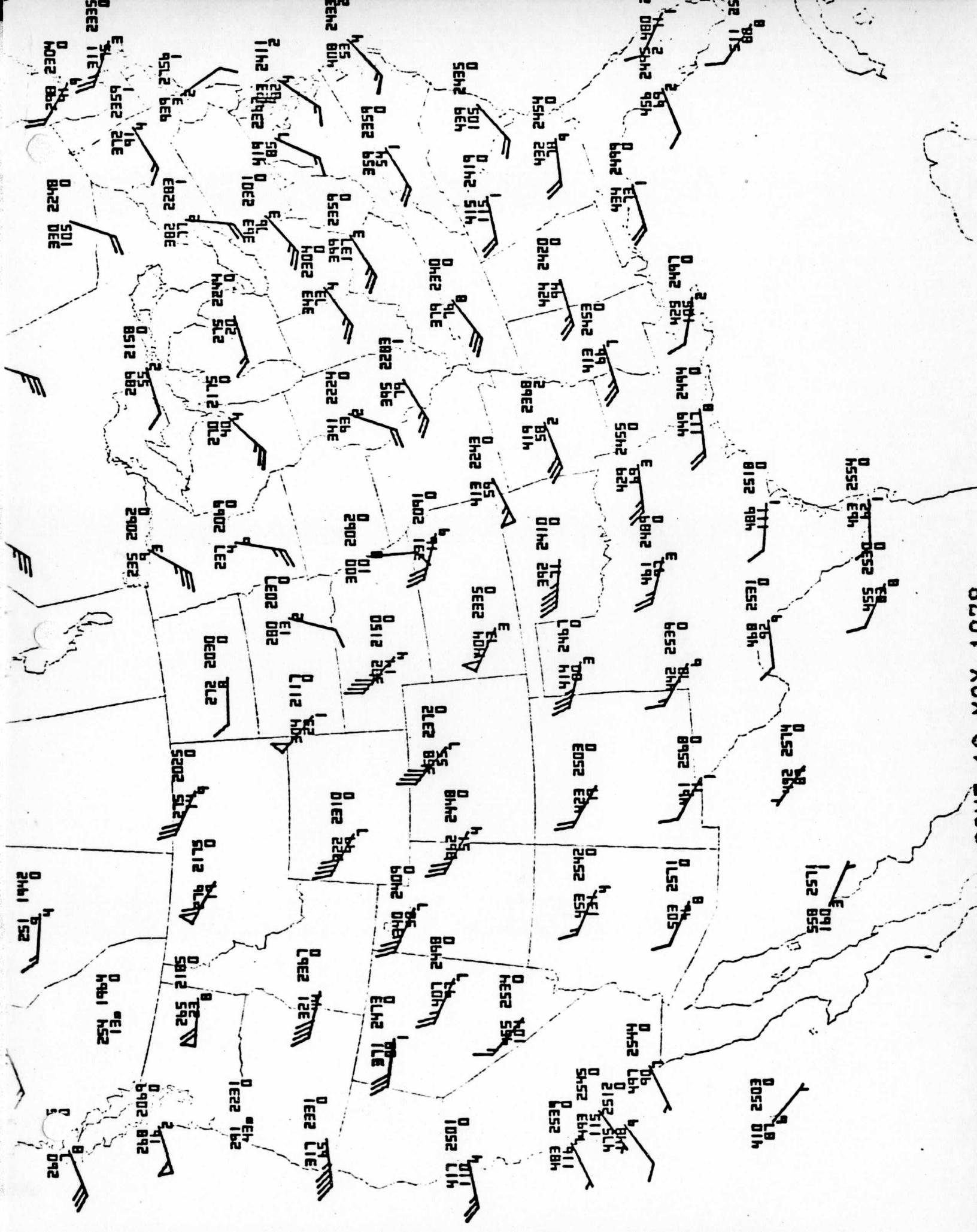
SENTRY



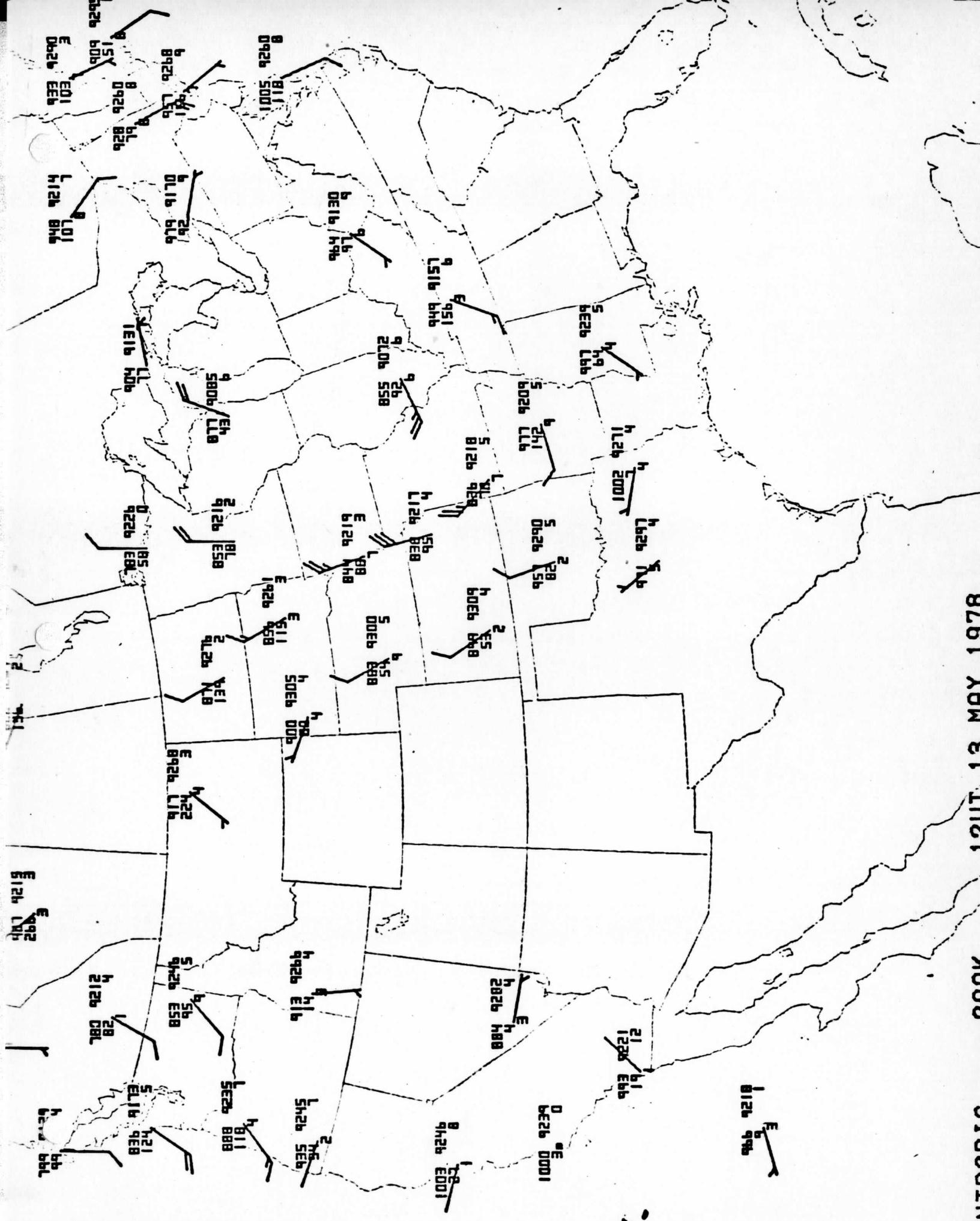
DOU113 MAY 1978







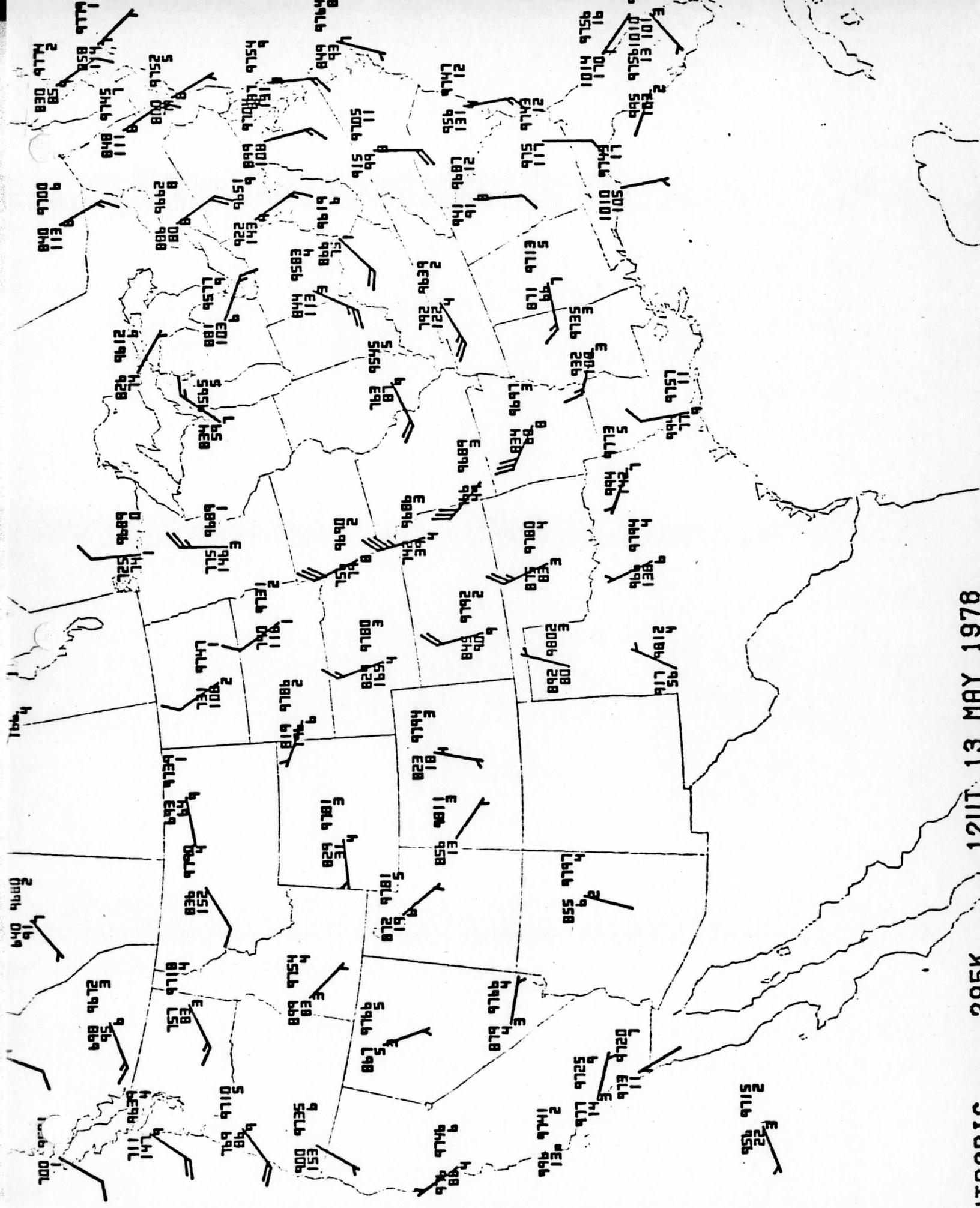
1211 12 MAY 1978

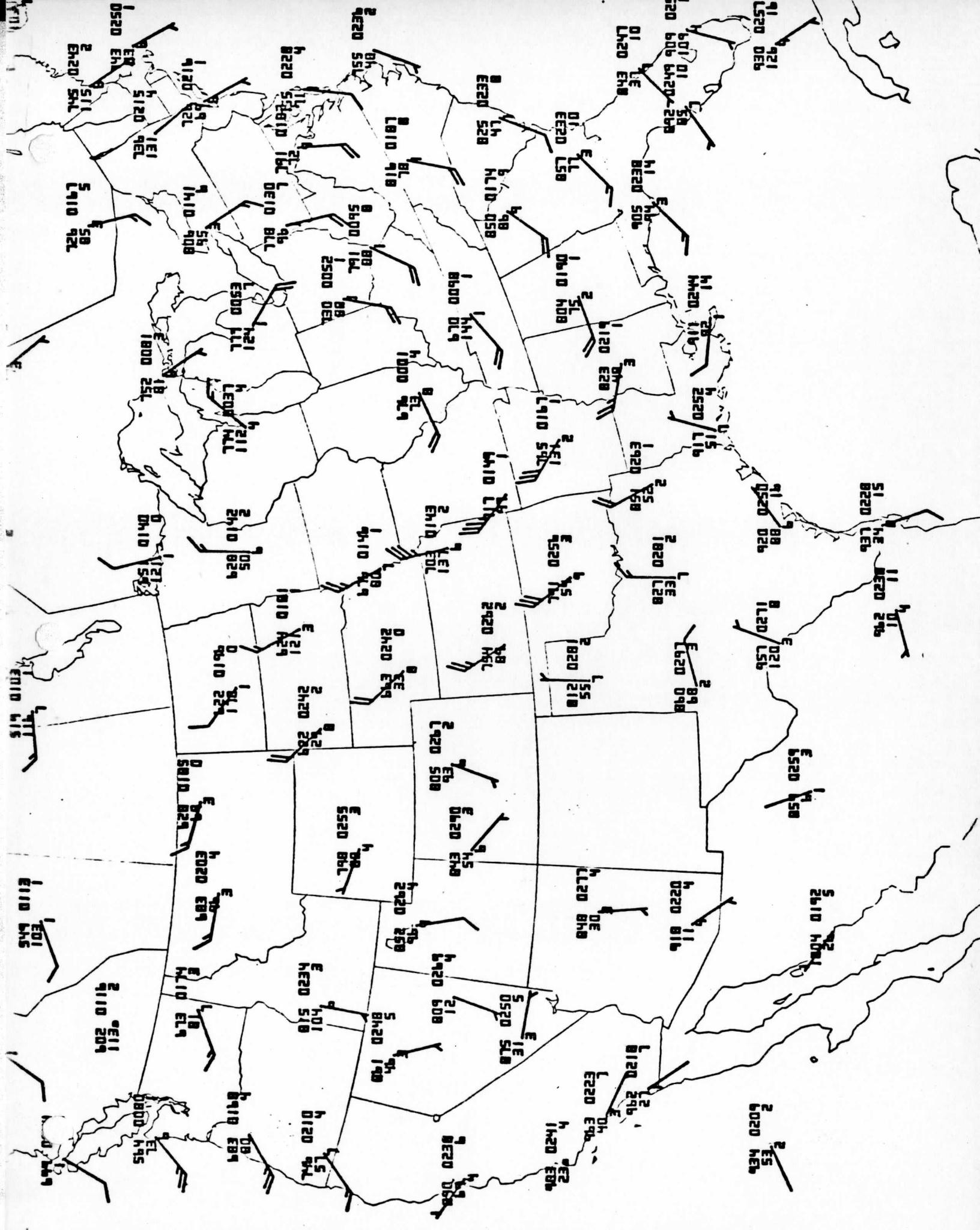


1211T 13 MAY 1978

205K

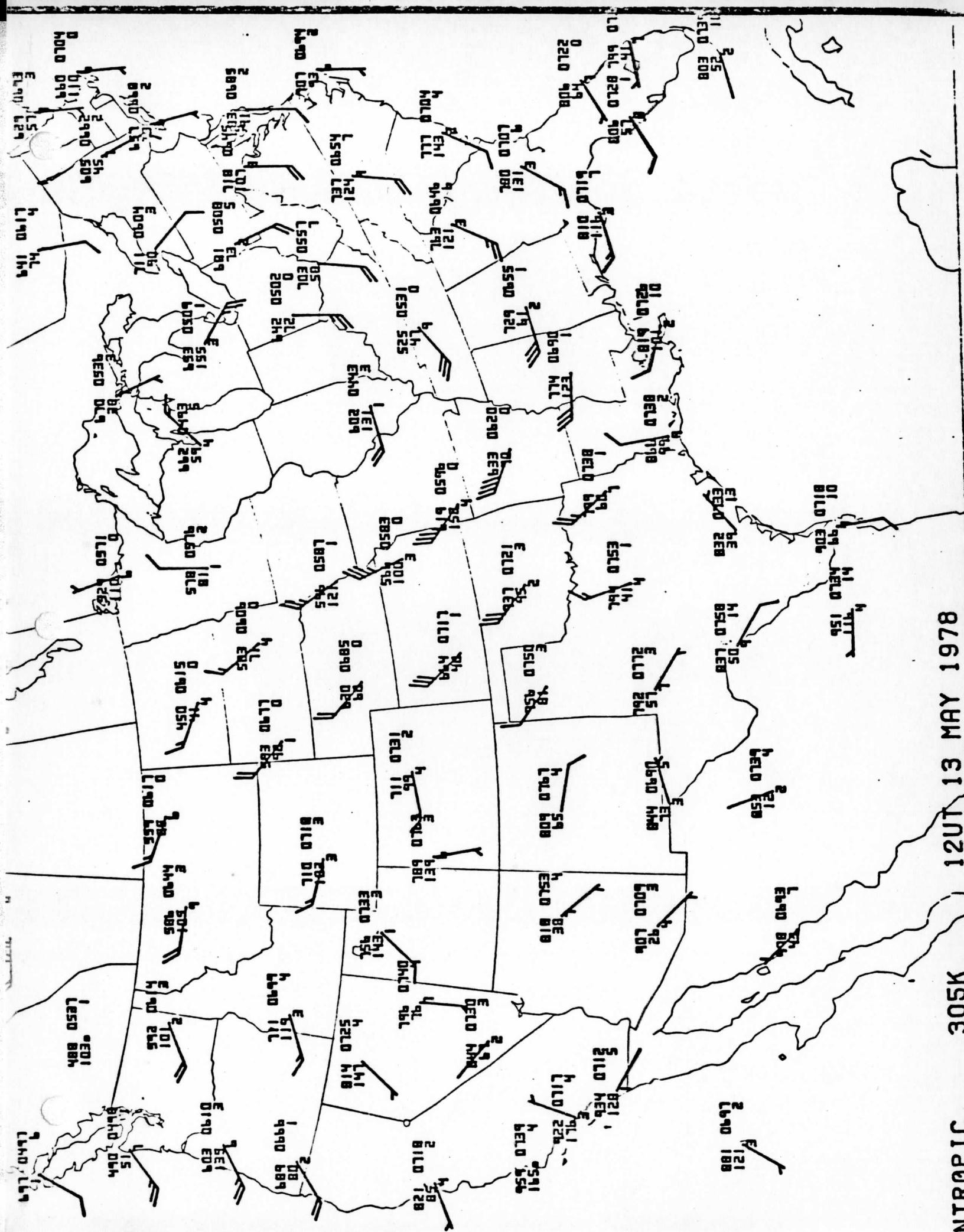
ECONOMICS

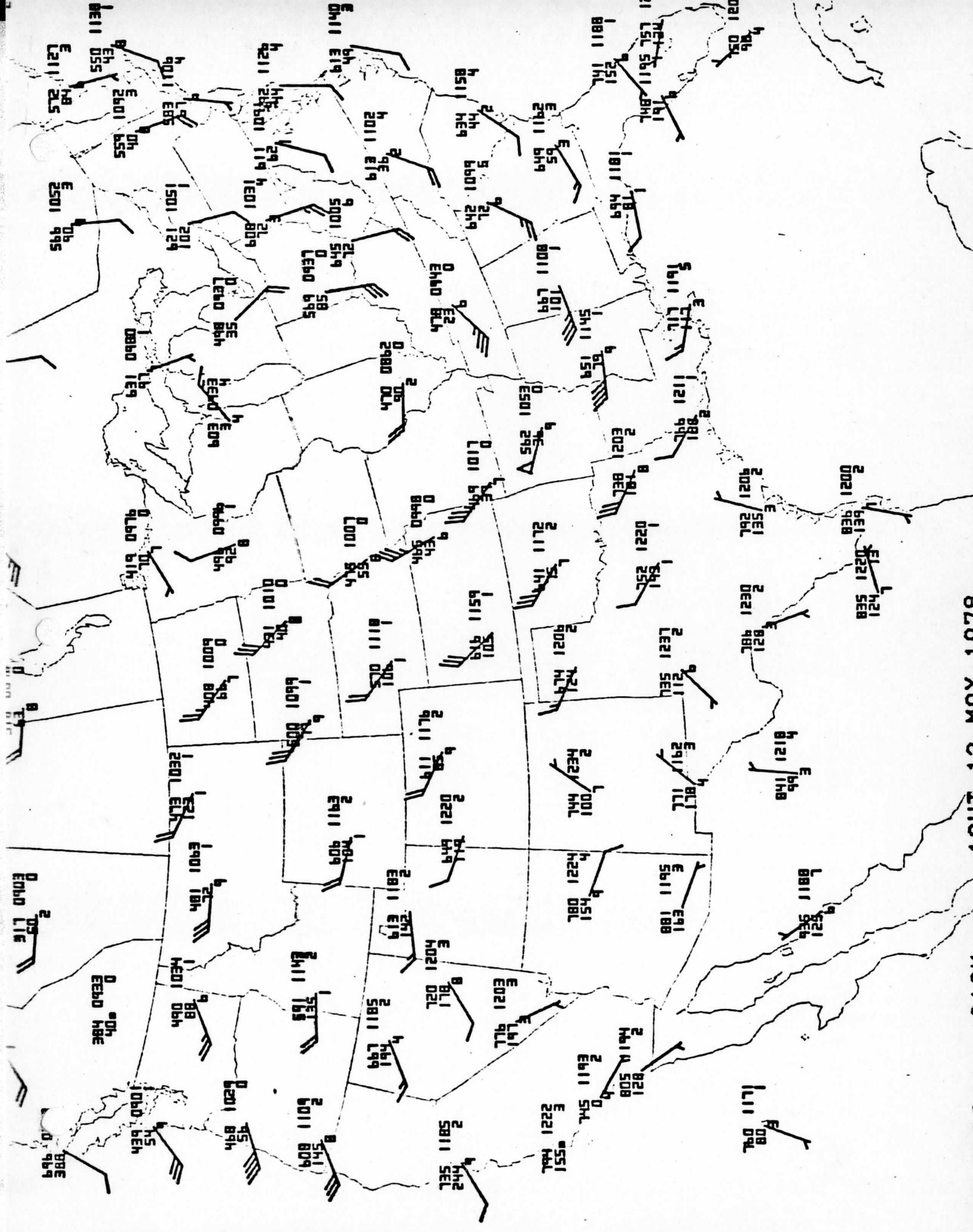




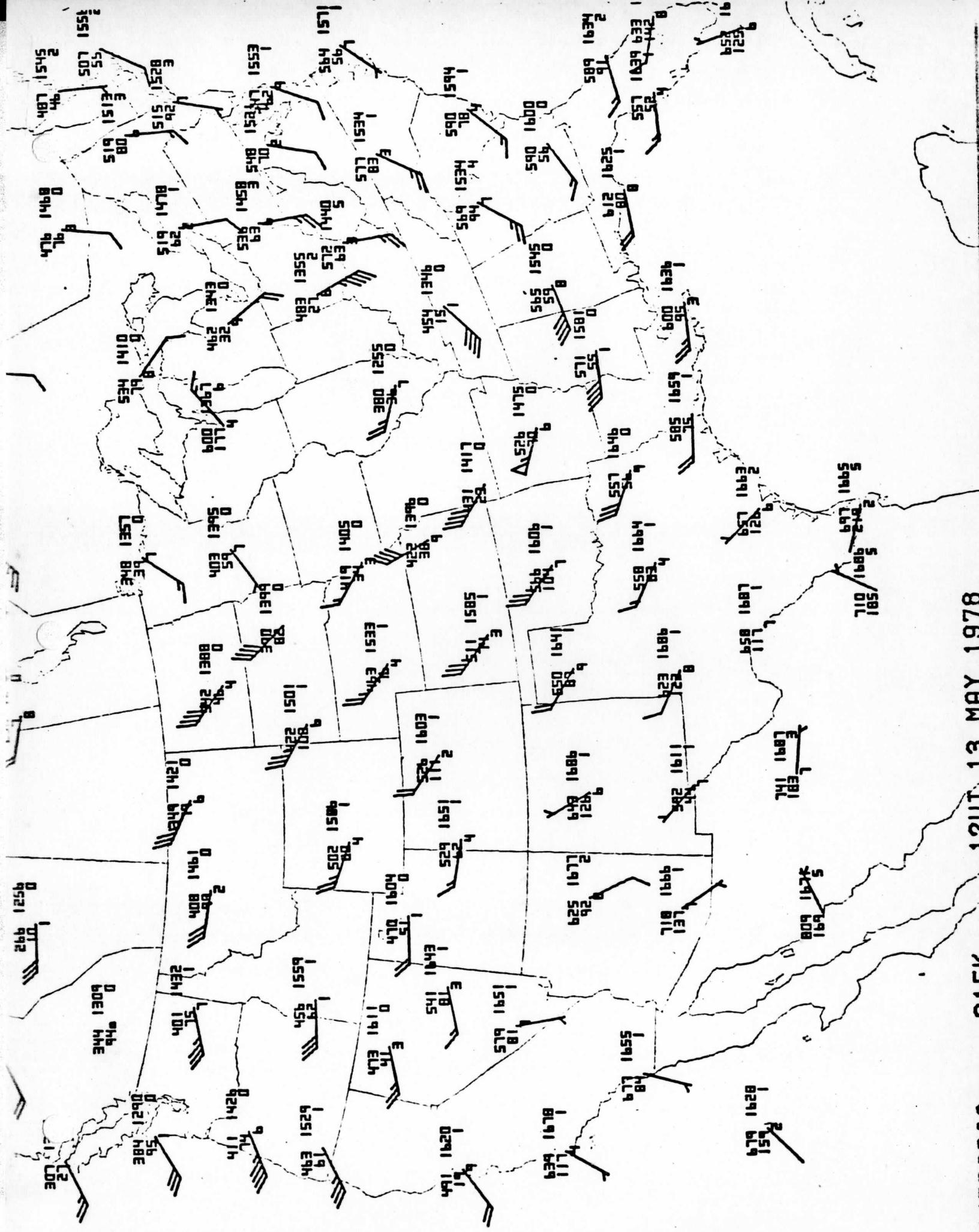
12U† 13 MAY 1978

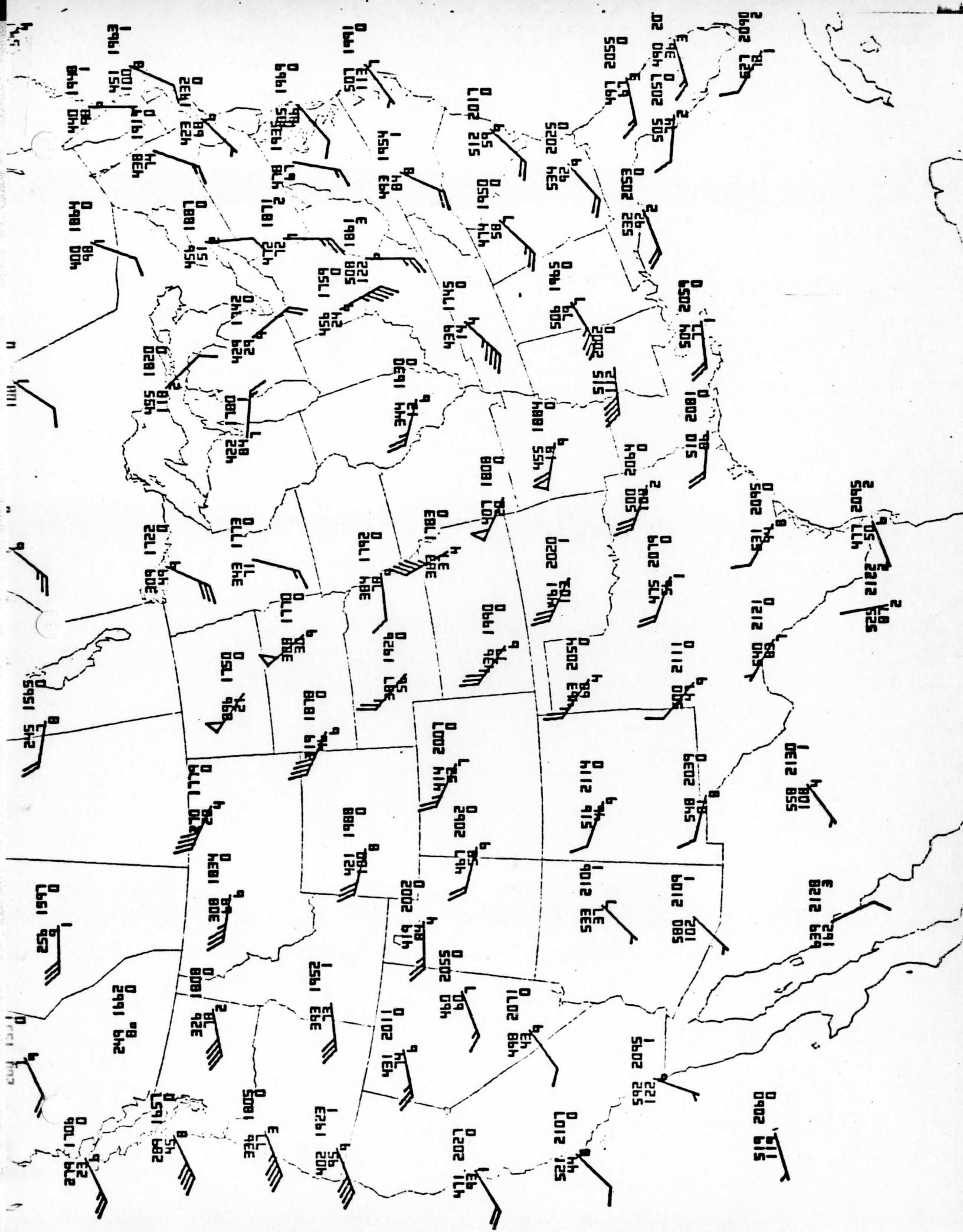
305K



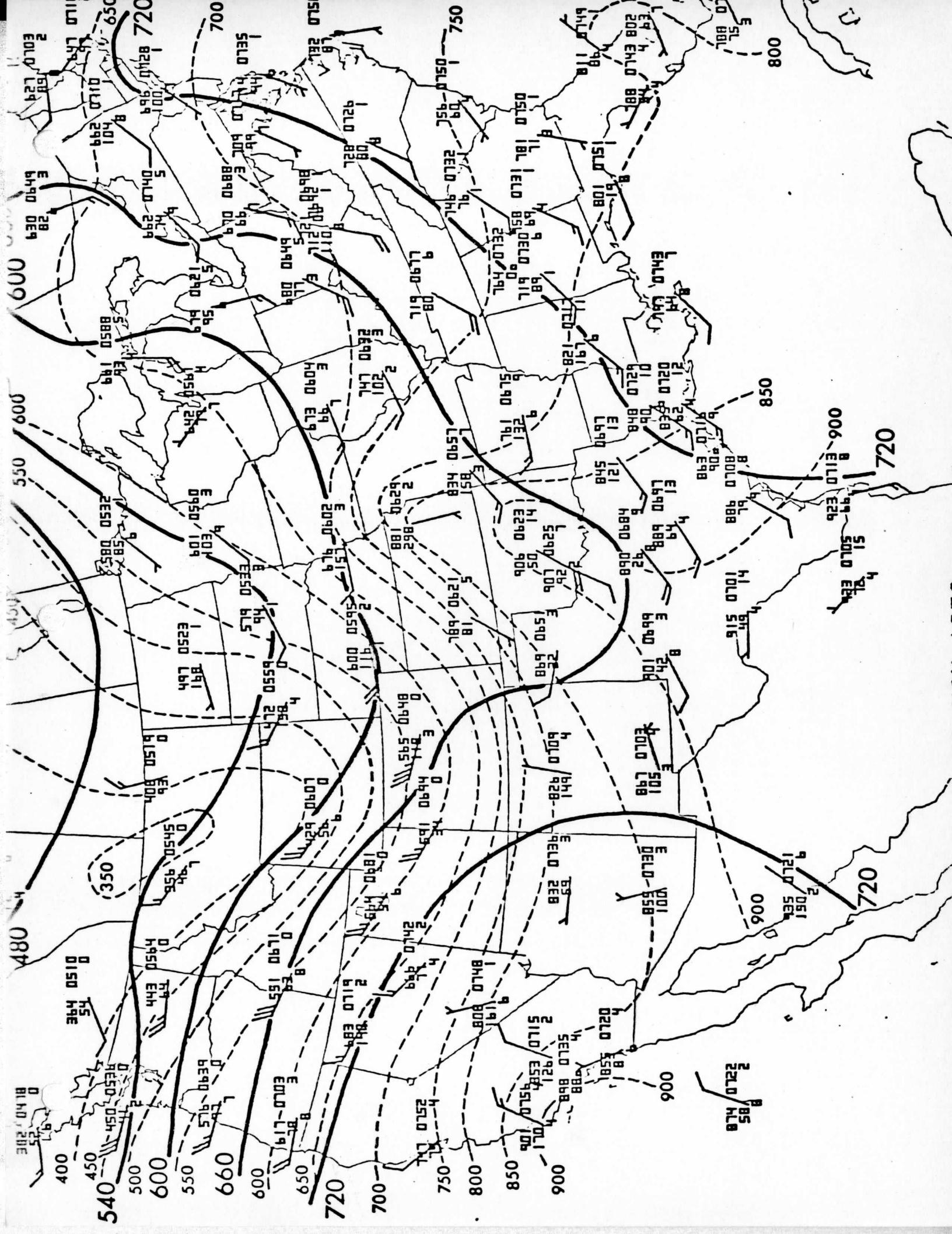


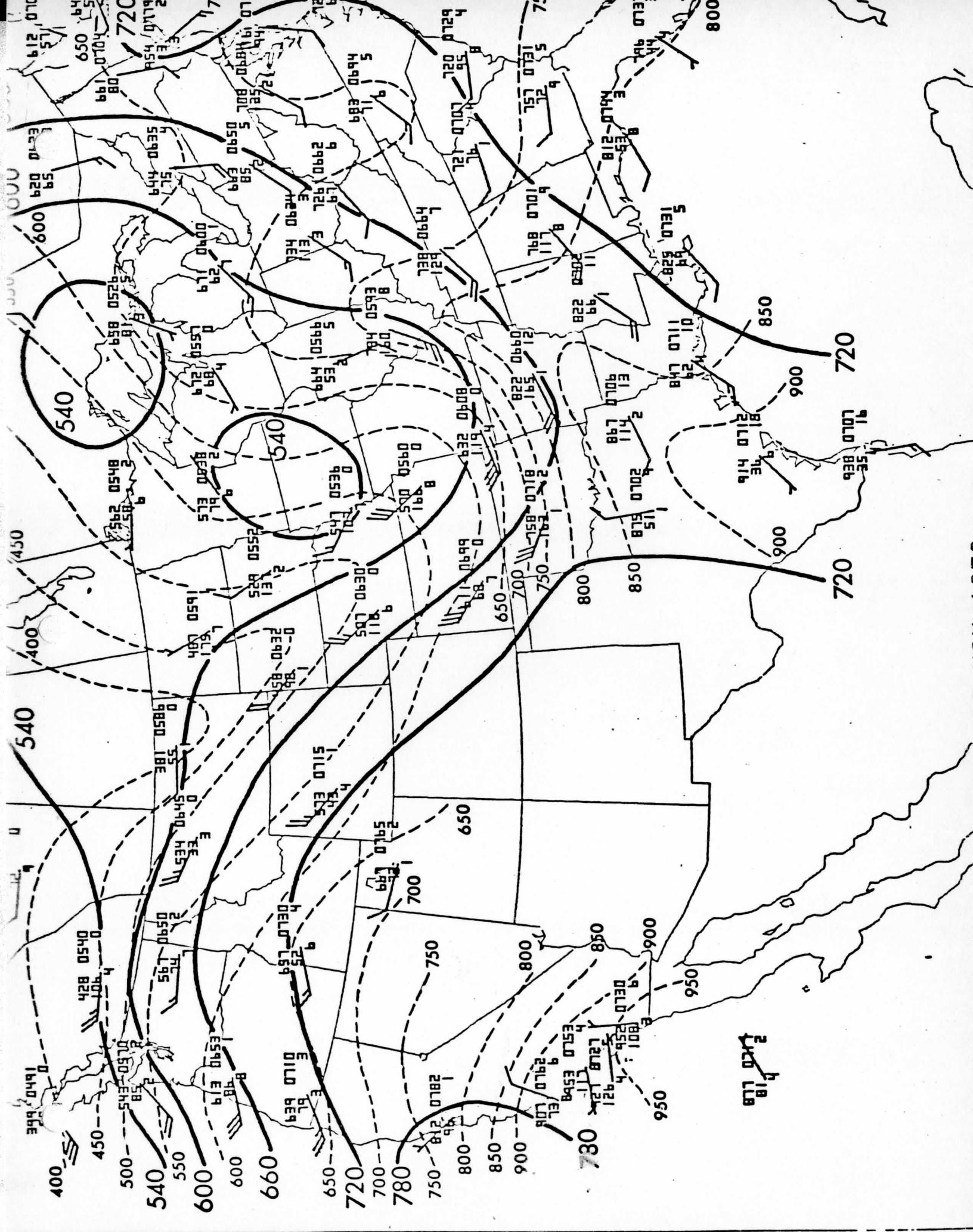
12 MAY 1978

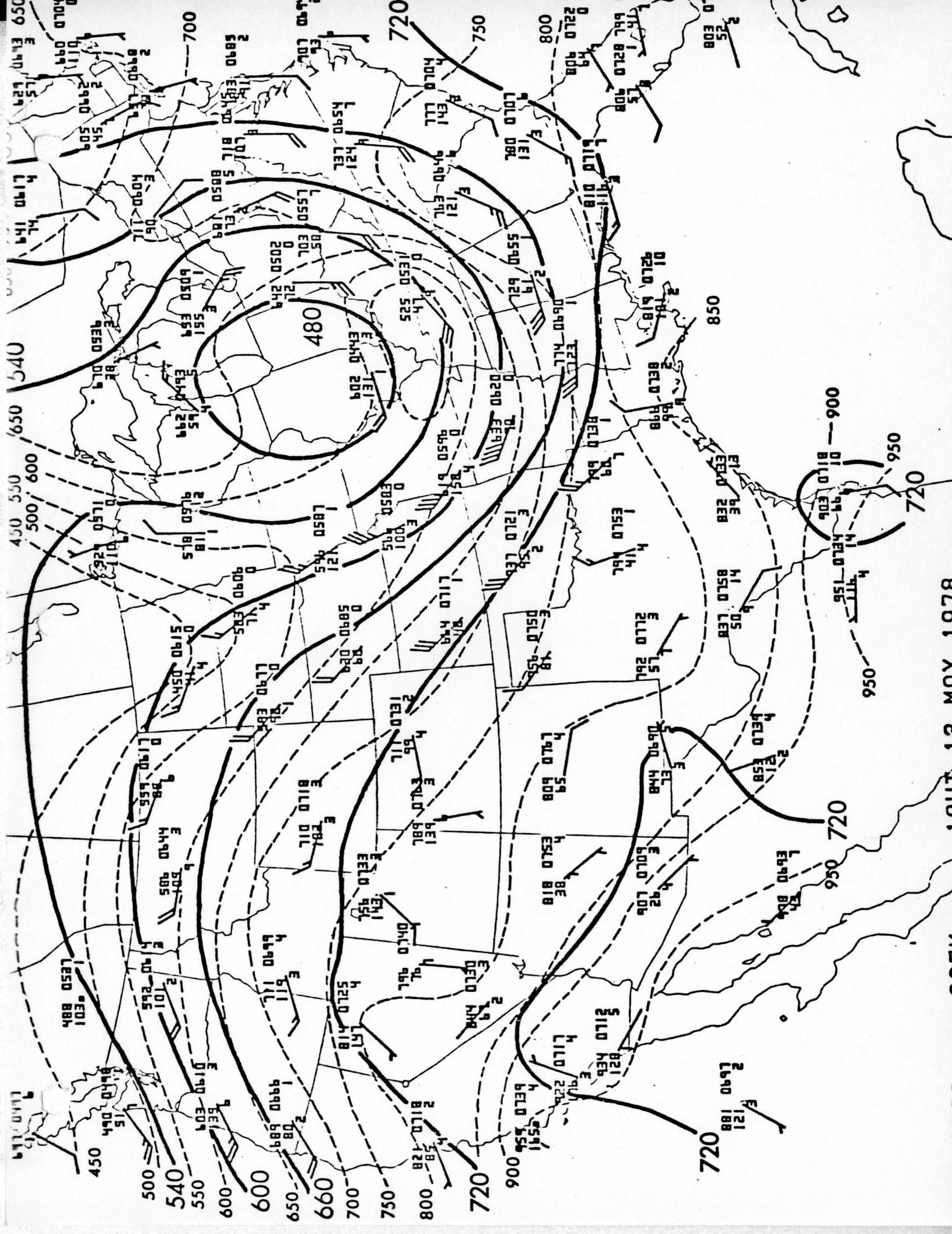




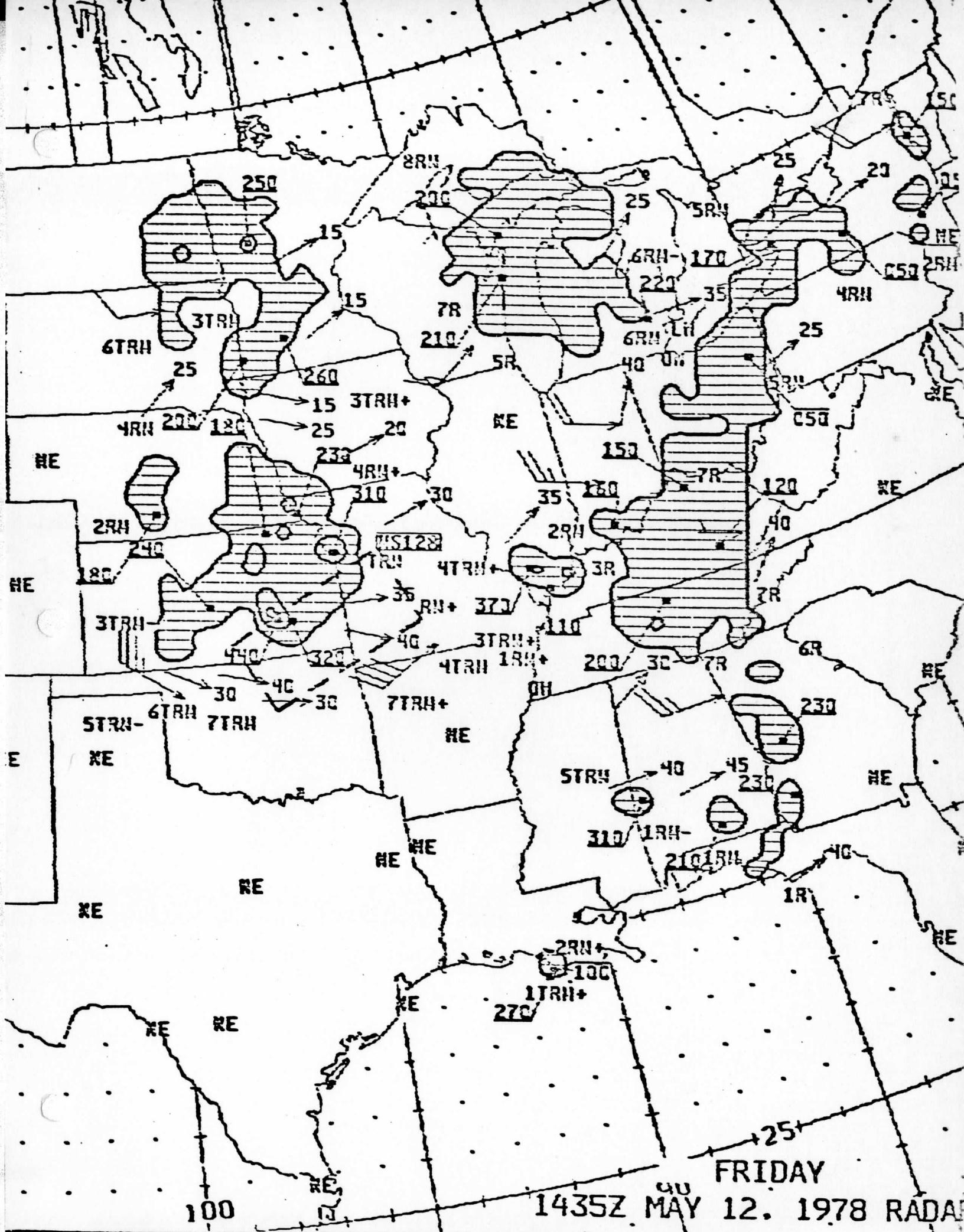
19 MAY 1 878

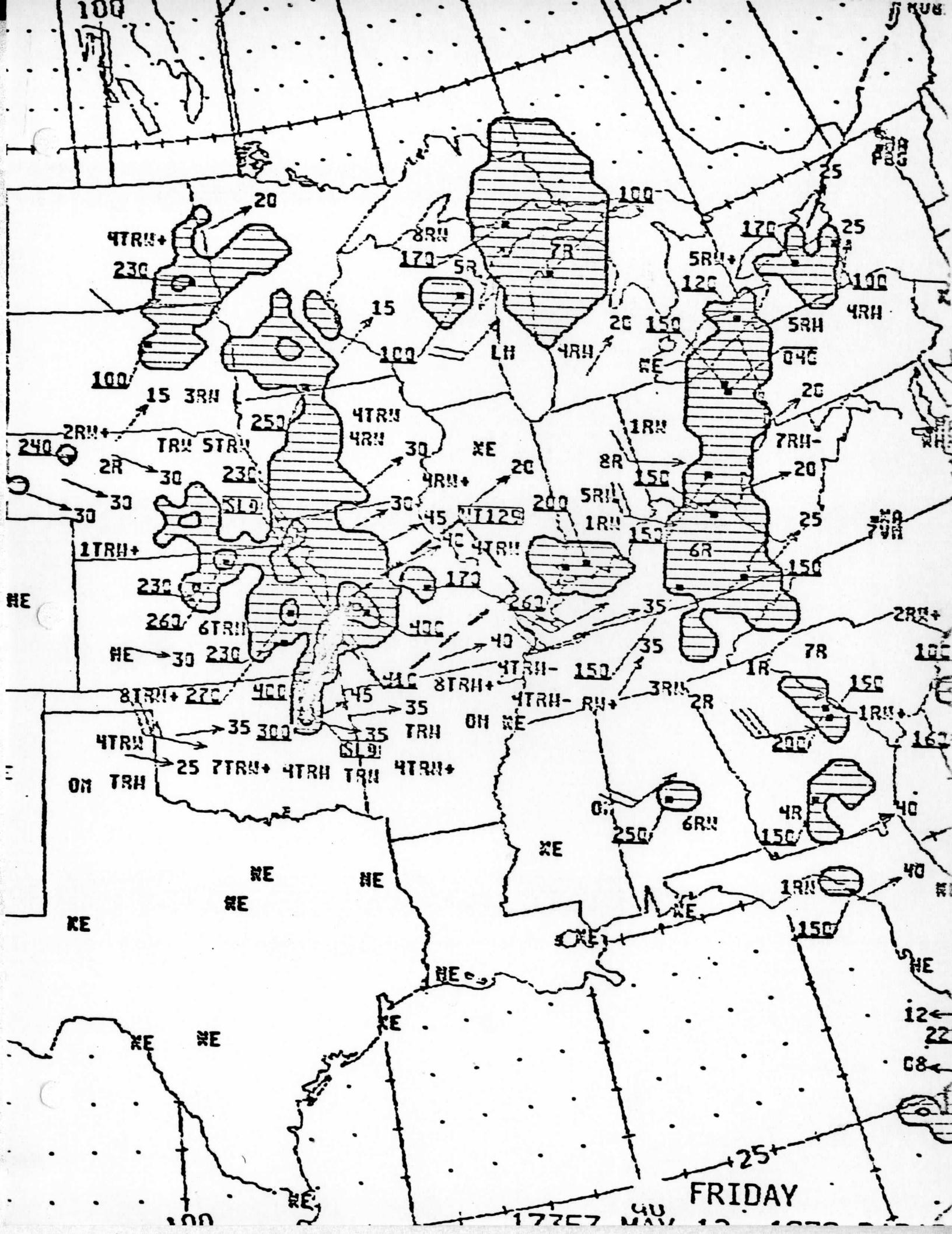


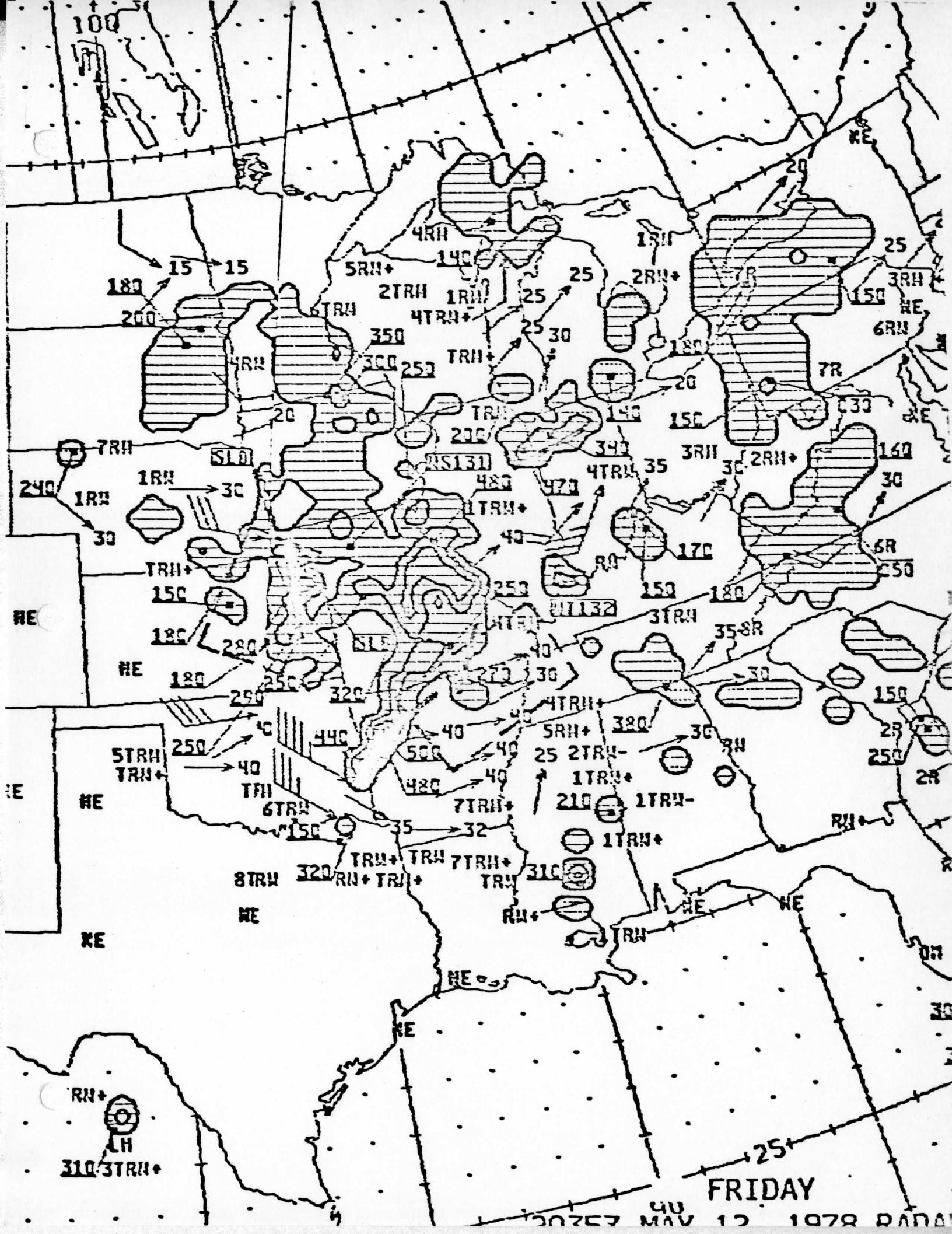


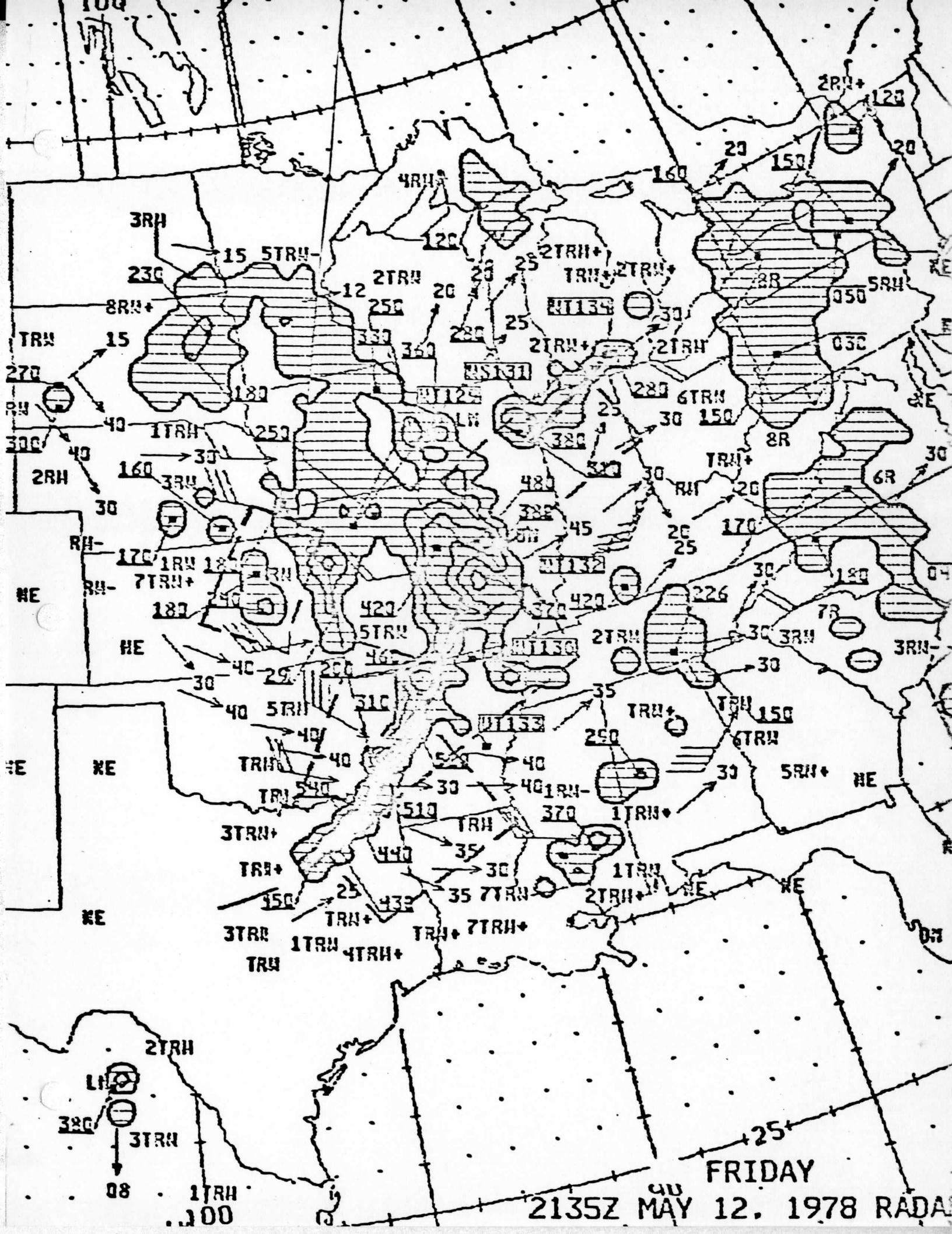


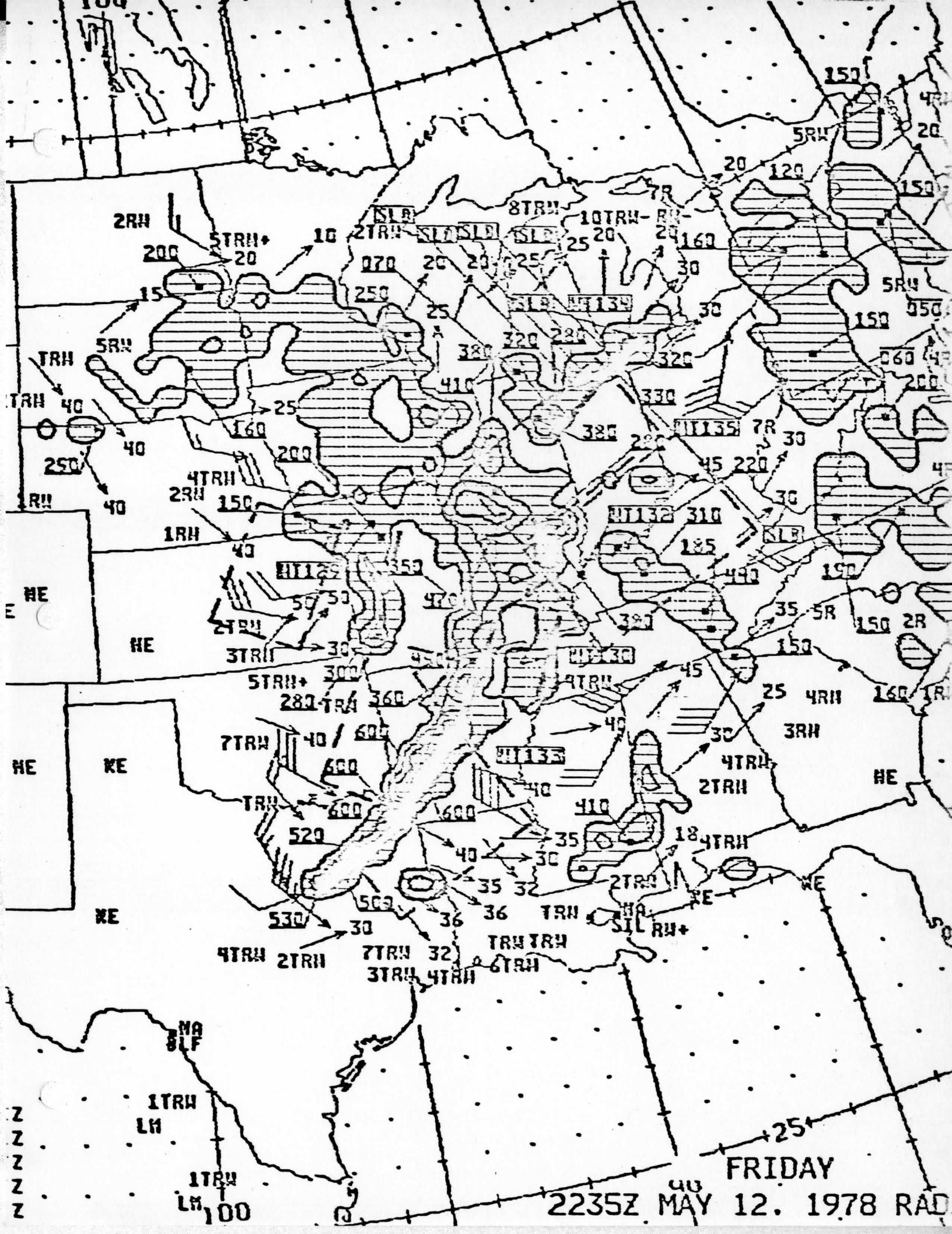
D. RADAR CHARTS

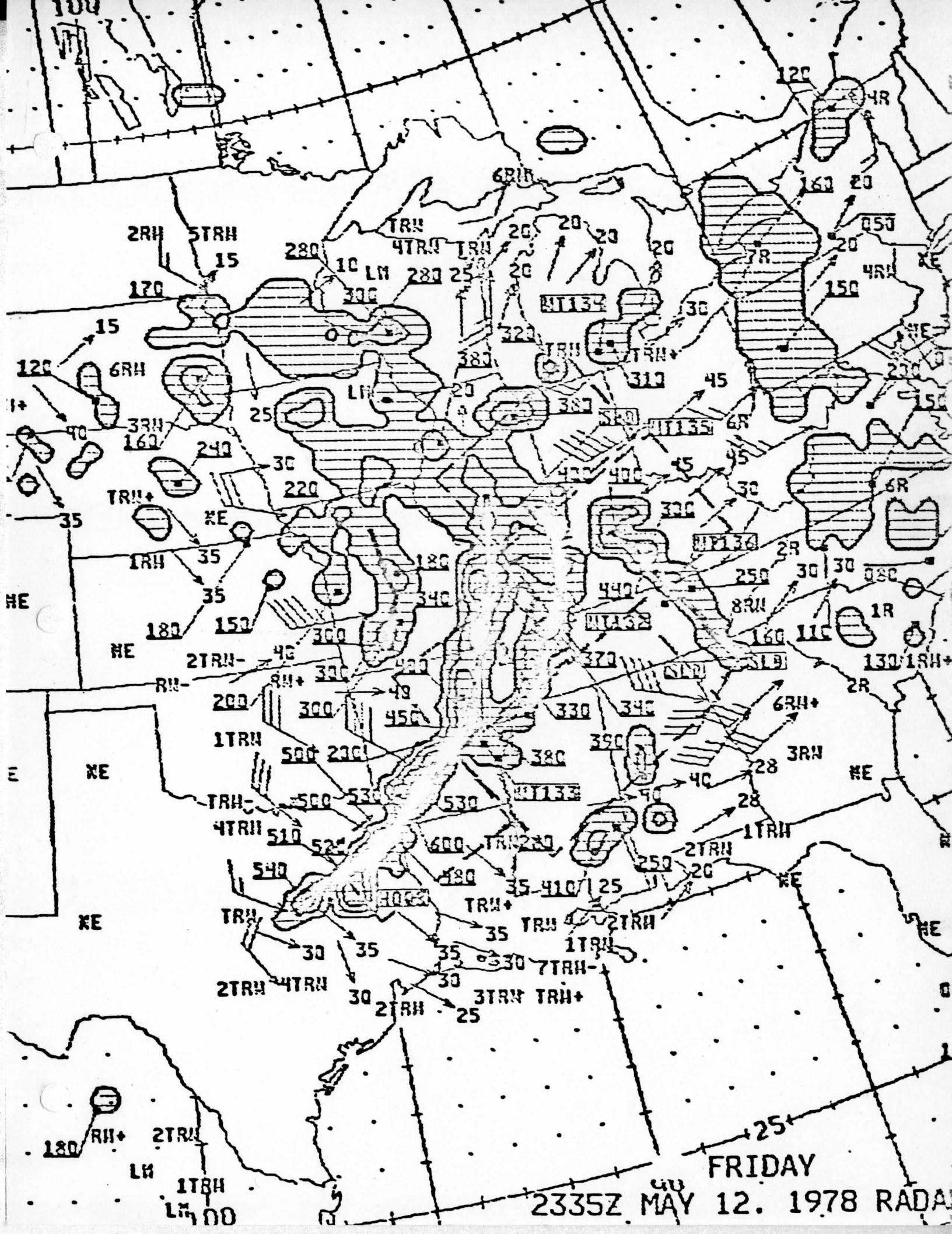


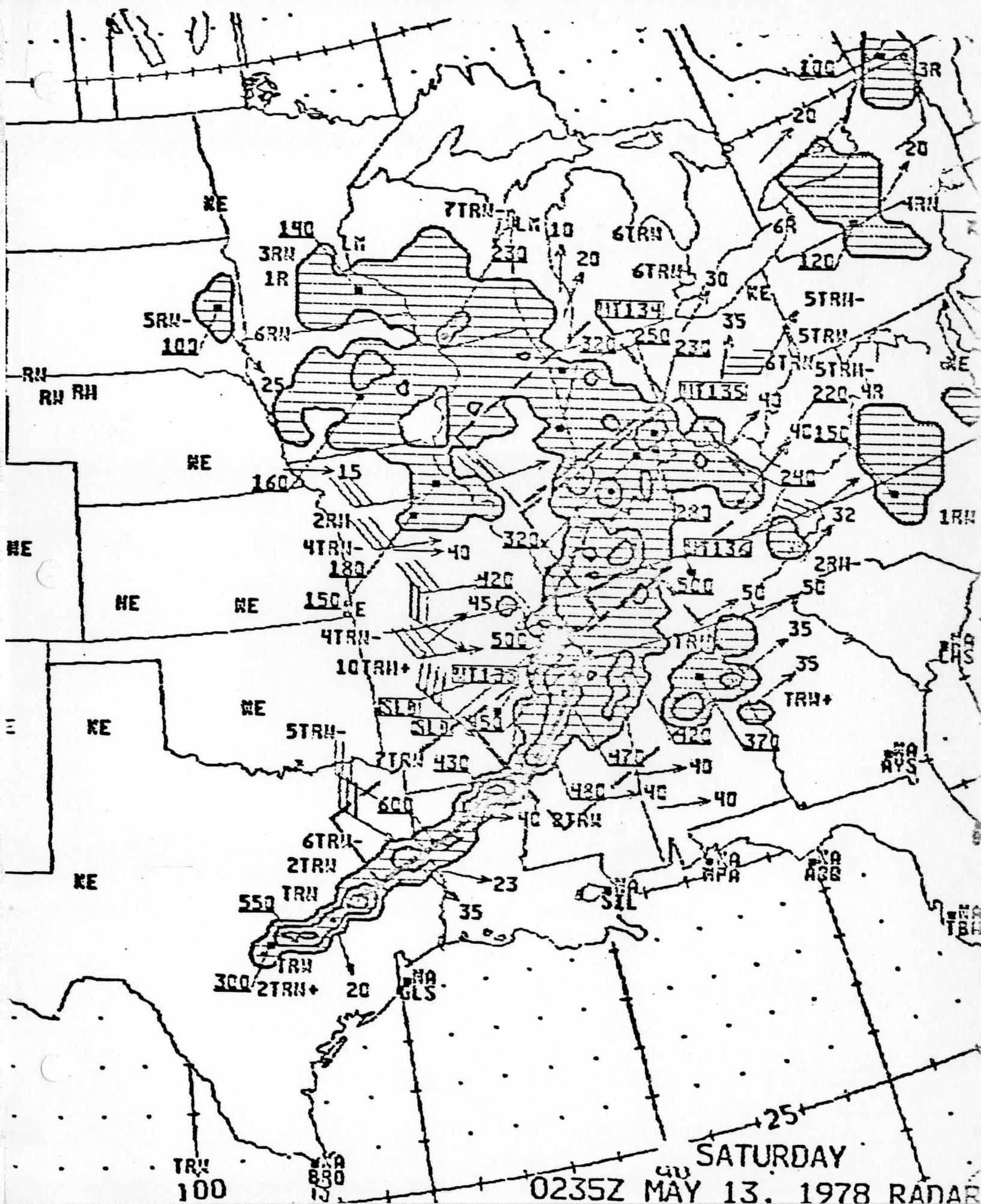












**APPENDIX B**

**VIDEO TAPE EVALUATION**

## VIDEOTAPE QUESTIONNAIRE

### Instructions:

This evaluation is intended to judge the effectiveness of the videotape as a teaching tool for synoptic lab instruction. Your answers to the following questions, and any additional comments you may have, will help to determine if the videotape meets this goal or if changes are necessary. When answering the following questions, please write a short response in the space provided below the question. Please write legibly.

Thank you.

- 1) Do you feel that the videotape presents the material in a logical manner?
  
  
  
  
- 2) Is the pace of the videotape too fast or too slow?
  
  
  
  
- 3) Were the satellite images and derived fields shown long enough for you to pick out the important features?
  
  
  
  
- 4) If given a choice, should the videotape proceed through the various scenes rapidly with the option of reviewing certain features later, or should the scenes change at a much slower pace?
  
  
  
  
- 5) Was the visual quality of the videotape acceptable?  
If not, what areas could be improved?
  
  
  
  
- 6) Did the voice narration add or detract from the visual presentation?

- 7) Are there any synoptic fields or features that should be added to the videotape?
- 8) Are there any aspects of the videotape that could be deleted?
- 9) Was the videotape of any educational value to you?
- 10) If you were teaching synoptic lab, would you use this videotape in your class?
- 11) Did the videotape help you to visualize the processes that occur in the atmosphere for the synoptic situation examined?
- 12) Any additional comments?

## THE RESULTS OF THE VIDEOTAPE QUESTIONNAIRE

There were 17 questionnaires returned. The comments were summarized where the question was answered by a written response.

### Squall Line Development

### Cyclogenesis

- 1) Do you feel that the videotape presents the material in a logical manner?

YES	12	10
NO	0	0
NO ANSWER	5	7

- 2) Is the pace of the videotape too fast or too slow?

MUCH TOO FAST	0	0
A LITTLE TOO FAST	9	4
ABOUT RIGHT	6	11
A LITTLE TOO SLOW	1	2
MUCH TOO SLOW	0	0
NO ANSWER	0	0

- 3) Were the satellite images and derived fields shown long enough for you to pick out the important features? Please check one.

YES	3	4
MOST OF THE TIME	7	9
SOMETIMES	5	4
NO	2	0
NO ANSWER	0	0

If NO or sometimes, what sequences were too brief?

Upper air maps and soundings  
too fast.

Upper air  
streamlines.

Squall Line DevelopmentCyclogenesis

- 4) If given a choice, should the videotape proceed through the various scenes rapidly with the option of playing back certain features later, or should the scenes change at a much slower pace?

QUICK PACE	3	4
SLOWER PACE	10	9
OTHER	3	3
NO ANSWER	1	1

- 5) Was the visual quality of the videotape acceptable?

If not, what areas could be improved?

YES	11	7
NO	1	2
COMMENT	5	8
NO ANSWER	0	0

Numbers are hard to read.  
 Red is very poor color.  
 Green "interval" hard to read.

Isotachs were poor.  
 Poor quality red  
 lines and banding.  
 Numbers hard to  
 read.  
 Better time  
 continuity.

- 6) Would a written study quide or a voice presentation of the videotape enhance your understanding of the visual presentation?

If yes, which one?

YES	14	8
NO	1	2
COMMENT	1	6
NO ANSWER	1	1
VOICE	13	14
STUDY QUIDE	1	1
PROFESSOR'S NARRATION	1	0

Squall Line DevelopmentCyclogenesis

- 7) Was the videotape of any educational value to you?

If yes, in what way?

YES	15	12
NO	0	1
COMMENT	0	3
NO ANSWER	2	1

Provide a visual picture  
of the various fields.

Expands on map  
analysis.  
Better sense of  
how fields were  
changing with  
time.  
Overall view of  
what is occurring.

- 8) If you were teaching synoptic lab, would you use this videotape in your class?

YES	15	11
MAYBE	2	4
NO	0	1
NO ANSWER	0	0

- 9) Did the videotape help you to visualize the processes that occur in the atmosphere for the synoptic situation examined?

If yes, in what way?

YES	14	12
NO	0	1
COMMENT	2	2
NO ANSWER	1	2

Provided overview of how clouds  
and parameters are related.

Streamlines on  
banded fields.  
Overall picture.

Squall Line DevelopmentCyclogenesis

- 10) What sequences do you think were the most significant during the videotape in capturing or illustrating the synoptic event that occurred?

Satellite loop.  
Loop of surface parameters.

Streamline fields  
(upper & lower).  
Satellite loop.

- 11) Are there any synoptic fields or features that should be added to the videotape?

300 mb isotachs.  
Cross section.  
850 mb heights.

Vorticity  
advection.  
Radar.  
Pressure falls.

- 12) Are there any aspects of the videotape that were confusing or could be deleted?

500 mb heights & vorticity.  
THE & EDI - hard to conceptualize.

Two fields  
on each other.  
Banded surface  
features clean  
up.

- 13) Did you find the videotape a useful addition to the case study you examined in class?

YES	14	13
NO	0	0
COMMENT	2	3
NO ANSWER	1	1

- 14) Additional comments?

Leave soundings on longer.

Tapes should be made available around department.  
Like banding, needs work.

## APPENDIX C

### DERIVED FIELDS FOR CASE STUDY ANALYSIS

I. Isentropic Cross Sections      00Z / 12 May - 12Z / 13 May

II. McIDAS Derived Fields

A. 1200 GMT 12 May

850 mb divergence

300 mb divergence

850 mb temperature advection

700 mb temperature advection

500 mb vorticity

500 mb vorticity advection

B. 0000 GMT 13 May

850 mb divergence

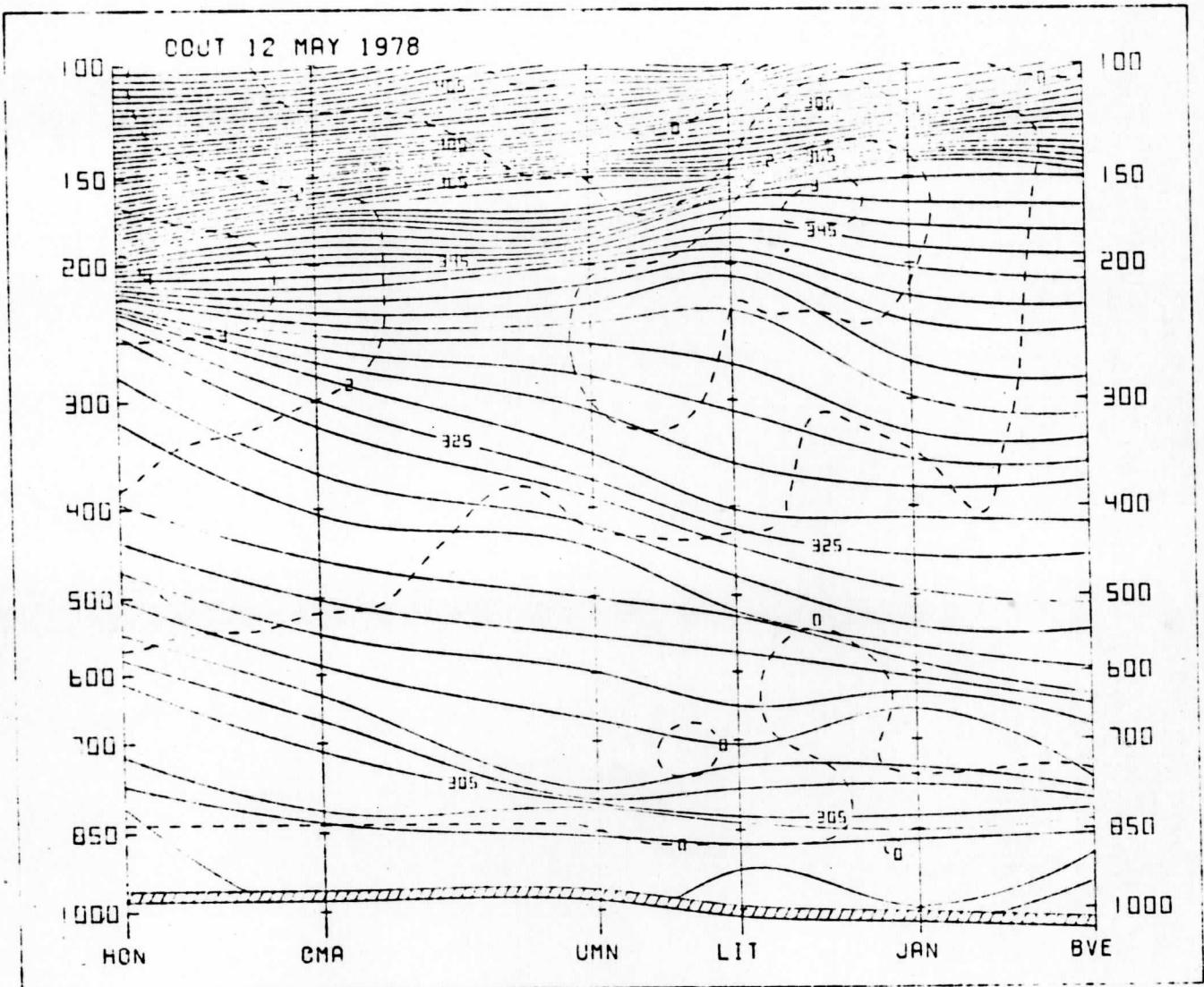
300 mb divergence

850 mb temperature advection

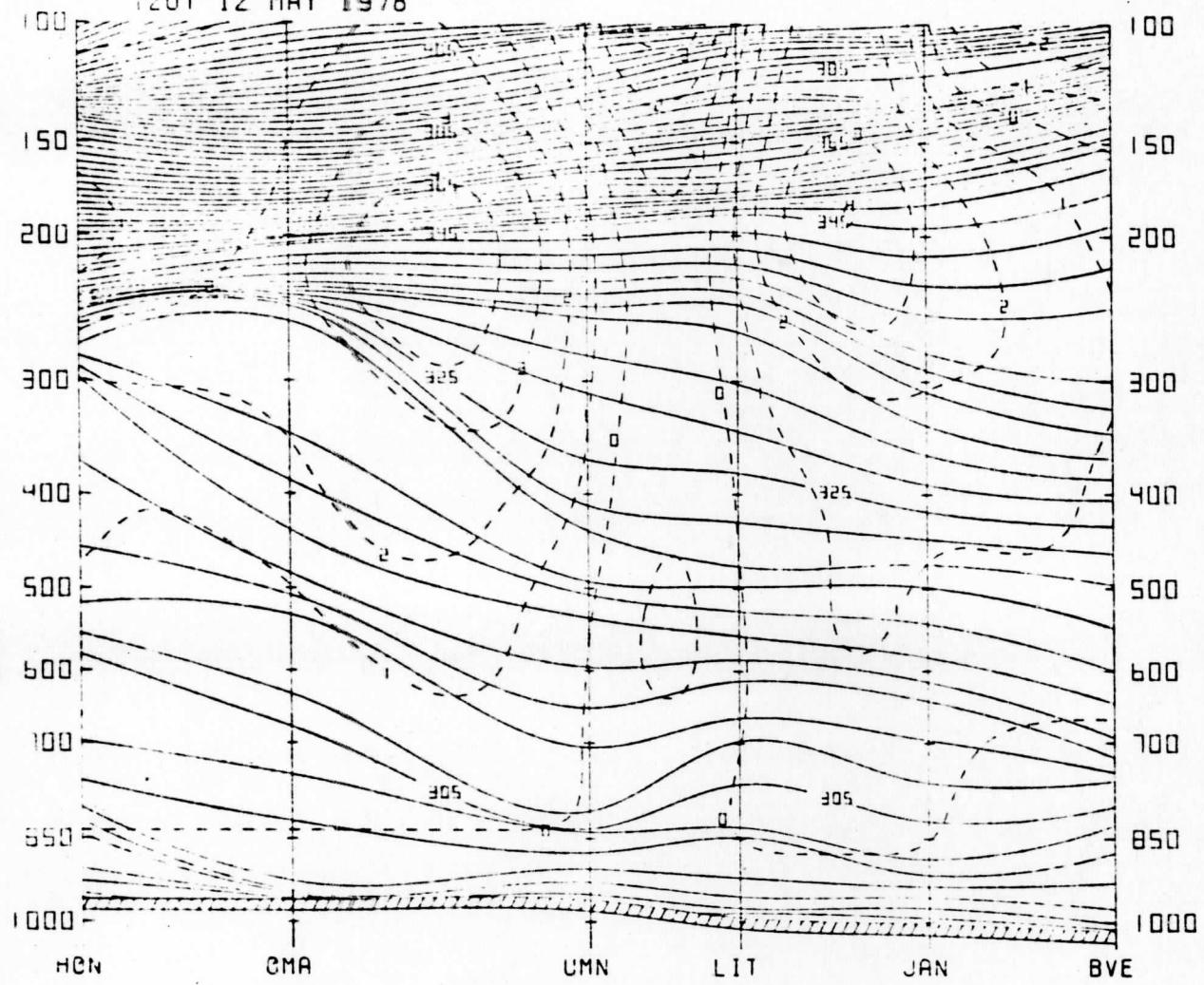
700 mb temperature advection

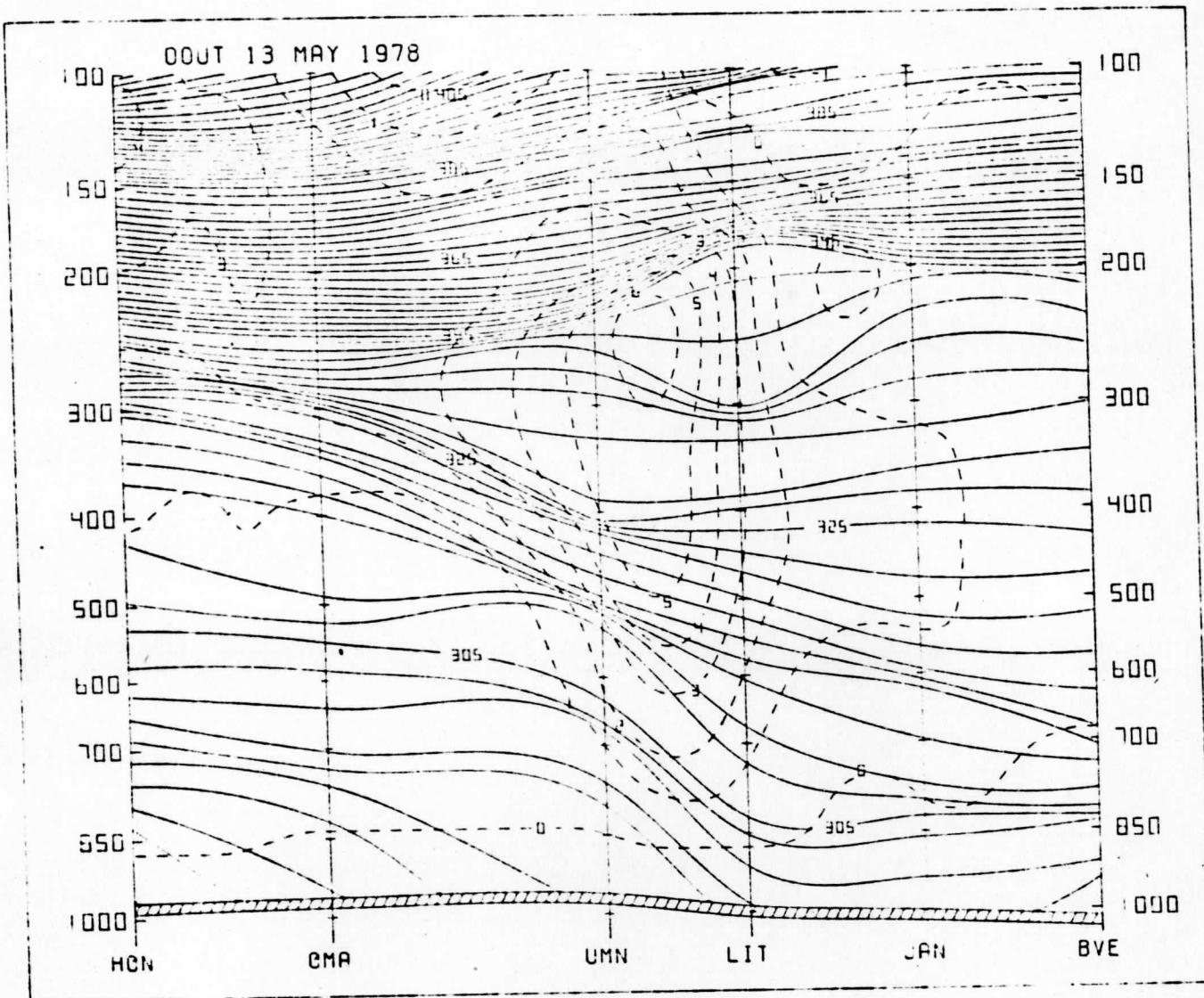
500 mb vorticity

500 mb vorticity advection

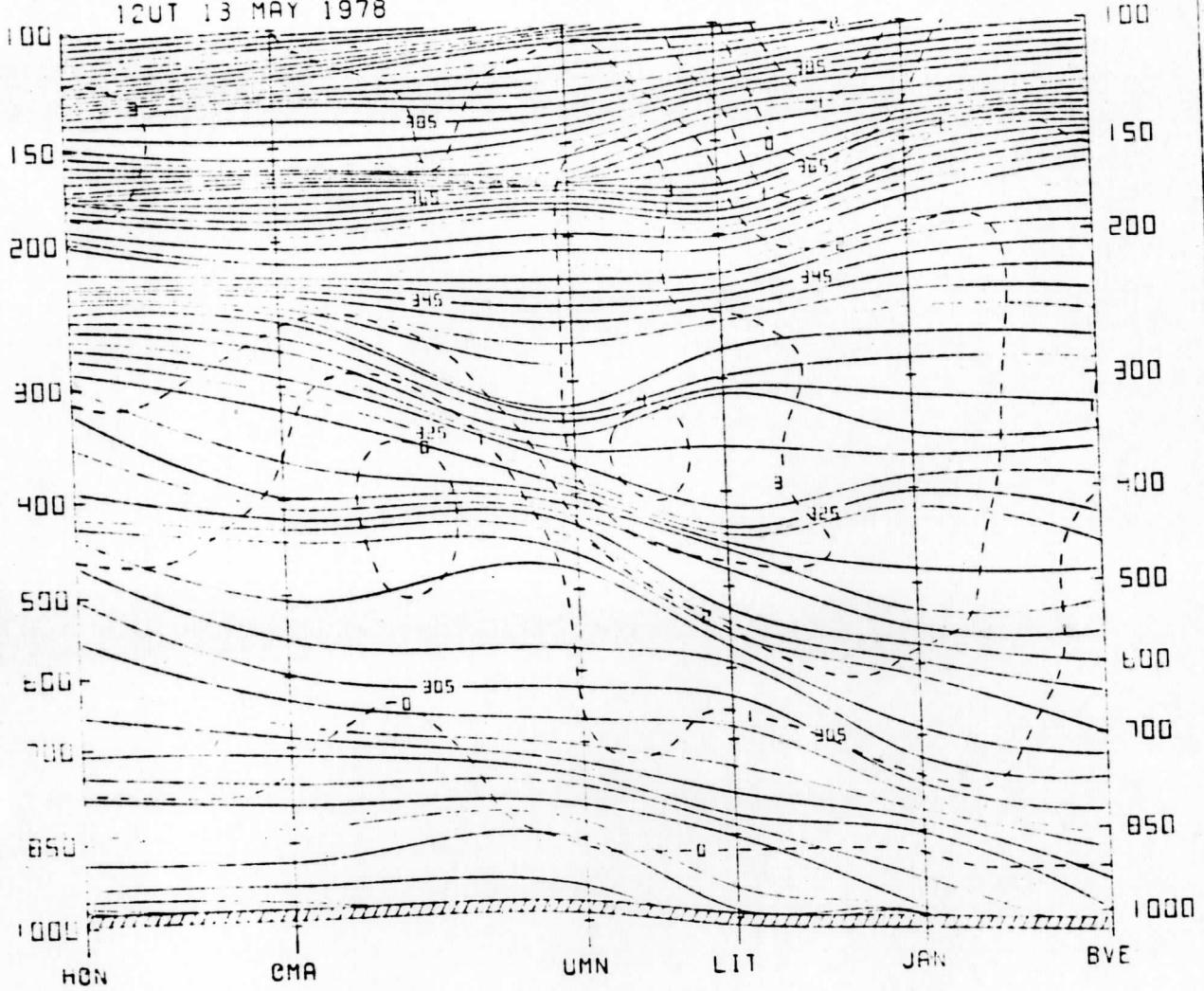


12UT 12 MAY 1978





12UT 13 MAY 1978



77 -17 -8 , 6 , 14 , 12 , 7 , 2 , 0 , -0 , 0 , 2 , 4 , 4 , 4 , 4 , 3 , 1 , -0  
 77 -12 -15 -6 , 6 , 11 , 7 , 2 , 0 , -1 , -1 , 1 , 3 , 5 , 6 , 4 , 3 , 1 ,  
 77 -8 -10 -15 -2 , 4 , 4 , 0 , -1 , -3 , -4 , -1 , 2 , 5 , 7 , 8 , 6 , 2 , 0 , -0  
 77 -7 -8 -10 -12 -9 , -4 , -1 , -3 , -6 , -8 , -8 , -4 , -0 , 4 , 8 , 9 , 7 , 3 , -0 , -1  
 77 -4 -7 -11 -15 , -16 , -12 , -8 , -8 , -13 , -17 , -16 , -9 , -4 , -1 , 4 , 9 , 7 , 2 , -1 , -3  
 77 -4 -8 -14 -21 -21 , -17 , -13 , -12 , -14 , -19 , -20 , -13 , -9 , -10 , -5 , 1 , 0 , -2 , -6 , -9  
 77 -9 -11 -18 -24 -20 , -15 , -15 , -13 , -11 , -11 , -15 , -18 , -17 , -15 , -11 , -6 , -8 , -11 , -11 , -12  
 77 -16 -18 -22 -24 -17 , -11 , -10 , -11 , -8 , -3 , -6 , -16 , -22 , -18 , -12 , -9 , -11 , -14 , -12 , -8  
 77 -16 -16 -17 -15 -10 , -5 , -3 , -4 , -5 , -5 , -6 , -12 , -17 , -14 , -9 , -8 , -7 , -8 , -7 , -4  
 77 -16 -13 -8 , -3 , -0 , 0 , 3 , 3 , -2 , -7 , -9 , -10 , -11 , -9 , -8 , -6 , -1 , 2 , 1 , -1  
 77 -10 -10 -8 , -4 , -3 , -0 , 5 , 8 , 0 , -11 , -14 , -14 , -13 , -10 , -10 , -10 , -4 , 3 , 4 , 1 ,  
 77 -5 -7 -10 -9 , -4 , 1 , 7 , 9 , 2 , -10 , -17 , -20 , -20 , -17 , -13 , -12 , -6 , -0 , 1 , 1  
 77 -4 , -5 , -6 , -5 , -1 , 2 , 5 , 7 , 4 , -3 , -10 , -17 , -22 , -20 , -14 , -8 , -3 , 0 , 0 , 1  
 77 -2 -2 -1 , -0 , 0 , 1 , 2 , 4 , 3 , 0 , -4 , -10 , -15 , -13 , -7 , -4 , -2 , 1 , 1 , 2  
 77 -1 -1 , -0 , 1 , 2 , 2 , 2 , 4 , 3 , 2 , -2 , -7 , -7 , -2 , 2 , 0 , -0 , 1 , -0 , -1 ,  
 77

1	-3	-0	-5	-8	-7	-6	-5	-0	-3	-0
2	-4	-1	4	11	11	7	2	0	-4	-10
2	-0	-0	1	4	3	0	-1	-4	-10	-16
8	5	4	3	0	-5	-8	-10	-14	-20	-23
15	9	9	10	2	-11	-17	-18	-24	-35	-37
13	11	13	22	16	-1	-14	-16	-21	-38	-51
-0	0	7	24	33	31	21	12	5	-16	-43
-6	-12	-2	23	51	66	61	49	34	12	-19
-12	-19	-7	32	71	84	79	63	44	25	5
-7	-14	-3	36	72	77	66	55	38	26	9
-9	-14	-6	27	51	40	32	33	32	3	-11
-11	-14	-9	13	15	-2	-9	1	13	10	-3
-13	-14	-12	-2	-5	-21	-26	-18	-9	-6	-5
-17	-19	-17	-11	-12	-17	-15	-10	-7	-6	-4
-21	-26	-23	-13	-10	-12	-8	-1	2	3	1





3 11 14 18 21 20 16 13 10 4 -0 -2 -3 -5 -5 -2 0 , 2  
 9 10 13 19 24 23 19 16 14 9 4 -0 -2 -5 -6 -4 0 2 3 , 3  
 12 12 15 21 24 22 18 16 14 10 5 1 -1 -3 -4 0 4 , 4 , 4  
 20 19 21 27 28 20 15 12 11 10 7 7 9 10 11 , 9 , 6 , 6 ,  
 35 31 35 30 18 9 8 10 14 19 20 , 20 24 29 29 , 23 , 18 15 16 ,  
 50 , 44 36 , 30 , 24 , 17 13 14 15 21 29 34 34 35 42 49 52 45 33 26  
 53 53 42 26 17 14 16 19 21 24 30 36 38 37 43 62 , 79 , 71 46 , 30  
 43 , 48 42 24 13 14 18 21 20 22 23 22 24 26 31 49 74 72 43 , 22  
 28 31 31 , 21 , 13 , 14 18 , 19 , 17 19 18 12 , 10 15 16 23 44 50 30 , 12  
 16 16 18 17 14 15 18 18 15 , 13 10 4 3 9 9 10 22 25 12 , 2  
 8 11 14 17 16 14 11 9 5 , 1 -1 -0 8 15 12 , 10 14 7 -4 -4  
 7 , 14 16 , 16 , 16 , 11 , 4 , -3 , -9 -11 -9 1 19 32 28 21 19 6 -9 -17  
 8 12 13 12 15 12 -0 -14 -20 -20 -8 9 36 60 60 44 30 15 -0 -7  
 7 9 8 9 13 8 -9 -24 -27 -20 -1 20 47 78 84 , 60 , 35 , 22 11 , 6 ,  
 VOL 500 FROM 121200 CONTOUR INT 5



-	-11	-19	-32	-41	-39	-28	-20	-16	-8	-2	2	2	1	0	0	-0	1	-2
-3	-7	-13	-26	-40	-45	-37	-28	-21	-16	-9	-4	-0	-0	-1	-0	-1	-2	
1	-2	-12	-28	-47	-50	-40	-30	-22	-14	-2	-2	-5	-4	-0	-4	-1	-0	
10	5	-7	-31	-47	-37	-21	-13	-12	-10	-4	-7	-12	-11	-1	-6	-5	-1	
14	11	3	-2	5	22	22	15	9	-2	-21	-30	-30	-21	-7	2	3	-3	
16	18	22	36	60	70	53	41	38	9	-36	-55	-50	-31	-16	-3	5	-4	
18	24	33	48	69	76	69	63	44	3	-43	-64	-53	-38	-27	-14	3	-2	
2	3	6	9	15	19	20	15	1	-13	-25	-27	-12	-8	-9	-6	-3	-5	
-2	-0	1	2	4	6	5	1	-5	-18	-29	-23	-12	-12	-6	1	-0	-8	
-4	-3	-1	1	4	4	-0	-7	-17	-30	-36	-22	-15	-14	-4	3	1	-8	
-6	-6	-5	-1	6	11	11	1	-17	-32	-38	-35	-17	-8	-4	-1	4	3	
-7	-6	-6	-3	7	18	7	-21	-36	-36	-30	-20	-12	-6	-0	3	3	-2	
-5	-5	-6	-7	-2	15	16	-3	-18	-24	-24	-22	-23	-19	-12	-5	-1	-3	

CONTOUR INT 5

DIV 300 FROM 130000

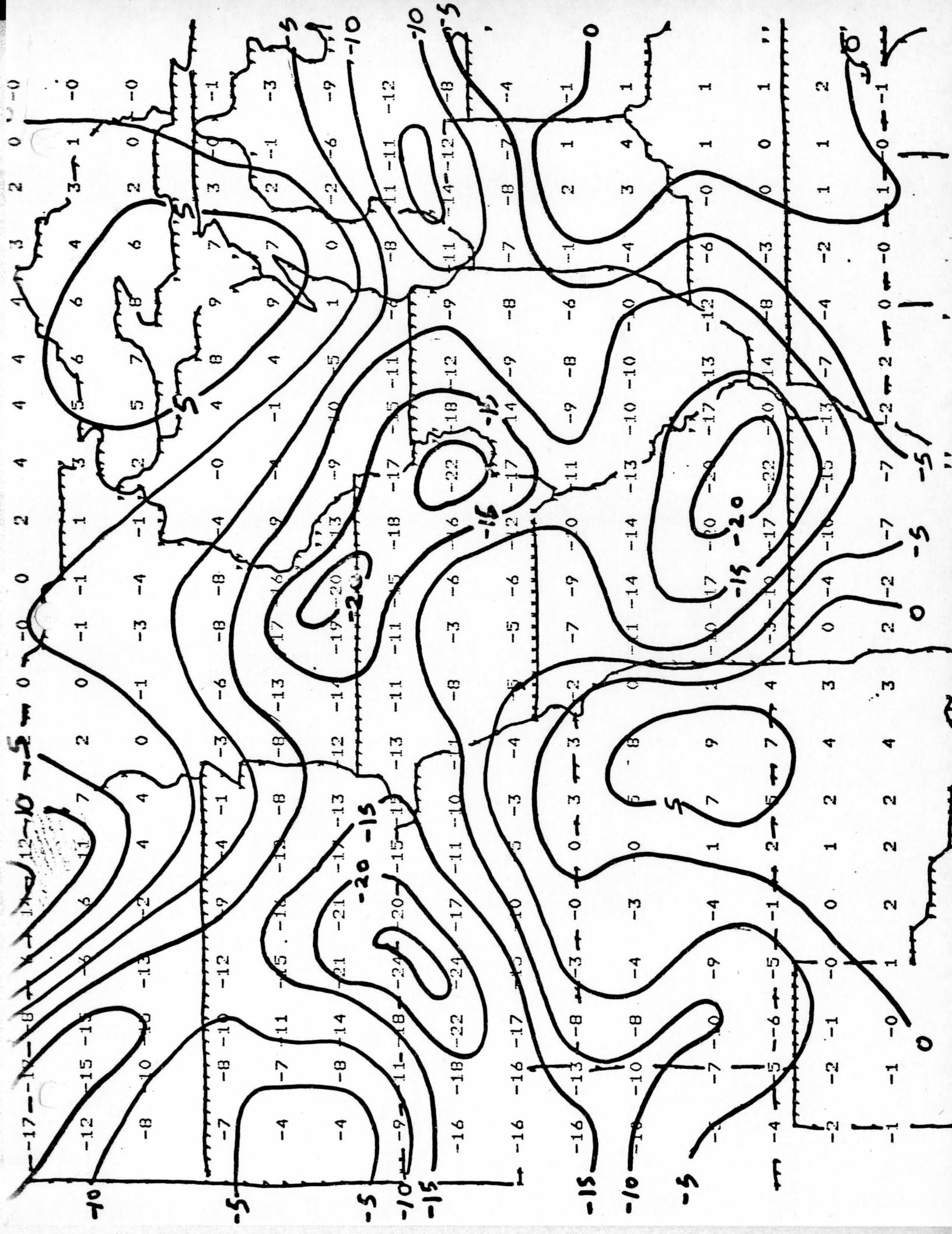
5 7 9 9 9 7 5 12 24 33 33 16 3 2 2 4 7 8 8 7  
-1 -0 -1 -3 -2 0 5 18 27 32 33 25 11 5 4 5 6 7 6 5  
2 -2 -12 -26 -34 -25 0 27 40 47 48 37 15 2 1 1 1 2 3 3  
13 2 -19 -52 -67 -43 -1 29 47 66 69 47 13 -8 -11 -10 -7 -1 2 3 3  
6 -2 -25 -58 -51 -7 25 32 36 59 65 40 9 -11 -22 -24 -15 -3 3 5 5  
-16 -11 -20 -39 -21 , 12 24 , 21 29 50 48 28 10 -9 -27 -30 -16 -2 4 5  
-15 -11 -23 -36 -20 1 12 21 37 48 41 29 19 0 -18 -18 -5 2 3 2 2  
-4 , -6 -22 -37 -30 -16 1 22 , 35 38 41 39 32 15 7 10 12 2 -7 -7  
-3 -5 -21 -37 -40 -29 -0 , 28 , 35 37 33 30 26 17 19 30 29 8 -12 -16  
-2 -0 -11 -30 -42 -30 -1 29 45 , 40 15 -13 -16 -1 15 32 30 6 -11 -12  
-1 -3 -16 -35 -42 -31 -6 16 25 23 -6 -35 -38 -20 , 8 22 14 -4 -9 -5  
-10 -18 -29 -35 -36 -25 -8 , 7 , 14 , 8 -7 -22 -39 -30 -8 5 0 -7 -5 -1 1  
-17 -23 -28 -31 -32 -22 3 27 27 , 14 -1 -18 -35 -39 -21 -5 -0 -0 0 0  
-25 -28 -29 -34 -41 -27 12 45 41 22 3 -13 -31 -41 -27 , -7 , 4 , 6 , 3 , 1 1  
CONTOUR INT 5

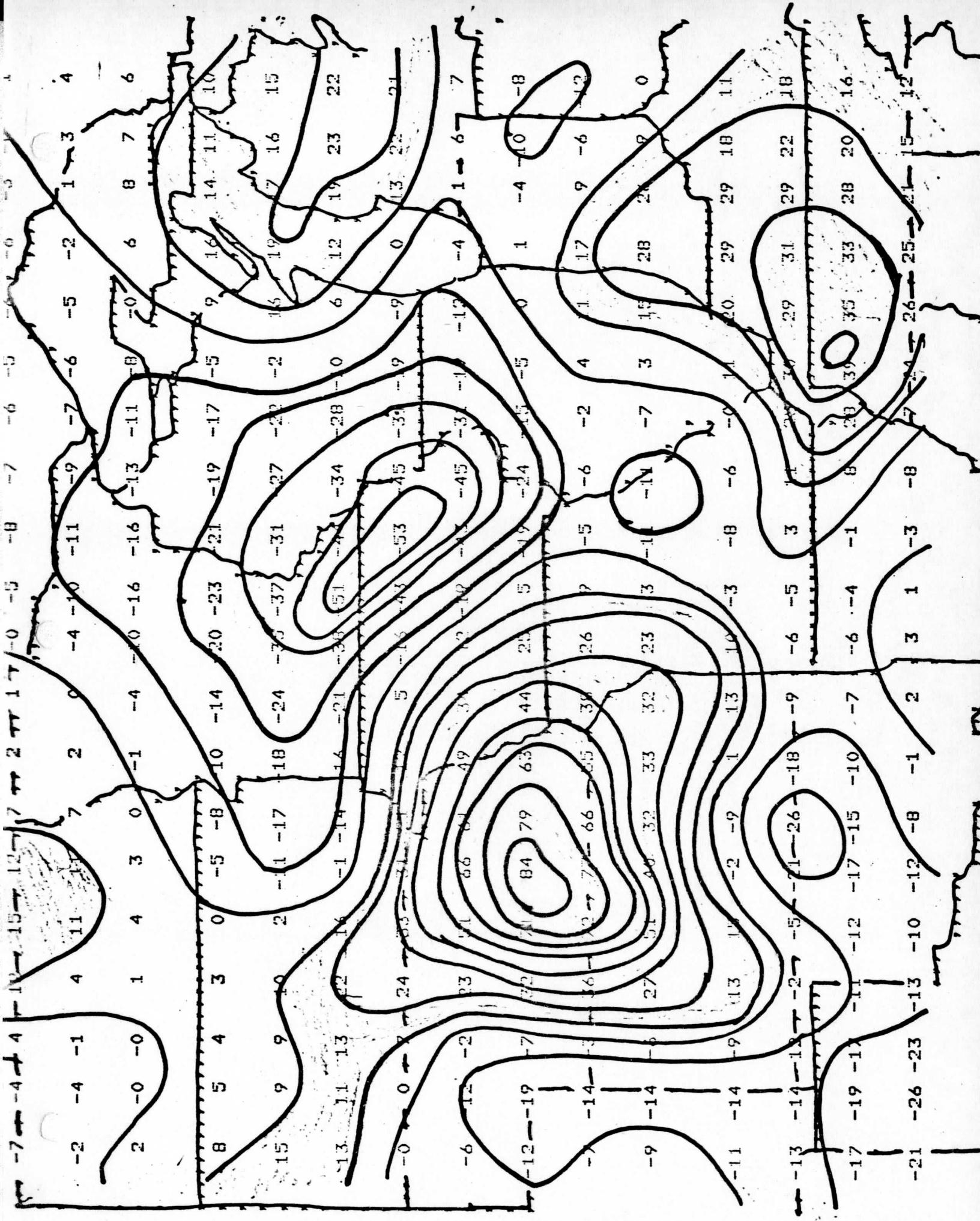
TAD 850 FROM 130000  
 CONTOUR INT 2

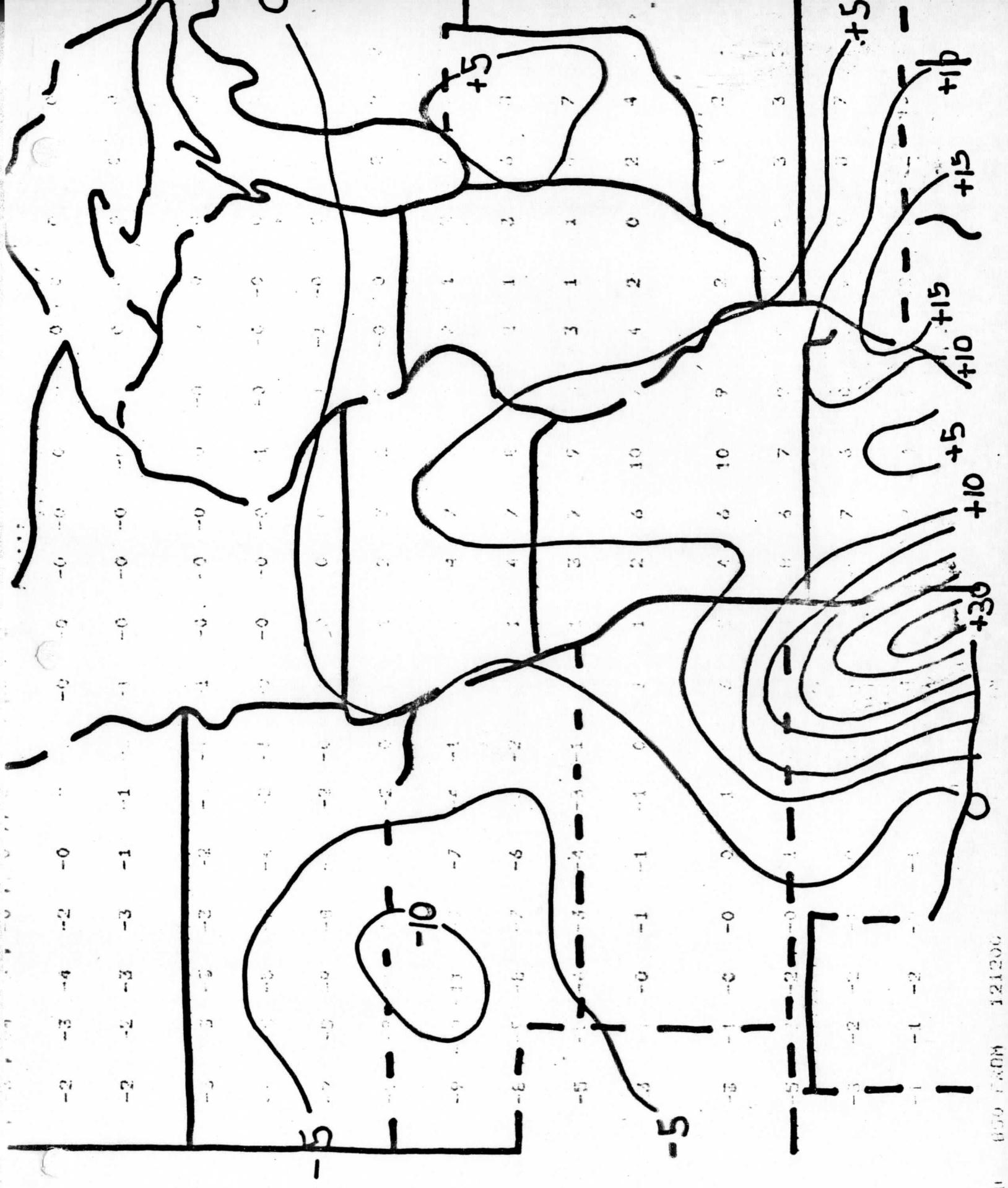


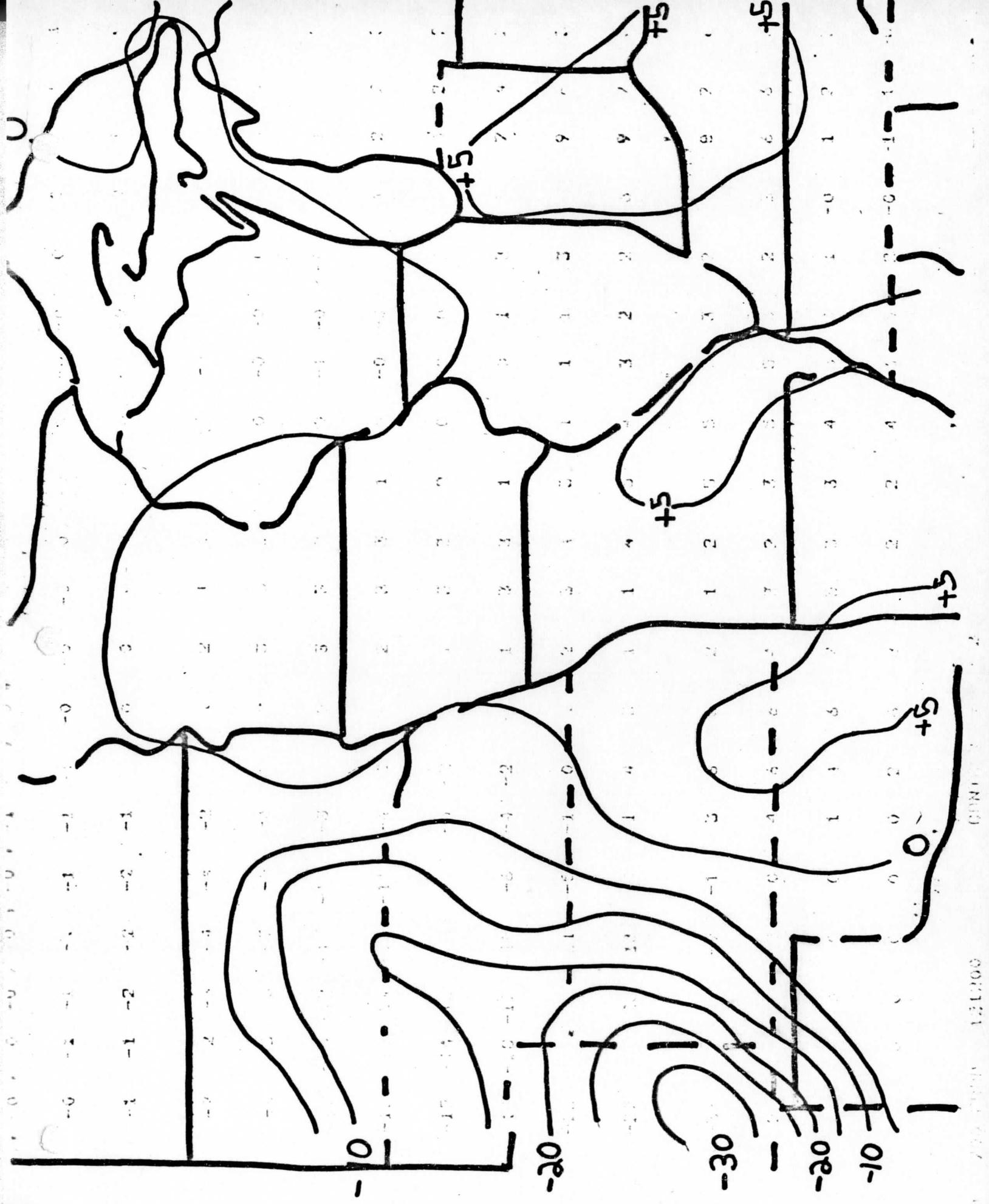
11 14 18 20 20 20 16 11 10 10 10 10 12 14 14 17 17 11 5 4 4 4 4  
 12 13 15 19 21 18 13 , 10 10 14 17 20 22 24 19 7 1 , 1 , 2 , 2  
 16 17 19 20 19 17 , 15 14 17 20 22 24 19 7 1 , 1 , 2 , 2  
 23 22 22 23 24 25 25 25 26 32 37 36 31 26 15 0 , -1 , 1 , 3 4  
 30 27 27 32 37 41 39 36 39 55 66 56 , 40 26 5 -7 , -6 , 0 5 8  
 32 , 30 30 , 36 , 43 , 49 48 , 45 50 72 88 73 46 21 -1 -15 -13  
 31 35 40 43 43 41 40 38 50 76 97 89 54 19 -1 -11 -16 -10 , 0 , 7  
 30 , 39 51 57 52 42 35 37 48 69 105 103 62 23 6 -0 -9 -12 -5 , 2  
 30 38 51 , 62 , 61 , 53 50 , 51 , 55 76 130 137 78 31 12 6 -4 -17 -13 , -3  
 27 33 44 56 64 70 76 80 72 , 86 141 149 90 37 15 7 -6 -22 -20 , -9  
 19 23 26 33 47 73 94 99 88 , 86 114 122 84 39 14 4 -10 -23 -20 -12  
 12 , 10 , 6 , 4 , 19 , 56 89 101 , 91 , 80 74 74 61 36 14 0 -14 -23 -20 -14  
 4 -0 -6 -10 -0 28 60 82 77 , 54 33 20 21 15 5 -3 -12 -17 -15 -11  
 -1 -6 -12 -16 -17 -8 13 44 48 24 -0 -14 -13 -9 -6 , -2 , -4 , -7 -7 , -6  
 VOR 500 FROM 130000 CONTOUR INT 5  
 +CPUID:DAD DEV:22+ \*\*\* I D L E \*\*\*

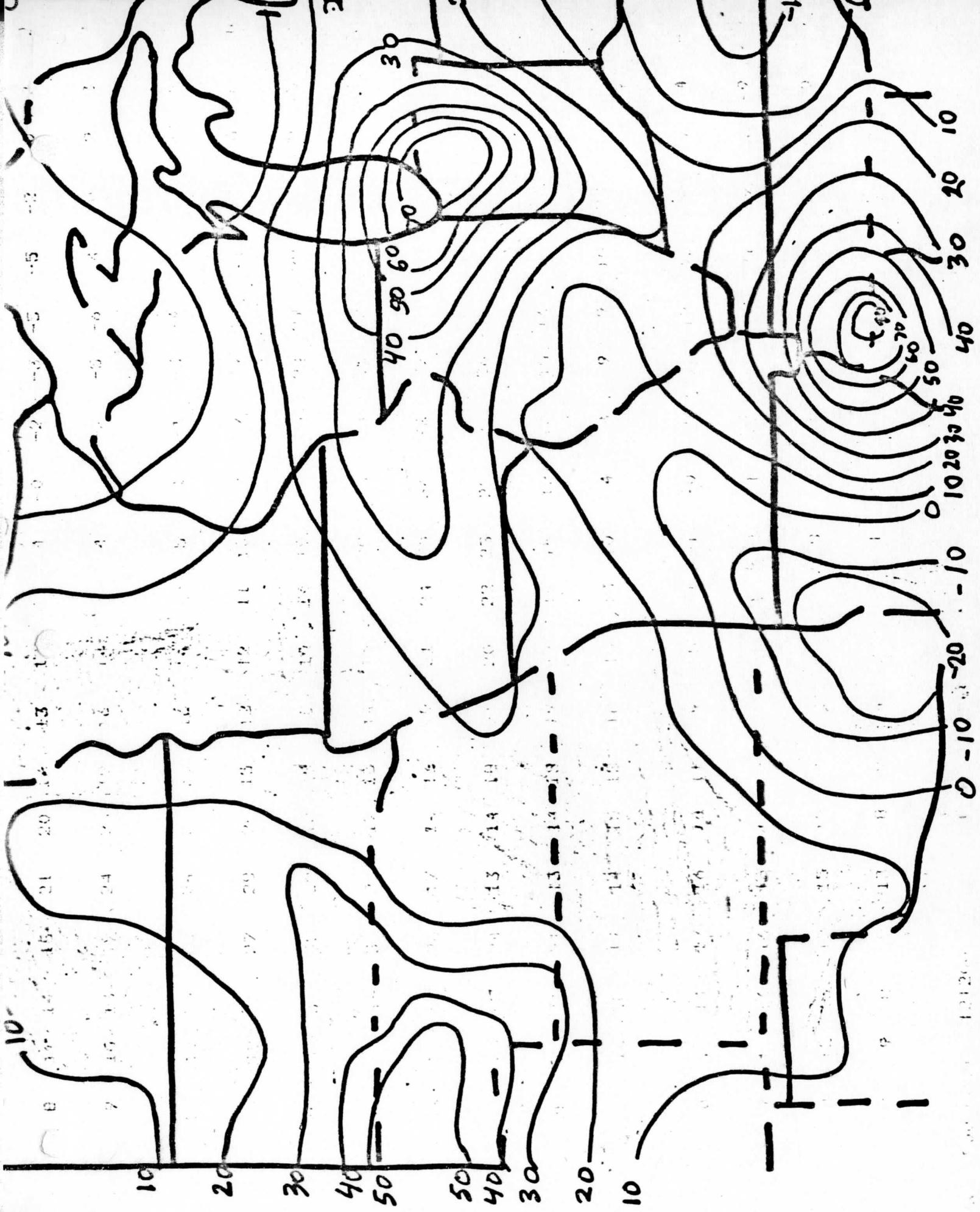
0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 -0 0 0 0 1 1 2 1 0 0 -0  
 -0 -0 -0 0 0 0 0 0 -0 -0 0 0 1 3 3 1 -0 -0 -0  
 -2 -2 -1 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 0 2 3 5 4 0 -1 -1 -0  
 -2 -2 -3 -4 -3 -2 -2 -2 1 6 7 8 8 3 -2 -3 -2 -0  
 0 -1 -4 -7 -6 -4 -2 -3 -7 -7 0 12 15 12 2 -6 -8 -5 -2  
 1 -2 -8 -9 -5 -0 1 -2 -12 -15 -1 19 27 23 16 4 -7 -13 -11 -6  
 -3 -10 -14 -10 -1 4 4 -5 -19 -25 -8 24 39 32 20 10 , -0 -11 -13 -9  
 -7 -16 -18 -9 1 4 -2 -14 -27 -41 -22 27 51 40 22 15 , 8 -4 -13 -11  
 -5 -14 -16 -7 -1 -7 -18 -23 -35 -47 -42 31 55 51 24 16 14 2 -12 -13  
 0 -5 -3 -11 -27 -31 -20 -12 -35 -36 17 52 47 28 17 17 6 -10 -13  
 8 10 13 1 -28 -37 -40 -7 1 -13 -32 18 47 55 30 19 18 7 -7 -10  
 18 26 27 3 -29 -43 -37 -3 29 21 -0 1 21 31 26 21 17 6 -4 -6  
 21 28 26 4 -33 -47 -57 -15 38 55 29 -4 -11 -0 8 12 12 5 -2 -3  
 15 21 21 10 -9 -37 -58 -35 29 63 45 5 -18 -16 -7 0 5 3 -0 , -1

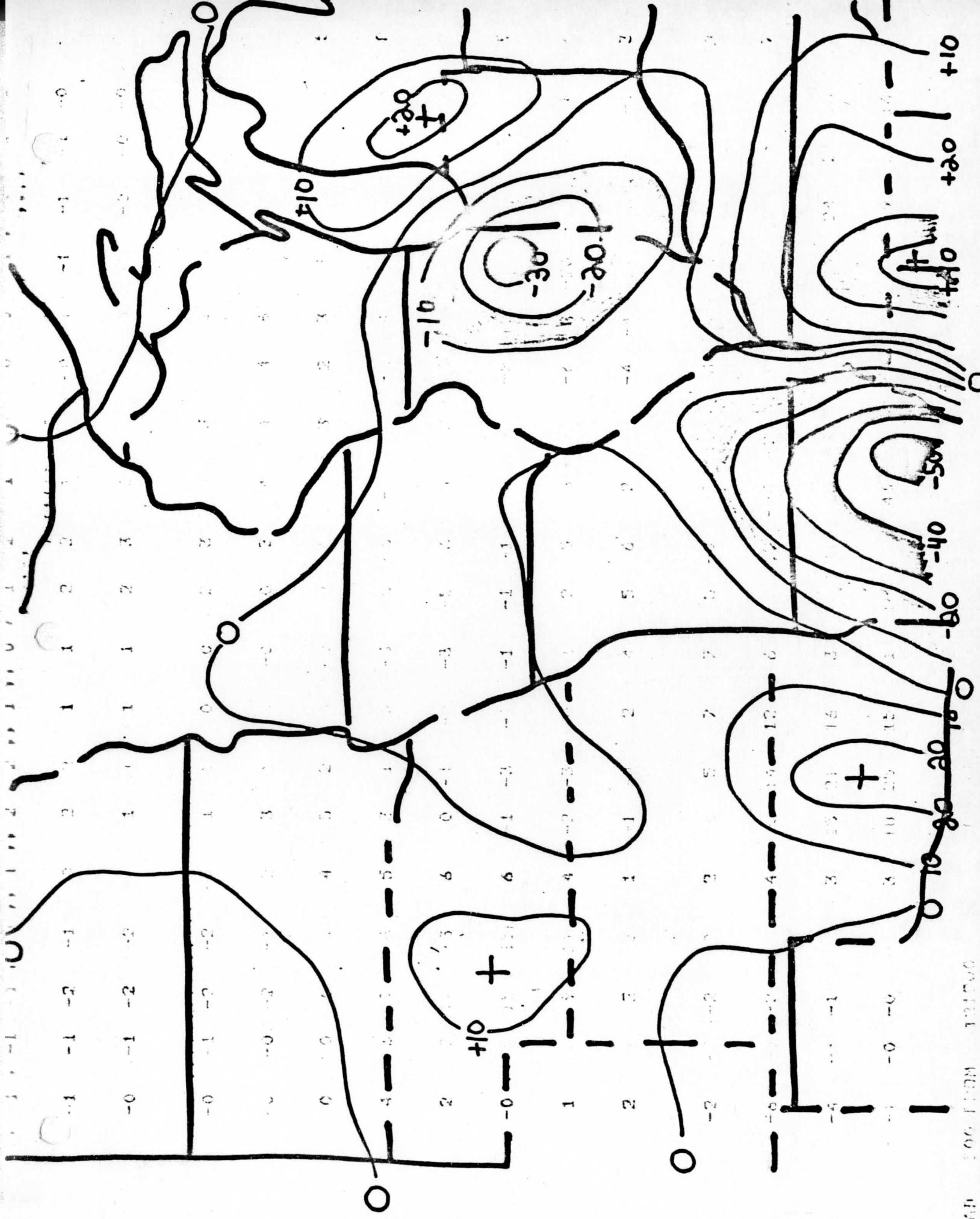


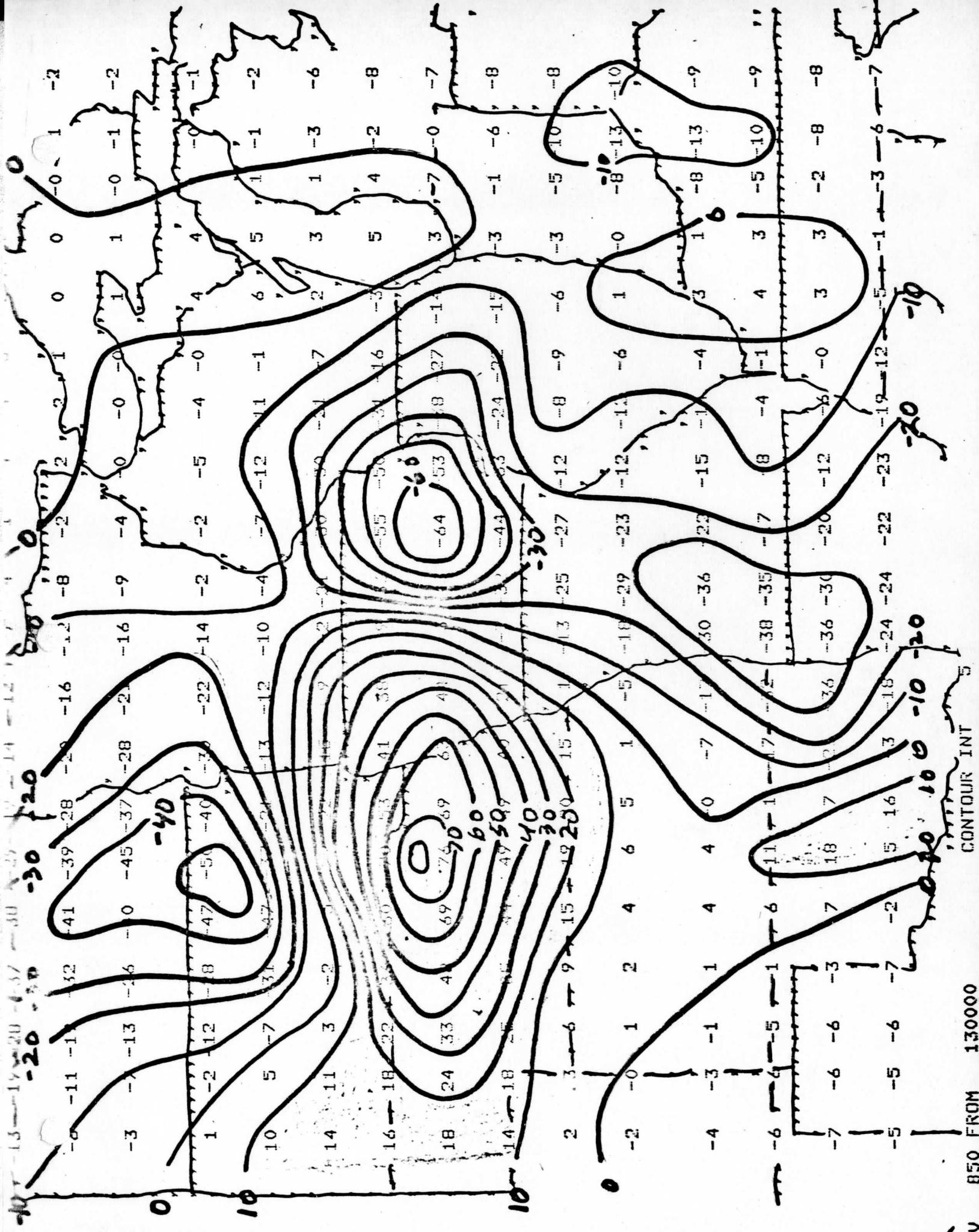


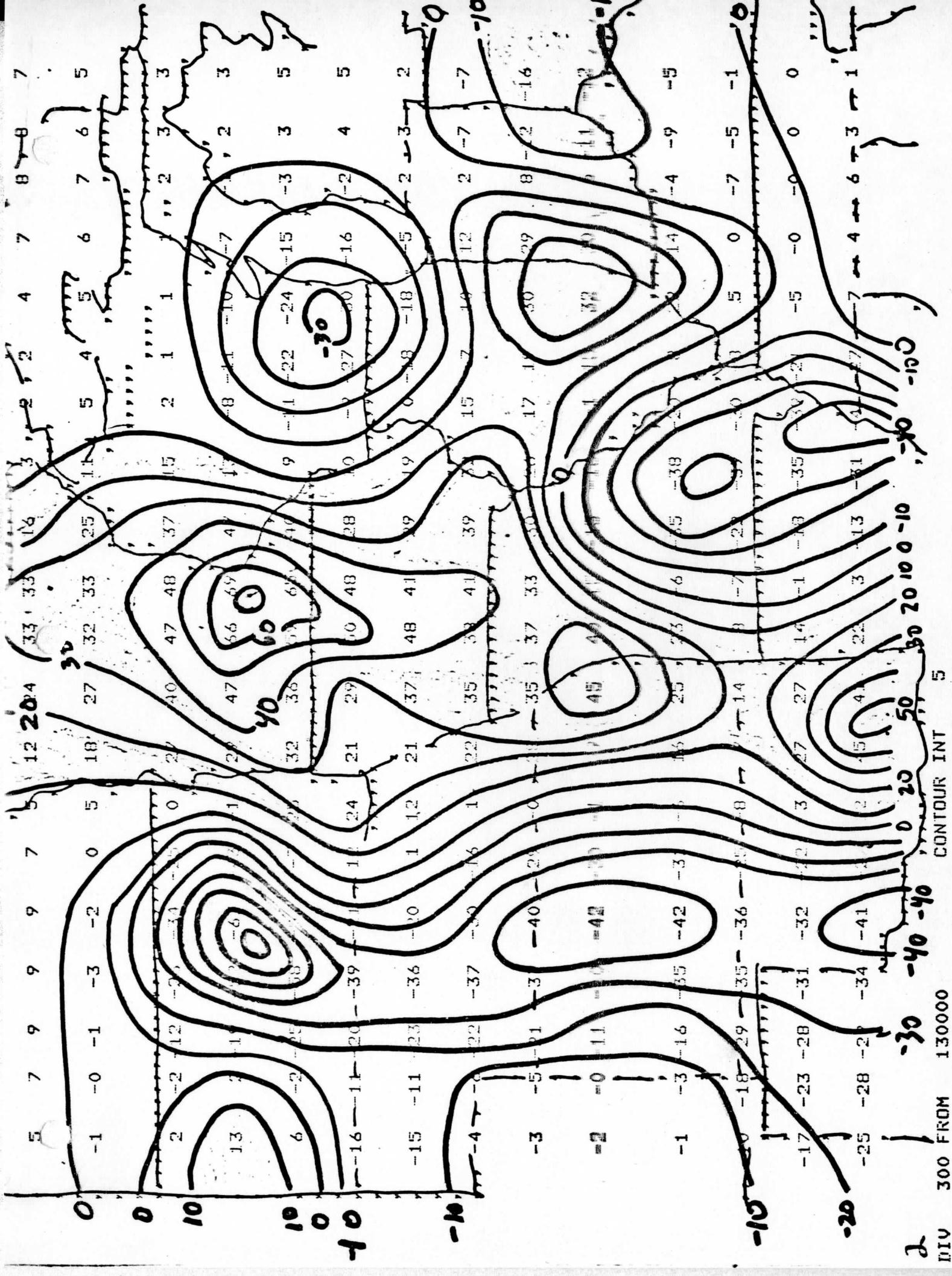


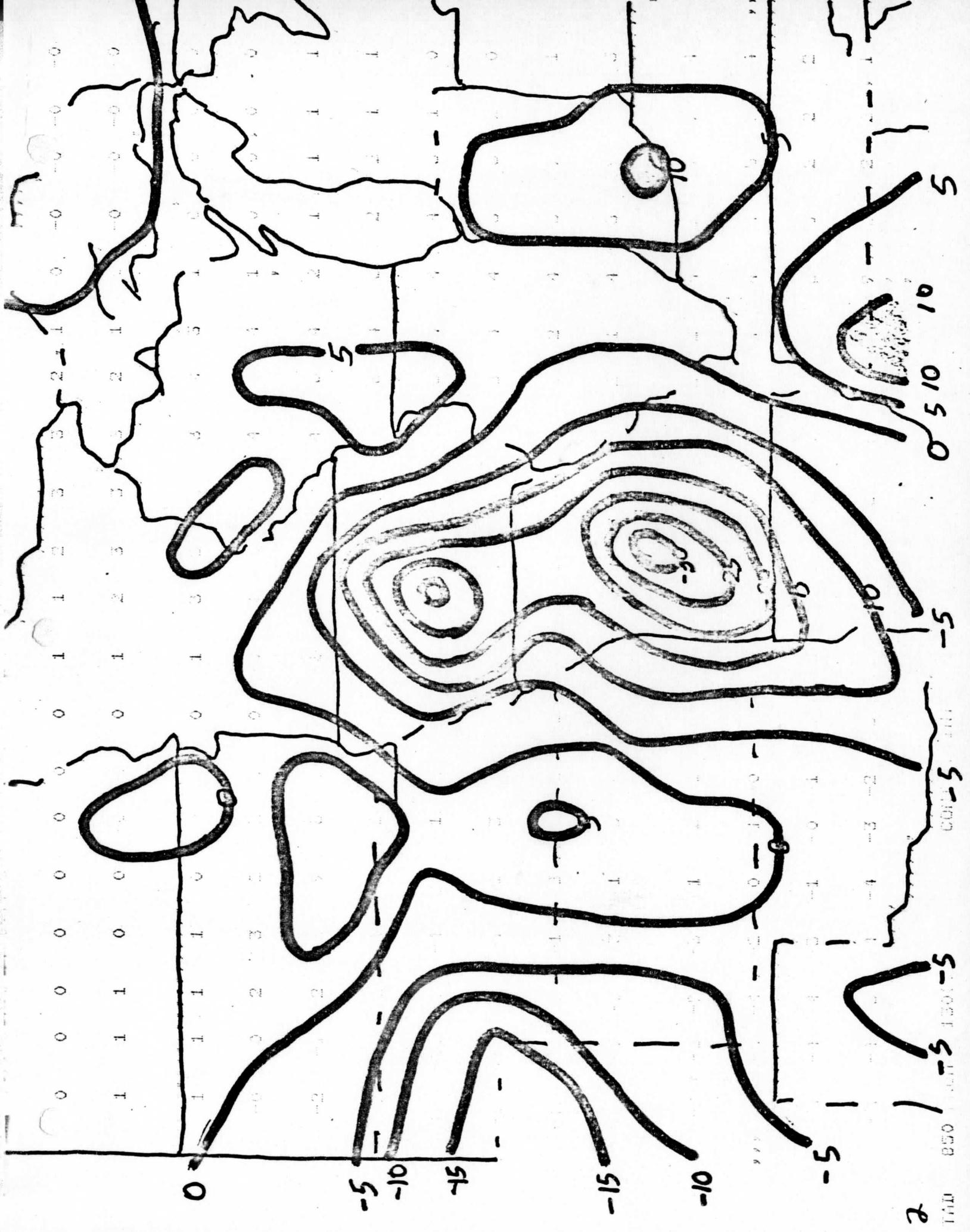


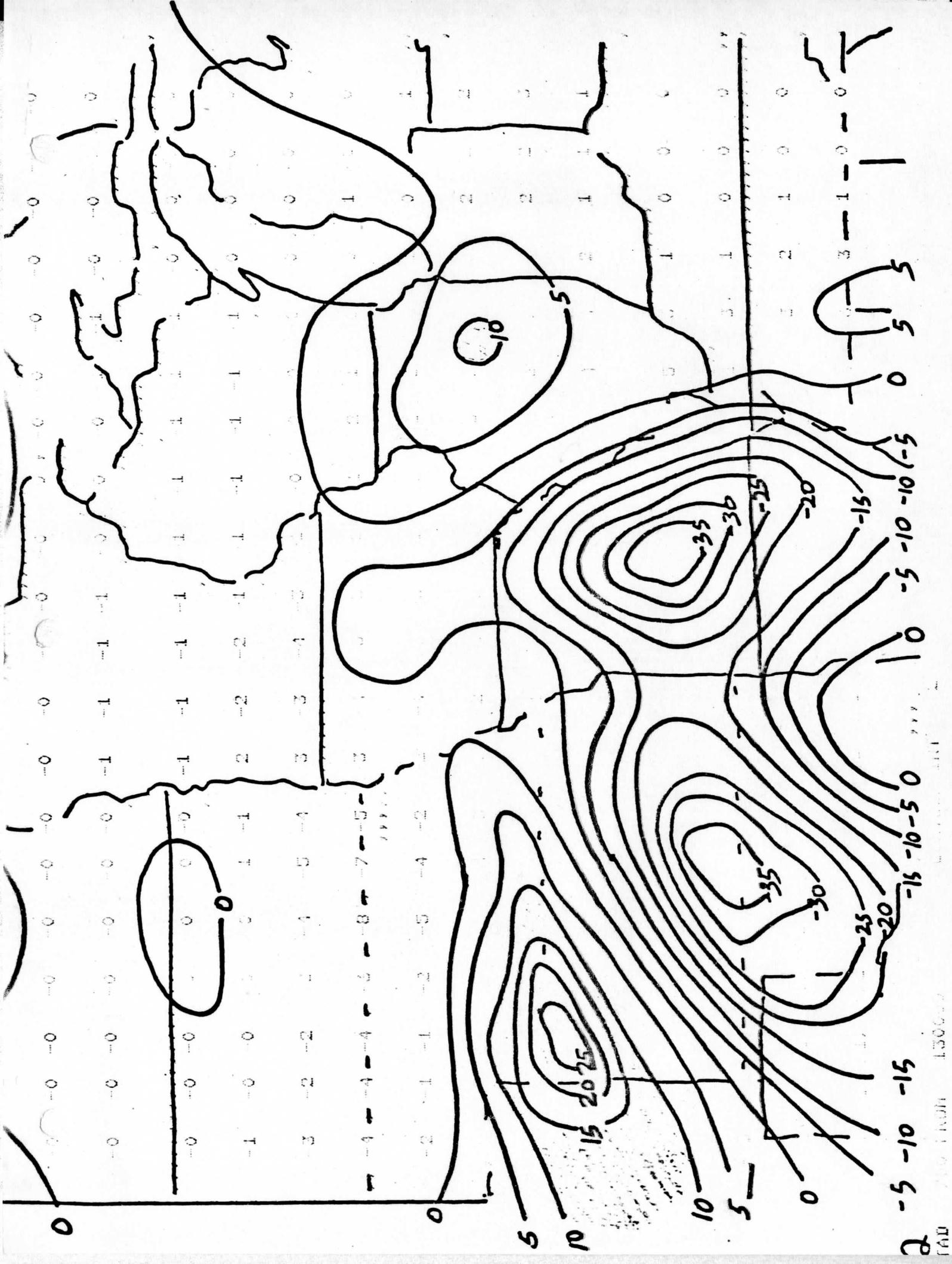


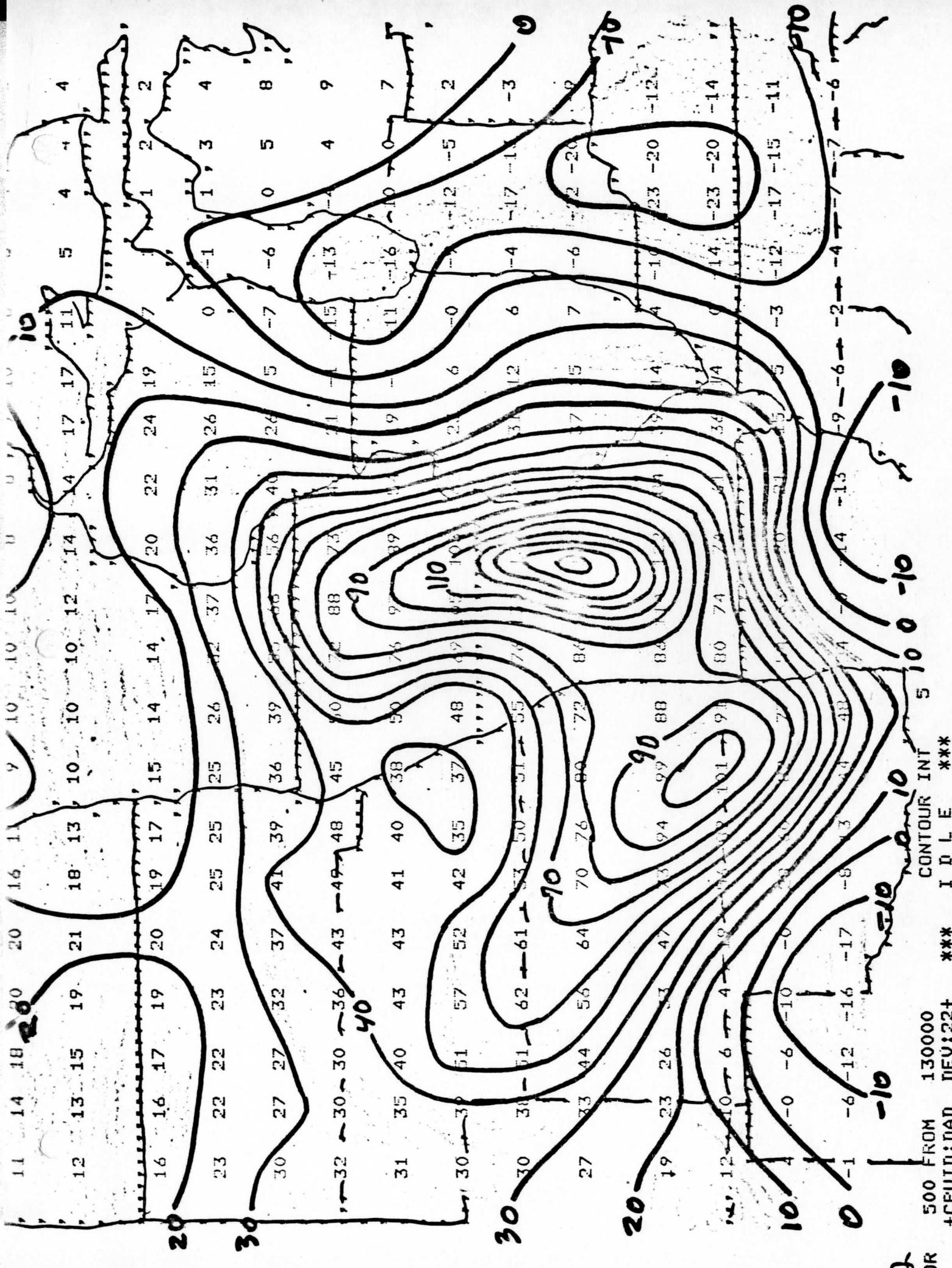










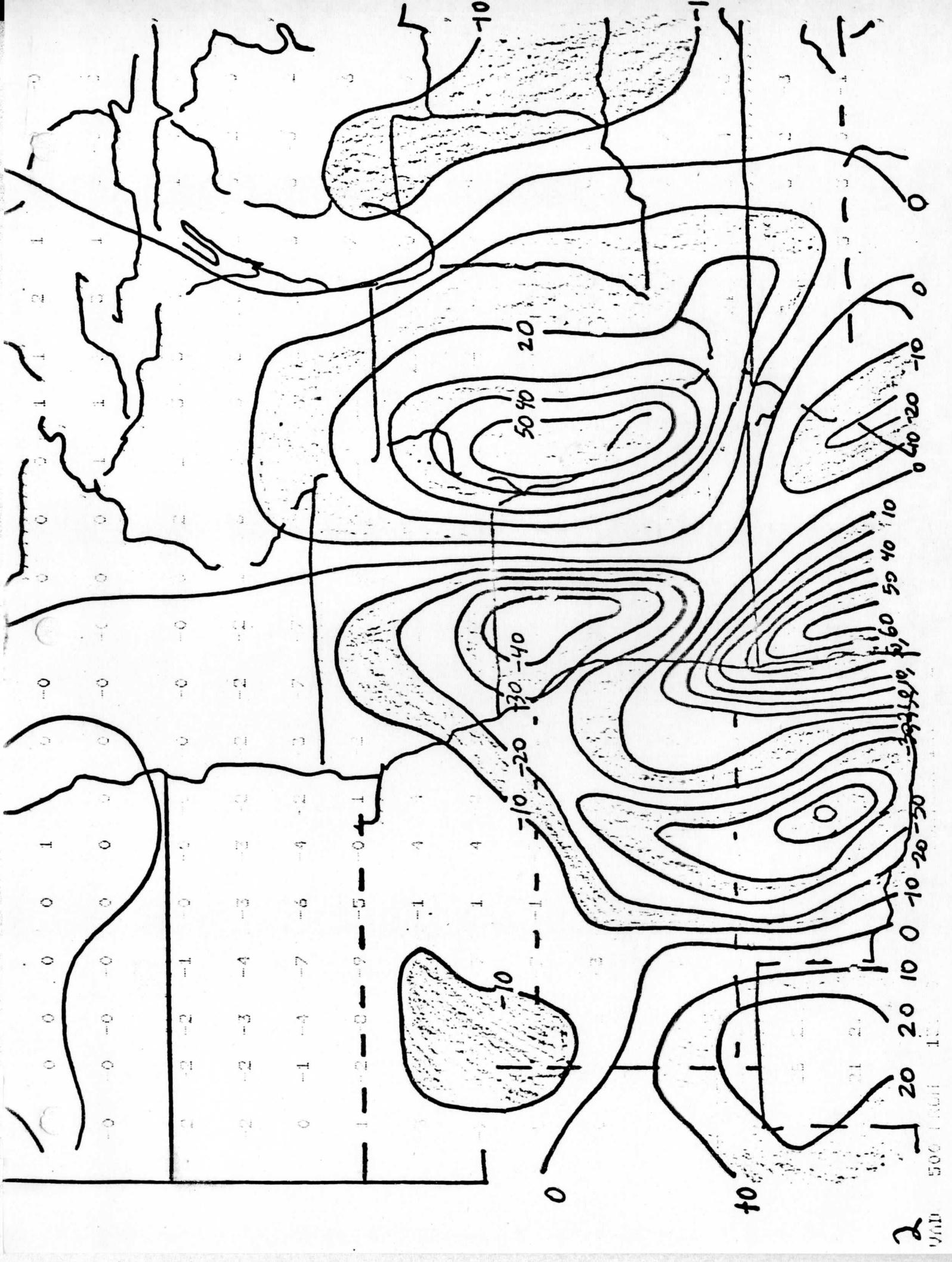


\*\*\* IDLE \*\*\*

EU:22+

JOURNAL OF CLIMATE

10K



APPENDIX D

DISCUSSION AND ASSESSMENT OF THE McIDAS DERIVED FIELDS  
FOR THE MAY 12-13 CASE

APPENDIX E

INDIVIDUAL STUDENT PROJECTS USING McIDAS

- 1) ENHANCED MACRO-SCALE SQUALL-LINE ANALYSIS - MARTIN HOERLING
- 2) INTENSITY ANALYSIS OF HURRICANES DAVID AND FREDERIC USING ENHANCED INFRARED SATELLITE DATA - KEITH BLACKWELL
- 3) HEIGHT ADVECTION ANALYSIS OF THE 12 MAY 1978 STORM USED AS CASE STUDY - JOHN STUWE
- 4) ANALYSIS OF ADDITIONAL ISENTROPIC CHARTS FROM MAY 1978 CASE STUDY - TODD SCHNACK
- 5) VERIFICATION OF STABILITY INDICES FROM MAY 1978 CASE STUDY - PATRICK LAYBE
- 6) MESO-SCALE ANALYSIS OF THE 12 MAY, 1978 STORM - PATRICK THORSON
- 7) ANALYSIS OF STABILITY INDICES FROM MAY 1978 STORM - RUSS SCHNEIDER